Keysight N2002A Noise Source Test Set

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Documentation is updated periodically. For the latest information about these products, including instrument software upgrades, application information, and product information, browse to one of the following URLs, according to the name of your product:

http://www.keysight.com

To receive the latest updates by email, subscribe to Keysight Email Updates at the following URL:

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Information on preventing instrument damage can be found at:

www.keysight.com/find/PreventingInstrumentRepair

Is your product software up-to-date?

Periodically, Keysight releases software updates to fix known defects and incorporate product enhancements. To search for software updates for your product, go to the Keysight Technical Support website at:

http://www.keysight.com/find/techsupport

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Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

1 Using the N2002A

This chapter contains specifications and typicals for the Keysight N2002A noise source test set. The distinction between specification and typicals is described as follows.

Specifications describe the performance of parameters covered by the product warranty. (The temperature range is 0 °C to 55 °C, unless otherwise noted.)

Typical performance describes additional product performance information that is not covered by the product warranty. It is performance beyond specification that 80% of the units exhibit with a 95% confidence level over the temperature range 20 °C to 30 °C. Typical performance does not include measurement uncertainty.

Introduction

This manual contains operating information for the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Test Set. It is needed when making Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) tests on a noise source. The N2002A Noise Source Test Set operates over a frequency range of 10.0 MHz to 26.5 GHz.

Figure 1-1 The N2002A Noise Source Test Set



The Keysight N2002A Noise Source Test Set is controlled by a 11713A Attenuator/Switch Driver. The 11713A can be controlled using the supplied



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Using the N2002A Introduction

Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software or it can be controlled manually. These control methods are described in separate chapters.

Recommended Test Equipment

Table 2-4 on page 31 and Table 2-5 on page 32 lists the recommended test equipment for the excess noise ratio (ENR) measurement and the reflection coefficient magnitude and phase calibration respectively.

Limited substitution of test equipment is supported when using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software.

The noise source calibration process needs adapters and cables. The cables and adapters are available as an option (Option 001) with the Keysight N2002A. Keysight Technologies recommends using high quality cables and precision adapters. You must ensure all cables and adapters are specified for the frequency range they are operating in. You also need to ensure that they are in good electrical and mechanical condition.

For assistance in choosing the appropriate cable/adapter, or if you are not sure about the correct selection of cables and adapters please contact your local Keysight sales office.

NOTE

System performance is only guaranteed if each instrument in the test system/process is within the manufacturer's recommended calibration period.

CAUTION

Ensure the correct torque settings are used at all times. Refer to Table G-2 on page 128.

Before You Start

Switch the test equipment on and let it warm up for at least one hour. Allow the Noise Sources to stabilize at the ambient room temperature. Do not use a noise source for one hour prior to performing the tests.

Read the rest of this section before you start any of the tests.

Recording the Test Results

If you are doing the measurements manually, ensure you make a copy of the Test Record of the model you are measuring. Test Records are provided in the Appendices for each noise source model.

Using the N2002A Introduction

Keysight Technologies recommend that you make a copy of the Test Record, recording the test results on the copy, and keep the copy for your calibration test record. This record could prove valuable in tracking gradual changes in test results over long periods of time.

Failure During the Test Procedures

If the ENR tests fail and you suspect the N2002A or the DUT requires repair. Please contact your local Keysight Customer Sales and Service Office for replacement parts or repair service information. Refer to "Service" on page 20 for your local Sales and Service Offices.

Handling Precautions

Proper connector care is essential. See Appendix G:, "Caring for Connectors," on page 113 for more information.

CAUTION

Do not rotate the Noise Source body when connecting it to the Noise Source Test Set, or internal damage may result.

CAUTION

Do not drop the noise source. Dropping can damage the unit.

Description

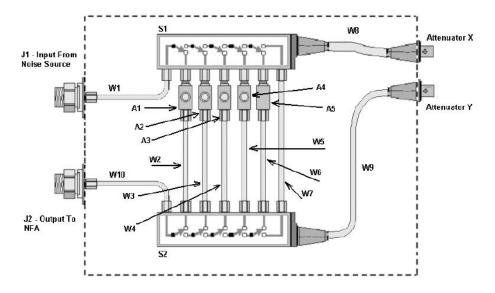
Figure 1-2 shows the Noise Source Test Set with the cover removed.

Figure 1-3 shows the internal wiring and the reference designators of the parts used in the Noise Source Test Set.

Figure 1-2 The Noise Source Test Set with Outer Cover Removed



Figure 1-3 The Noise Source Test Set Schematic Component Layout



Regulatory Markings

The table below lists the definitions of markings that may be on or with the product.

ϵ

The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community (if accompanied by a year, it is the year when the design was proven). It indicates that the product complies with all the relevant directives.

UK

The UK conformity mark is a UK government owned mark. Products showing this mark comply with all applicable UK regulations.



China Restricted Substance Product Label. The EPUP (environmental protection use period) number in the center indicates the time period during which no hazardous or toxic substances or elements are expected to leak or deteriorate during normal use and generally reflects the expected useful life of the product.

ccr.keysight@keysight.com

The Keysight email address is required by EU directives applicable to our product.



The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol indicates that separate collection for waste electric and electronic equipment (WEEE) is required, as obligated by the EU DIRECTIVE and other National legislation. Please refer to www.keysight.com/go/takeback to understand your trade-in options with Keysight, in addition to product takeback instructions.

Operation

This section refers to control operation of the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Test Set. The Noise Source Test Set is controlled by a 11713A attenuator/switch driver. The 11713A switch controlling settings are shown in the **Table 1-1**. For more detailed operating instructions, refer to the Keysight 11713A Attenuator/Switch Driver Operating and Service Manual (Part number 11713-90023).

NOTE

Connect the X and Y Drive cables between the rear panels of the Noise Source Test Set and the 11713A Attenuator/Switch Driver.

Table 1-1 11713A Attenuator/Switch Driver Settings

Frequency Path (MHz)		Attenu	uator X			Attenu	uator Y		Switche	es
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
10 to <3000									Х	Х
3000 to 6000	Х				Х					
<6000 to 12000			Х				Х			
>12000 to 18000		Х				Х				
>18000 to 26500				Х				Х		

Maintenance

Proper connector care is a vital part of the maintenance which should be performed by the user. The life of the connector can be greatly extended by following the general connector care practices outlined in Appendix G:, "Caring for Connectors," on page 113.

N2002A Verification Test

The verification test procedure involves confirming that the N2002A Noise Source Test Set's switch paths are functioning and the VSWR meets its typical limit. Table 1-2 lists the typical VSWR limit and the switch positions on the 11713A.

Equipment Required

- Network analyzer frequency coverage from 10 MHZ to 26.5 GHz.
- Appropriate network analyzer calibration kits.
- Keysight 11713A Attenuator / Switch Driver.
- Viking cables for connection to 11713A.

Connections Required

Connect the Viking control cables from the rear of the 11713A attenuator/switch driver to the rear of the N2002A Noise Source Test Set. Connect Atten X on the 11713A to the Attenuator X on the N2002A and Atten Y on the 11713A to Attenuator Y on the N2002A.

Table 1-2 Typical VSWR

Frequency	Typical VSWR Limit	Switch Positions
10 MHz	1:1.05	0 On, 9 On
100 MHz	1:1.05	0 On, 9 On
1 GHz	1:1.05	0 On, 9 On
2 GHz	1:1.05	0 On, 9 On
3 GHz	1:1.05	0 On, 9 On
4 GHz	1:1.1	1 On, 5 On
5 GHz	1:1.1	1 On, 5 On
6 GHz	1:1.1	1 On, 5 On
7 GHz	1:1.15	3 On, 7 On
8 GHz	1:1.15	3 On, 7 On

Table 1-2 Typical VSWR

Frequency	Typical VSWR Limit	Switch Positions
9 GHz	1:1.15	3 On, 7 On
10 GHz	1:1.15	3 On, 7 On
11 GHz	1:1.15	3 On, 7 On
12 GHz	1:1.15	3 On, 7 On
13 GHz	1:1.15	2 On, 6 On
14 GHz	1:1.15	2 On, 6 On
15 GHz	1:1.15	2 On, 6 On
16 GHz	1:1.15	2 On, 6 On
17 GHz	1:1.15	2 On, 6 On
18 GHz	1:1.15	2 On, 6 On
19 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
20 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
21 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
22 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
23 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
24 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
25 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
26 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On
26.5 GHz	1:1.18	4 On, 8 On

General Specifications

NOTE This instrument is designed for indoor use only.

Table 1-3 Physical Dimension Specifications

Height	88.5 mm (3.5 inches)
Width	212.6 mm (8.5 inches)
Depth	348.3 mm (13.7 inches)
Weight	3.36 kg

Temperature Range Operating: 0 °C to +55 °C

Storage: -40 °C to +70 °C

Humidity Range Operating: Up to 95% relative humidity to 40 °C (non-condensing)

Altitude Range Operating: To 4,600 meters

Replaceable Parts

Table 1-4 and Table 1-5 lists the replaceable parts available for the Keysight N2002A Noise Sources Test Set.

Table 1-4 Replaceable Parts

Reference	Quantity	Description	Part Number
A1	1	18GHz - 26.5GHz Isolator	N2002-80001
A2	1	12GHz - 18GHz Isolator	N2002-80002
A3	1	6GHz - 12GHz Isolator	N2002-80003
A4	1	3GHz - 6GHz Isolator	N2002-80004
A5	1	3dB Attenuator	8493C
J1, J2	2	Bulkhead Connector	5062-1247
S1, S2	2	Multi-port Switch	8769K
W1	1	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62003
W2, W3	2	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62007
W4	1	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62006
W5	1	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62005
W6	1	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62008
W7	1	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62002
W8, W9	2	Viking cable	N2002-62001
W10	1	Semi rigid cable	N2002-62004

To order parts contact your local Keysight Technologies Sales and Service Office. Refer to "Service" on page 20 for your local Sales and Service Offices

Table 1-5 Replaceable Parts

Description	Quantity	Part Number
Front Frame	1	N2002-20001
EMI Screen	1	N2002-20002
Front Panel	1	N2002-00003
Chassis	1	N2002-00005
Base Plate	1	N2002-00002
Switch Support	1	N2002-00001
Rear Panel	1	N2002-00004

Table 1-5 Replaceable Parts

Description	Quantity	Part Number
Rear Bezel	1	E4418-20008
Cover	1	E4418-61027
Front Bumper	1	34401-86011
Rear Bumper	1	34401-86012
Handle	1	34401-45011

Service

Contacting Keysight Technologies

When returning a Noise Source Test Set to Keysight Technologies for repair send it to your nearest Sales and Service Office. These are listed in Table 1-6.

There is also support on the world-wide web. The address is:

http://www.keysight.com/find/support

FAQs, instrument software updates, documentation, and other support information can be accessed from this site.

To obtain servicing information or to order replacement parts, contact the nearest Keysight office listed in Table 1-6. In any correspondence or telephone conversations, refer to the instrument by its model number (N9030A) and full serial number (ex. MY49250887). With this information, the Keysight representative can quickly determine whether your unit is still within its warranty period.

By internet, phone, or fax, get assistance with all your test and measurement needs.

Table 1-6 Contacting Keysight

Online assistance: www.keysight.com/find/contactus

Americas				
Country	Phone Number			
Canada	(877) 894 4414			
Brazil	55 11 3351 7010			
Mexico	001 800 254 2440			
United States	1 800 829-4444			

Asia Pacific		
Country	Phone Number	
Australia	1 800 629 485	
China	800 810 0189	
Hong Kong	800 938 693	
India	1 800 112 929	
Japan	0120 (421) 345	
Korea	080 769 0800	

Asia Pacific		
Country	Phone Number	
Malaysia	1 800 888 848	
Singapore	1 800 375 8100	
Taiwan	0800 047 866	
Other AP Countries	(65) 6375 8100	

Europe and Middle		
Country	Phone Number	
Austria	0800 001122	
Belgium	0800 58580	
Finland	0800 523252	
France	0805 980333	
Germany	0800 6270999	
Ireland	1800 832700	
Israel	1 809 343051	
Italy	800 599100	
Luxembourg	+32 800 58580	
Netherlands	0800 0233200	
Russia	8800 5009286	
Spain	0800 000154	
Sweden	0200 882255	
Switzerland	0800 805353 Opt. 1 (DE) Opt. 2 (FR) Opt. 3 (IT)	
United Kingdom	0800 0260637	

For other unlisted countries:

www.keysight.com/find/contactus

Using the N2002A Service Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

2 The Noise Source Calibration Process and Recommended Test Equipment

The Calibration Process

The calibration process consists of two performance verification tests:

- Excess Noise Ratio (ENR dB) test.
- Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase tests.

The performance verification test procedures verify the electrical performance to traceable standards of the following Keysight noise sources in accordance with their published specification.

- 346A
- 346B
- 346C
- N4000A
- N4001A
- N4002A

NOTE

The noise source calibration process also allows you to calibrate both Keysight Technologies and other manufacturer's noise sources operating between 10.0 MHz and 26.5 GHz.

NOTE

All tests are performed without access to the interior of the noise source.



The Noise Source Calibration Process and Recommended Test Equipment The Calibration Process

NOTE

The noise source calibration process also allows you to calibrate additional measurement frequency points other than the standard cardinal points. The measurement frequency points are determined by the frequency entries in the ENR table.

The maximum measurement frequency/ENR pairs is 81.

Calibration Cycle

The noise sources require periodic verification of operational performance. Under normal use and environmental conditions, a noise source is calibrated at 12 month intervals.

The Noise Source Calibration Process and Recommended Test Equipment Test Descriptions

Test Descriptions

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR dB)

The Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) test is based on comparing the DUT test results to a reference standard test results. The reference standard is a calibrated noise source with known ENR values. Measurements are taken on both the reference standard and the DUT. The DUT ENR values are derived from these results.

These results verify that the noise source meets its published specification. The specifications are provided in Table 2-1 on page 27.

The measurements are generally made at the cardinal frequencies points, however, the NFA can allow up to 81 frequency/ENR pairs to be stored. The suppled test records in the appendices only contain the cardinal frequency points, therefore you need to create test record to increase this quantity.

NOTE

The test should be performed within an environmental ambient temperature of 296 \pm 1K (23° \pm 1°C).

Loading the Reference Standard's ENR Data

Step 1. If you are using an SNS as a Reference Standard, the NFA uploads its ENR data automatically. The NFA needs enabled to make this happen automatically.

NOTE

Further information on loading SNS ENR data, refer to the NFA User's Guide.

- **Step 2.** If you are using a 346x as a Reference Standard. you can use one of the following methods:
 - The A: drive.
 - The C: drive.
 - Create a file from the data supplied with the noise source, for example, the certificate of calibration or the floppy disc.
 - If you only want to calibrate the ENR data on a 346x noise source you can use the ENR data on the noise source label.

Overview of the ENR Measurement Procedure

The process operates in the following method:

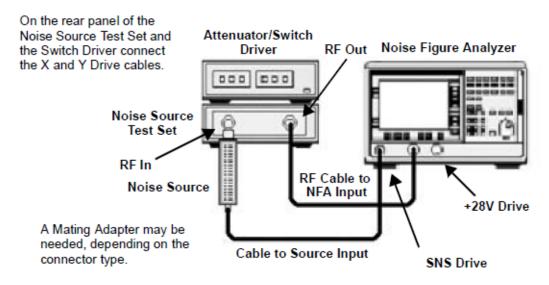
NOTE

The ENR values of the reference standard (ENR1) are known.

- **Step 1.** Connect the test equipment together as shown in Figure 2-1.
- **Step 2.** Set the test equipment to the measure the first frequency point.
- **Step 3.** Measure a linear Y-Factor on the reference standard.
- **Step 4.** On the Test Record note the result under the (Y_1) column.
- **Step 5.** Set the test equipment to the measure the next frequency point and repeat the process until all the measurement points are complete.
- **Step 6.** Remove the reference standard from the N2002A input and connect the DUT.
- **Step 7.** Set the test equipment to the measure the first frequency point.
- Step 8. Measure linear Y-Factor on the DUT.
- **Step 9.** On the Test Record note the result under the (Y_2) column.
- **Step 10.** Repeat this process for the remaining measurement points.
- **Step 11.** Using these measurement results, entering them in the equations, calculate the ENR and the uncertainty values.

The Test Equipment Connection Diagrams for ENR Measurements

Figure 2-1 ENR Measurements



ENR Specifications

NOTE

Specifications are valid at ambient temperature 23° Celsius only (296 K).

Table 2-1 ENR Range for the Noise Sources

Instrument Model	ENR Range
N4000A/346A	4.5 - 6.5 dB
N4001A/346B	14 - 16 dB
N4002A/346C	12 - 17 dB

Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase

The Reflection Coefficient test measures the input magnitude and phase of the noise source under test and verifies that it meets its published specification. The specifications are provided in Table 2-2 on page 29 and Table 2-3 on page 29. The tests are measured in the Source ON and OFF states.

The specified frequency ranges are swept for the maximum magnitude and phase and the resultant maximum value is displayed on the VNA. The test also measures the magnitude and phase at cardinal (pre-determined) frequency points. These cardinal frequency points depend on the model and option being tested.

The test equipment is connected together as shown in Figure 2-2 on page 28.

Overview of the Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Measurement Procedure

NOTE

The procedure requires network analyzer frequency range coverage from 10.0 MHz to 26.5 GHz. This procedures uses two VNAs, the 8753 is used to cover the range 10.0 MHz to 3.0 GHz, and the 8722 is used to cover the range 3.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz.

The procedure operates in the following method:

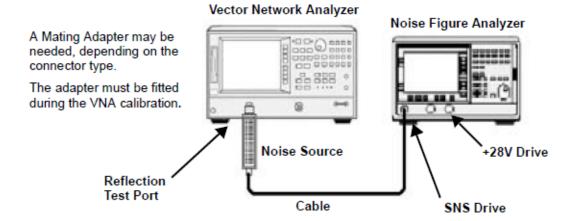
- **Step 1.** Calibrate the 8753 over the specified range, for example, 10.0 MHz to 1.5 GHz.
- **Step 2.** Measure the DUT's reflection coefficient, in an OFF and ON state, over the specified range, for example, 10.0 MHz to 1.5 GHz.
- **Step 3.** Note these resultant values on the Test Record.

The Noise Source Calibration Process and Recommended Test Equipment Test Descriptions

- **Step 4.** Measure the DUT's reflection coefficient, in an OFF and ON state, at the cardinal frequency points in the specified range.
- **Step 5.** Note these resultant values on the Test Record.
- **Step 6.** Repeat the Calibration and Measurement process using the 8753 over the specified range, for example, 1.5 GHz to 3.0 GHz.
- **Step 7.** Calibrate the 8722 over the specified range, for example, from 3.0 GHz to 7.0 GHz.
- **Step 8.** Measure the DUT's reflection coefficient, in an OFF and ON state, over the specified range, for example, 3.0 GHz to 7.0 GHz.
- Step 9. Note these resultant value on the Test Record.
- **Step 10.** Measure the DUT's reflection coefficient, in an OFF and ON state, at the cardinal frequency points in the specified range.
- **Step 11.** Note these resultant values on the Test Record.
- **Step 12.** Repeat the Calibration and Measurement process using 8722 over the specified range, for example, 3.0 GHz to 7.0 GHz

The Test Equipment Connection Diagrams for Reflection and Phase Measurements

Figure 2-2 Reflection and Phase Measurements



Reflection and Phase Specifications

Table 2-2 Reflection Coefficient for 346x Noise Source

Frequency Range	Model		
	346A	346B	346C
10.0 MHz to 30.0 MHz	0.13	0.13	0.11
30.0 MHz to 5.0 GHz	0.07	0.07	0.11
5.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.11	0.11	0.11
18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz			0.15

Table 2-3 Reflection Coefficient for the N400xA SNS

Frequency Range	Model	Model	
	N4000A	N4001A	N4002A
10.0 MHz to 1.5 GHz	0.02	0.07	0.10
1.5 GHz to 3.0 GHz	0.02	0.07	0.10
3.0 GHz to 7.0 GHz	0.06	0.09	0.10
7.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.10	0.11	0.11
18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz			0.15

The Noise Source Calibration Process and Recommended Test Equipment Reference Standard Noise Source Selection

Reference Standard Noise Source Selection

The reference standard selection defines the measurement frequencies of both the reference standard and the DUT. Both the reference standard and the DUT must be measured at the same frequency points.

The accuracy of the DUT's ENR measurement results is dependent on the calibration accuracy of the reference standard. Also, a proportion of the DUT's measurement uncertainty is based on the reference standard's measurement uncertainty. Therefore, to maximize the measurement accuracy and minimize the measurement uncertainty, a reference standard that has been calibrated by a national standards laboratory is recommended.

NOTE

Keysight Technologies recommend the National Physical Laboratory in the United Kingdom (www.npl.co.uk) for reference standard calibration.

NOTE

A Reference Standard's ENR values are valid at calibration temperature only.

A Reference Standard's uncertainty values are only valid at ambient temperature 23°C ±1°C (296K).

More than one reference standard may be required for more accurate results. Keysight Technologies recommend using the same type of reference standard as the noise source being measured.

The ENR measurement process requires various adapters and cables. For more accurate results Keysight Technologies recommend using high quality cables and precision adapters. Care should be taken to ensure all cables and adapters are specified for the frequency range in which they are used and that they are in good electrical and mechanical condition.

Keysight Technologies noise sources can be used at non-standard (not cardinal) frequency points by creating an ENR table containing the wanted measurement frequency points. However, the ENR values and the ENR uncertainty values of the reference standard must be manually interpolated from the supplied data.

Recommended Test Equipment

Table 2-4 Recommended Test Equipment for ENR Measurements

Equipment Description	Critical Specifications for Equipment Substitution	Recommended Model
Noise Figure Analyzer	No substitute available for SNS	N8975A
Noise Source Test Set	No substitute available	N2002A
Attenuator/Switch Driver	Compatible with 8768K multi-port switch	11713A
Attenuator/Switch Driver Interconnect Cables (x2)	Compatible with 11713A Viking terminals	11764A
Standard Noise Source (Dependant on DUT)	See "Reference Standard Noise Source S	election" on page 30
RF Cable	10MHz to 26.5GHz 3.5mm (M) to 3.5mm (M), 61 cm (24 in)	11500E
Adapter (NFA and Noise Source Test Set)	3.5mm Precision (F) to 3.5mm (F)	1250-1749
Adapter (Dependant on DUT)	DUT Connector Type:	Adapter Type:
	Type N (Male)	1250-1745
	3.5mm (F) to Type N (F)	
	Type N (Female) 3.5mm (F) to Type N (M)	1250-1744
	APC 7	1250-1747
	3.5mm (F) to APC 7	
	3.5mm (Male)	1250-1749
	3.5mm (F) to 3.5mm (F)	
BNC Lead	Length 122cm (48"), Frequency 10MHz	10503A
SNS Interconnect Cable	No substitute available	11730A

Table 2-5 Recommended Test Equipment for ENR Measurements

Equipment Description	Critical Specifications for Equipment Substitution	Recommended Model
Noise Figure Analyzer	No substitute available for SNS	N8975A
Vector Network Analyzer 1	10MHz to 3GHz	8753ES or 8753ET, opt 004
Vector Network Analyzer 2	3GHz to 18GHz or 26.5GHz	8722ES or 8722ET, opt 004
Calibration Kit 1	Connector: Type N Impedance: 50 Ohm Bandwidth: 10MHz to 3GHz	85032E
Calibration Kit 2	Connector: 3.5mm Impedance: 50 Ohm Bandwidth: 10MHz to 3GHz	85033D
Calibration Kit 3	Connector: 7 mm Impedance: 50 Ohm Bandwidth: 10MHz to 3GHz	85031B
Calibration Kit 4	Connector: Type N Impedance: 50 Ohm Bandwidth: 10.0 MHz to 18.0 GHz	85054D
Calibration Kit 5	Connector: 3.5 mm Impedance: 50 Ohm Bandwidth: 10.0 MHz to 18.0 GHz	85052D
Calibration Kit 6	Connector: 7 mm Impedance: 50 Ohm Bandwidth: 10.0 MHz to 18.0 GHz	85050D
BNC Lead	Length 122cm (48")	10503A
SNS Interconnect Cable	No substitute available	11730A

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

3 Using the Manual Calibration Procedure

Introduction

Before You Start

Switch the test equipment on and let it warm up for at least one hour. Allow the Noise Sources to stabilize at the ambient room temperature. Do not use a noise source for one hour prior to performing the tests.

Read the rest of this section before you start any of the tests. Make a copy of the Test Record of the models you are measuring.

Recording the Test Results

Test Records are provided in the Appendices for each Keysight noise source model.

Keysight Technologies recommend that you make a copy of the Test Record, recording the test results on the copy, and keep the copy for your calibration test record. This record could prove valuable in tracking gradual changes in test results over long periods of time.

Failure During the Test Procedures

If any of the tests fail and you suspect the unit requires repair. Please contact your local Keysight Customer Sales and Service Office for replacement parts or repair service information. Refer to "Service" on page 20 for your local Sales and Service Offices.



ENR Manual Procedure

This procedure must be performed using the Test Records.

Before you start, enter the reference standard's ENR values in the Standard ENR1 column in the ENR Test Record and the reference standard's uncertainty values in the Standard ENR1 Uncertainty column in the Uncertainty Test Record. These values are needed when calculating the DUT's values using the equations.

NOTE

Refer to "Reference Standard Noise Source Selection" on page 30 for information on this selection criteria.

CAUTION

Ensure the correct torque settings are used at all times. Refer to Appendix G's Table 2 on page 128.

- **Step 1.** Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 2-1. Depending on the reference standard noise source selected, connect the equipment using either the SNS interconnect cable or the BNC lead. Ensure the reference standard noise source RF connector is the same type as the DUT and connect using the preferred adapters listed in Table 2-4 on page 23.
- **Step 2.** Ensure the Noise Figure Analyzer preset is set to factory settings.
 - a. Press the System key.
 - **b.** Press the More 1 of 3 menu key.
 - c. Press the **Power On/Preset** menu key.
 - d. Set the Power On to Power On (Preset) and Preset to Preset (Factory).
- **Step 3.** Press **Preset** and wait for the preset routine to finish.
- **Step 4.** Load the reference standard noise source ENR data.

Refer to Chapter 2's "Loading the Reference Standard's ENR Data" on page 25 for information on this.

NOTE

Do not calibrate the NFA. Ensure the NFA displays Uncorr.

- **Step 5.** Select the display to meter mode.
 - a. Press the Format key.
 - **b.** Press the **Format** menu key.
 - **c.** Press the **Meter** menu key.

- **Step 6.** Set the measured result to Y-Factor.
 - **a.** Press the **Result** key.
 - **b.** Press the **Y-Factor** menu key.
- **Step 7.** Set the Y-Factor scale to linear units.
 - **a.** Press the **Scale** key.
 - **b.** Set the Units to **Units** (**Linear**).
- Step 8. Set sweep to single.
 - **a.** Press the **Sweep** key.
 - b. Set the Sweep to Sweep Mode (Single).
- **Step 9.** Set the frequency mode to fixed.
 - a. Press the Frequency/Points key.
 - **b.** Press the **Freq Mode** menu key.
 - **c.** Press the **Fixed** menu key.
- **Step 10.** Set the averaging to 128 (or greater).
 - a. Press the Averaging/Bandwidth key.
 - b. Set the Averaging to Averaging (On).
 - c. Set the Average Mode to Average Mode (Sweep).
 - **d.** Press the **Averages** menu key and on the numeric key pad press **1**, **2**, **8**, followed by the **Enter** key.
- Step 11. Alignment point.
- **Step 12.** Set the frequency to 10.0 MHz.
 - a. Press the Frequency/Points key.
 - **b.** Press the **Fixed Freq** menu key and on the numeric key pad press **1**, **0**, followed by the **MHz** menu key.

NOTE 10.0 MHz is the first frequency listed in the test record.

- Step 13. Set the Attenuator/Switch Driver as follows:
 - a. Ensure LOCAL LED is on.
 - **b.** Set the switch to the required frequency path, for example, switches 9 and 0 are on, when measuring between 10.0 MHz and 3.0 GHz.

NOTE

Refer to Table 1-1 on page 14 for Attenuator/Switch Driver settings for other frequency ranges.

- **Step 14.** On the NFA, press the **Restart** key, this restarts the NFA's sweep.
- **Step 15.** When the measurement is finished, in the Test Record, enter the Y-factor reading next to the frequency point measured in the Standard Y₁ (Lin) column.
- **Step 16.** Repeat the steps for the remaining frequencies listed in the test record.

NOTE

Set the Attenuator/Switch to the appropriate frequency path when changing between frequency ranges.

- **Step 17.** Connect the DUT as shown in Figure 2-1 on page 26. Depending on the DUT, either use the SNS interconnect cable or the BNC cable.
- **Step 18.** Set the frequency to 10.0 MHz
 - a. Press the Frequency/Points key.
 - **b.** Press the **Fixed Freq** menu key and on the numeric key pad press 1, 0, followed by the **MHz** menu key.

NOTE

0.0 MHz is the first frequency listed in the test record.

- **Step 19.** Set the Attenuator/Switch Driver as follows:
 - a. Ensure LOCAL LED is on.
 - **b.** Set the switch to the required frequency path, for example, switches 9 and 0 are on, when measuring between 10.0 MHz and 3.0 GHz.
- **Step 20.** On the NFA, press the **Restart** key, this restarts the NFA's sweep.
- **Step 21.** When the measurement is finished, in the Test Record enter the Y-factor reading next to the frequency point measured in the DUT Y_2 (Lin) column.
- **Step 22.** Repeat the steps for the remaining frequencies listed in the test record.

NOTE

Set the Attenuator/Switch to the appropriate frequency path when changing between frequency ranges.

- **Step 23.** Using the Equation 3-1 and the results in the ENR Test Record, calculate the ENR₂ value of each fixed frequency point for the DUT. Enter the ENR₂ calculated values in the DUT ENR₂ (dB) column.
- **Step 24.** Complete the ENR Test Record results for the DUT and ensure the measured values are within the published specification.
- **Step 25.** Using the Equation 3-2 and the results in the Uncertainty Test Record, calculate the ENR₂ uncertainty value of each fixed frequency point for the DUT. Enter the U_cENR₂ calculated value in DUT ENR₂ Uncertainty column.
- **Step 26.** Complete the Uncertainty Test Record results for the DUT.
- **Step 27.** If using an SNS series, transfer the data to the SNS using the procedure in the section "Data Programming Process" on page 50.

The Equations

Equation 3-1 ENR Equation

$$ENR_{2} = 10 \times \log \left[\frac{(Y_{2} - 1) \times \left(T_{0} \times \frac{(10^{\frac{ENR_{1}}{10}})}{(Y_{1} - 1)}\right)}{T_{0}} \right]$$

The overall expanded uncertainty is calculated using the following equation for each ${\sf ENR}_2$ value at each frequency point. See also the Appendixes for Excess Noise Ratio (ENR dB) Test Records.

Equation 3-2 Uncertainty Equation

$$U_c ENR_2 = \sqrt{(U_c ENR_1)^2 + (U_c Sys)^2}$$

Table 3-1 Terms Used in the Equations

Term	Description
TO	290 Kelvin
DUT	Device under test
ENR ₁	Primary Standard Excess Noise Ratio value at each fixed frequency point
ENR ₂	DUT calculated Excess Noise Ratio value at each fixed frequency point
Y ₁	Primary Standard measured linear Y-Factor at each fixed frequency point
Y ₂	DUT measured linear Y-Factor at each fixed frequency point
U _C ENR ₁	Primary Standard expanded uncertainty for each ENR value at each fixed frequency point
U _C ENR ₂	DUT calculated expanded uncertainty for each ENR value at each fixed frequency point
U _C Sys	Overall Test system uncertainty at each fixed frequency point

System Uncertainty Values

Table 3-2 is a summary of the uncertainty analysis calculations.

Table 3-2 Uncertainty Analysis Calculation Results

Frequency (GHz)	U _c Sys (± dB)
0.01	0.0785
0.10	0.0785
1.00	0.0905
2.00	0.0905
3.00	0.0726
4.00	0.0726
5.00	0.0726
6.00	0.0726
7.00	0.0800
8.00	0.0800
9.00	0.1076
10.00	0.1076
11.00	0.1076

Table 3-2 Uncertainty Analysis Calculation Results

Frequency (GHz)	U _c Sys (± dB)
12.00	0.1076
13.00	0.1211
14.00	0.1211
15.00	0.1211
16.00	0.1211
17.00	0.1211
18.00	0.1211
19.00	0.1491
20.00	0.1491
21.00	0.1491
22.00	0.1491
23.00	0.1491
24.00	0.1491
25.00	0.1491
26.00	0.1491
26.50	0.1491

Reflection Coefficient Manual Procedure

This test measures the Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase of a noise source from 10.0 MHz to 26.5 GHz. It may need two Vector Network Analyzers (VNAs) to achieve the frequency range required.

Some noise sources have a break point which transgress the frequency range of the Vector Network Analyzers. These have been identified in the Test Records and you need to calibrate and test in these ranges.

NOTE

The procedures refer to the key presses on an 8753ET. Other network analyzers, for example, the 8753D may have different key labeling. Please refer to the appropriate user's guide for the relevant menu maps.

Calibrating the 8753

Use the following procedure to calibrate the 8753.

NOTE

Ensure the noise source's RF connector is the same type as the VNA and connected using the preferred adapters listed in Table 2-5 on page 32.

NOTE

The following example measures an N4000A. This model needs reflection and phase measured over two frequency ranges, 10.0 MHz to 1.5 GHz and 1.5 GHz to 3.0 GHz. The model you are measuring may need different frequency ranges measured, hence you need to confirm this by using your model's specifications and adjust the procedure accordingly.

- **Step 1.** Factory Preset the Vector Network Analyzer.
 - a. Press the **Preset** key.
- Step 2. Set the Active Channel to 1.
 - a. Press the Chan 1 key.
- **Step 3.** Set the measurement mode to S11.
 - a. Press the **Meas** key.
 - b. Press the Reflection menu key.
- **Step 4.** Set the 10.0 MHz start and 1.5 GHz stop frequencies.
 - a. Press the Start key.
 - **b.** Press the 1, 0, **M/m** keys.

- **c.** Press the **Stop** key.
- **d.** Press the 1, ., 5, **G**/**n** keys.
- Step 5. Set the measurement format to Polar.
 - a. Press Format key.
 - b. Press the Polar menu key.
- **Step 6.** Set the number of measurement points to 401 points.
 - a. Press the Sweep Setup key.
 - b. Press the NUMBER of POINTS menu key.
 - c. Press the 4, 0, 1, x1 keys.
- **Step 7.** Set the power level to -30dBm.
 - a. Press the Power key.
 - b. Press the -, 3, 0, x1 keys.
- **Step 8.** If required, connect an adapter to connect the noise source under test to port 1 of the VNA.

NOTE

The connector type (male/female) applies to the test port or adapter if fitted, not the DUT's connector.

- **Step 9.** Select the appropriate calibration kit being used.
 - a. Press the Cal key
 - b. Press the CAL KIT menu key.
 - c. Press the SELECT CAL KIT menu key.
 - d. Select the calibration kit being used, for example, press the 85032B/E menu key.

NOTE

The calibration kit selection is dependent on the noise source under test.

- e. Press the Return menu key.
- Step 10. Select a S11 port calibration.
 - a. Press the Cal key.
 - b. Press the Calibrate Menu menu key.
 - c. Press the Reflection 1-Port menu key.

- **Step 11.** Connect the Open to the test port (or, if fitted, the adapter) and perform the open calibration.
 - a. Press the **Opens** menu key.
 - b. Select either Open (M) or Open (F) menu key.
 - c. When complete, press the **Done Opens** menu key.
- **Step 12.** Connect the Short to the test port (or, if fitted, the adapter) and perform the short calibration.
 - a. Press the **Shorts** menu key.
 - b. Select either Short (M) or Short (F) menu key.
 - c. When complete, press the Done Shorts menu key.
- **Step 13.** Connect the Load to the test port (or, if fitted, the adapter) and perform the load calibration.
 - a. Press the Loads menu key.
 - **b.** When complete, press **Done 1-port CAL**.
- **Step 14.** Save the calibration.
 - a. Press the Save/Recall menu key.
 - b. Press the Save State menu key.
 - c. Note the Register the calibration data is saved in.

Measuring the DUT over 1st Frequency Range

Use the following procedure to measure the DUT.

NOTE

The following example measures an N4000A. This model needs reflection and phase measured over two frequency ranges, 10.0 MHz to 1.5 GHz and 1.5 GHz to 3.0 GHz using the 8753. The model you are measuring may need different frequency ranges measured, hence you need to confirm this by using your model's specifications and adjust the procedure accordingly.

Step 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 2-2 on page 28.

NOTE

Ensure the VNA's RF connector is the same type as the DUT and connected using the preferred adapters listed in Table 2-5 on page 32.

- **Step 2.** Ensure the VNA display format is set to Polar.
 - a. Press the Meas key. (This returns the format to Polar.)

- **Step 3.** On the VNA, set the averaging to 16.
 - a. Press the Avg key.
 - **b.** Press the Averaging to Averaging (On).
 - c. Press the Averaging Factor menu key.
 - d. Press the 1, 6, x1 keys.
- **Step 4.** Ensure the Noise Figure Analyzer preset is set to factory settings.
 - a. Press the System key.
 - **b.** Press the **More 1 of 3** menu key.
 - c. Press the Power On/Preset menu key.
 - d. Set the Power On to Power On (Preset) and Preset to Preset (Factory).
- **Step 5.** On the NFA, press **Preset** and wait for the routine to finish.
- **Step 6.** On the NFA, set the sweep to single and wait for the sweep to finish.
 - **a.** Press the **Sweep** key.
 - b. Set the Sweep to Sweep Mode (Single).
- **Step 7.** On the NFA, set the noise source to off.
 - a. Press the Sweep key.
 - **b.** Press the **Manual Meas** menu key.
 - c. Press the Manual State (On) menu key.
 - d. Press the Noise Source Off menu key.
- **Step 8.** n the VNA, press the **Marker Search** key.
- **Step 9.** On the VNA, press the **Search: Max** menu key.
- **Step 10.** Record the Source OFF maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the Test Record.
- Step 11. On the NFA, press the Noise Source On menu key.
- **Step 12.** On the VNA, press the **Marker Search** key.
- **Step 13.** On the VNA, press the **Search: Max** menu key.
- **Step 14.** Record the Source ON maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the Test Record.
- **Step 15.** On the VNA, set the marker to 10.0 MHz.
 - **a.** Press the **Marker** key.
 - **b.** Press the 1, 0, M/m keys.

- **Step 16.** Record the Source ON maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the Test Record to 10.0 MHz.
- **Step 17.** Repeat the steps for the 100.0 MHz and 1.0 GHz cardinal frequency points listed in the Test Record and note their values on the test record.
- Step 18. On the NFA, press the Noise Source Off menu key.
- **Step 19.** Recording the Source OFF maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the test record at 1.0 GHz.
- **Step 20.** Repeat the step for the 100.0 MHz and 10.0 MHz cardinal frequency points listed in the Test Record and note their values on the Test Record.
- **Step 21.** Ensure all the measured values are within the published specification.

NOTE

Repeat the calibration and measurement procedure for the other frequency ranges as applicable.

Calibrating the 8722

Use the following procedure to calibrate the 8722.

NOTE

The following example measures an N4000A. This model needs reflection and phase measured over two frequency ranges, 3.0 GHz to 7.0 GHz and 7.0 MHz to 18.0 GHz using the 8722. The model you are measuring may need different frequency ranges measured, hence you need to confirm this by using your model's Test Records and adjust the procedure accordingly.

NOTE

Ensure the noise source's RF connector is the same type as the DUT and connected using the preferred adapters listed in Table 2-5 on page 32.

- **Step 1.** Factory Preset the Vector Network Analyzer.
 - **a.** Press the **Preset** key.
- **Step 2.** Set the Active Channel to 1.
 - a. Press the Chan 1 key.
- **Step 3.** Set the measurement mode to S11.
 - **a.** Press the **Meas** key.
 - **b.** Press the **Reflection** menu key.
- **Step 4.** Set the 3.0 GHz start and 7.0 GHz stop frequencies.

Using the Manual Calibration Procedure Reflection Coefficient Manual Procedure

- a. Press the Start key.
- **b.** Press the **3**, ., **0**, **G/n** keys.
- **c.** Press the **Stop** key.
- d. Press the 7, ., 0, G/n keys.
- **Step 5.** Set the measurement format to Polar.
 - a. Press Format key.
 - **b.** Press the **Polar** menu key.
- **Step 6.** Set the number of measurement points to 401 points.
 - a. Press the Sweep Setup key.
 - b. Press the **NUMBER of POINTS** menu key.
 - c. Press the 4, 0, 1, x1 keys.
- **Step 7.** Set the power level to -30dBm.
 - a. Press the Power key.
 - b. Press the -, 3, 0, x1 keys.
- **Step 8.** If required, connect an adapter to connect the noise source under test to port 1 of the VNA.

NOTE

The connector type (male/female) applies to the test port or adapter if fitted, not the DUT's connector.

- **Step 9.** Select the appropriate calibration kit being used.
 - a. Press the Cal key
 - b. Press the CAL KIT menu key.
 - c. Press the SELECT CAL KIT menu key.
 - d. Select the calibration kit being used, for example, press the 85032B/E menu key.

NOTE

The calibration kit selection is dependent on the noise source under test.

- e. Press the Return menu key.
- **Step 10.** Select a S11 port calibration.
 - a. Press the Cal key.

- b. Press the Calibrate Menu menu key.
- c. Press the **Reflection 1-Port** menu key.
- **Step 11.** Connect the Open to the test port (or, if fitted, the adapter) and perform the open calibration.
 - a. Press the **Opens** menu key.
 - b. Select either Open (M) or Open (F) menu key.
 - c. When complete, press the **Done Opens** menu key.
- **Step 12.** Connect the Short to the test port (or, if fitted, the adapter) and perform the short calibration.
 - **a.** Press the **Shorts** menu key.
 - b. Select either Short (M) or Short (F) menu key.
 - c. When complete, press the **Done Shorts** menu key.
- **Step 13.** Connect the Load to the test port (or, if fitted, the adapter) and perform the load calibration.
 - a. Press the Loads menu key.
 - b. When complete, press Done 1-port CAL.
- Step 14. Save the calibration.
 - a. Press the Save/Recall menu key.
 - **b.** Press the **Save State** menu key.
 - c. Note the Register the calibration data is saved in.

Measuring the DUT over 1st Frequency Range

Use the following procedure to measure the DUT.

NOTE

The following example measures an N4000A. This model needs reflection and phase measured over two frequency ranges, 3.0 GHz to 7.0 GHz and 7.0 MHz to 18.0 GHz using the 8722. The model you are measuring may need different frequency ranges measured, hence you need to confirm this by using your model's Test Records and adjust the procedure accordingly.

NOTE

Ensure the noise source's RF connector is the same type as the DUT and connected using the preferred adapters listed in Table 2-5 on page 32.

Step 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 2-2 on page 28.

- **Step 2.** Ensure the VNA display format is set to Polar.
 - **a.** Press the **Meas** key. (This returns the format to Polar.)
- **Step 3.** On the VNA, set the averaging to 16.
 - a. Press the Avg key.
 - **b.** Press the Averaging to Averaging (On).
 - **c.** Press the **Averaging Factor** menu key.
 - d. Press the 1, 6, x1 keys.
- **Step 4.** Ensure the Noise Figure Analyzer preset is set to factory settings.
 - a. Press the System key.
 - b. Press the More 1 of 3 menu key.
 - c. Press the Power On/Preset menu key.
 - d. Set the Power On to Power On (Preset) and Preset to Preset (Factory).
- **Step 5.** On the NFA, press **Preset** and wait for the routine to finish.
- **Step 6.** On the NFA, set the sweep to single and wait for the sweep to finish.
 - a. Press the Sweep key.
 - b. Set the Sweep to Sweep Mode (Single).
- **Step 7.** On the NFA, set the noise source to off.
 - **a.** Press the **Sweep** key.
 - b. Press the Manual Meas menu key.
 - c. Press the Manual State (On) menu key.
 - **d.** Press the **Noise Source Off** menu key.
- **Step 8.** On the VNA, press the **Marker Search** key.
- **Step 9.** On the VNA, press the **Search: Max** menu key.
- **Step 10.** Record the Source OFF maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the Test Record.
- **Step 11.** On the NFA, press the **Noise Source On** menu key.
- **Step 12.** On the VNA, press the **Marker Search** key.
- **Step 13.** On the VNA, press the **Search: Max** menu key.
- **Step 14.** Record the Source ON maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the Test Record.
- Step 15. On the VNA, set the marker to 3.0 GHz.

Using the Manual Calibration Procedure Reflection Coefficient Manual Procedure

- a. Press the Marker key.
- **b.** Press the **3**, ., **0**, **G/n** keys.
- **Step 16.** Record the Source ON maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the Test Record at 3.0 GHz.
- **Step 17.** Repeat the steps for the 4.0 GHz, 5.0 GHz, 6.0 GHz, and 7.0 GHz cardinal frequency points listed in the Test Record and note their values on the Test Record.
- **Step 18.** On the NFA, press the **Noise Source Off** menu key.
- **Step 19.** Recording the Source OFF maximum displayed reflection magnitude and phase values on the test record at 7.0 GHz.
- **Step 20.** Repeat the step 13 for the 4.0 GHz, 5.0 GHz, 6.0 GHz, and 7.0 GHz cardinal frequency points listed in the Test Record and note their values on the Test Record.
- **Step 21.** Ensure all the measured values are within the published specification.

NOTE

Repeat the calibration and measurement procedure for the other frequency ranges as applicable.

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

4 Manually Programming Data into an Keysight Smart Noise Source

Introduction

This section describes the procedure used to program data into an Keysight N400xA Series Smart Noise Sources.

WARNING

This procedure is performed at the your own risk. Failure to correctly follow this procedure may render the noise source inoperative.

Equipment Required

The following equipment is required to program data into an Keysight N400xA smart noise source series:

- An Keysight NFA Series Noise Figure Analyzer.
- An 11730A Noise Source cable to connect the noise source to the NFA.
- A 3.5 inch formatted floppy disk.
- A personal computer.



Data Programming Process

The new calibration data to be programmed into the smart noise source must be in the correct format. Formatting the data can only be performed on a PC. When the data is in the correct format it is copied to the NFA, and then programmed into the smart noise source

Formatting the Data

An example data file is shown in page 53 and shows the cardinal frequency points of an 18.0 GHz SNS. This example file can be used as a template for formatting the data to be programmed into the smart noise source. Alternatively, the data currently contained into the SNS can be copied to a PC and used as a template, using the following procedure.

- **Step 1.** Connect the smart noise source to the NFA.
- **Step 2.** Confirm the Source Preference is set to SNS. To do this follow Step 3 through to Step 5.
- **Step 3.** Press the **ENR** key.
- Step 4. Press the SNS Setup menu key.
- **Step 5.** Ensure Preference is set to **Preference (SNS)**.
- **Step 6.** Save the data from the smart noise source by pressing **File** key.
- Step 7. Press the Save menu key.
- **Step 8.** Press the **ENR** menu key.
- **Step 9.** Press the **SNS** menu key.
- **Step 10.** Using the Alpha Editor, name the file, for example, template.enr.
- **Step 11.** Transfer this template file to your PC from the floppy disk.
- **Step 12.** Save a copy of this file in your PC.

The file can be edited in an ASCII text editor, for example, Notepad.

Editing the Data File

There are only certain fields in the data file which you should edit. The example data file shown in page 53, shows the following information:

- The NFA model.
- The NFA serial number.
- The NFA firmware revision.
- The date that the data file was created.
- The serial number of the smart noise source.

Manually Programming Data into an Keysight Smart Noise Source Data Programming Process

- The model number of the smart noise source.
- The calibration date.
- The temperature the calibration was carried out under.
- The humidity the calibration was carried out under.

The fields that are edited in the data file are:

- [Caldate 20010227] Calibration Date (yyyymmdd)
- [Temperature 23.000000] Temperature the calibration was performed at.
- [Humidity 30.000000] Humidity the calibration was performed at.

NOTE

Do not change the value shown in the field marked [Current xxxx], as this affects the smart noise source's performance.

The other fields in the data file contain the frequency points, ENR (dB) values, ENR uncertainties, and Reflection and Phase values. The frequency points can be added or removed as required. The maximum number of points is 81.

NOTE

Each field must have a data entry, for this process to work correctly.

Programming the Data File into the SNS

Program the data file into the SNS use the following procedure.

- **Step 1.** Save the new data file as 'writesns.enr' to a floppy disk.
- **Step 2.** Insert the floppy disk in the NFA's floppy drive.
- Step 3. Press the System key.
- Step 4. Press the More 1 of 3 menu key.
- Step 5. Press the More 2 of 3 menu key.
- Step 6. Press the Service menu key.
- **Step 7.** Enter the password by pressing -, 2, 0,1, 0 on the numeric key pad.
- **Step 8.** Press the **Enter** key.
- **Step 9.** Press the **Service** menu key.
- Step 10. Press the More 1 of 2 menu key.
- Step 11. Press the Write to SNS menu key and follow the instructions on the display.

Manually Programming Data into an Keysight Smart Noise Source Data Programming Process

Verifying the SNS was Programmed

To check if the SNS was programmed successfully, do the following:

- **Step 1.** Press the **ENR** key.
- Step 2. Press the ENR Table menu key.
- Step 3. Press the Fill Table From SNS menu key.

The ENR Table should show the correct data.

Example

This example is an SNS ENR file saved to a diskette:

NOTE

The values shown in the example are representative of their position in the file.

```
# ENR Data File
# Created by N8975A NFA Series Noise Figure Analyzer
# Serial Number GB40390135 Firmware Revision A.01.01
# 13:37:07 Mar 28, 2002
# Format is: Frequency (Hz), ENR (dB), ENR Unc (dB), # On Refl.Mag
(lin),
# On Refl.Phase (deg), Off Refl.Mag (lin), # Off Refl.Phase (deg),
On Refl.Mag Unc (lin),
# On Refl.Phase Unc (deg), Off Refl.Mag Unc (lin), # Off Refl.Phase
Unc (deg)
[Filetype ENR]
[Version 1.1]
[Serialnumber US411130226][Model N4001A]
[Caldate 20000727]
[Trackingnum 10]
[Temperature 23.000000]
[Humidity 63.000000]
[Current 2688]
10000000, 15.281, 0.193, 0.0450, -136.0, 0.0450, -136.0, 0.0030, -6.0,
0.0070, +6.0
100000000, 15.291, 0.190, 0.0358, +168.0, 0.0358, +168.0, 0.0040,
+4.6, 0.0050, -4.6
1000000000, 15.118, 0.151, 0.0398, +39.6, 0.0398, +39.6, 0.0100,
+4.5, 0.0067, +1.5
2000000000, 14.999, 0.168, 0.0377, 0.168, 0.0377, -85.7, 0.0056,
+0.9, 0.0086, +1.9
3000000000, 14.879, 0.172, 0.0267, +150.6, 0.0267, +150.6, 0.0080,
-9.2, 0.0090, -1.2
4000000000, 14.795, 0.173, 0.0130, -18.1, 0.0130, -18.1, 0.0013,
+16.0, 0.0063, +10.0
5000000000, 14.818, 0.179, 0.0359, +169.5, 0.0359, +169.5, 0.0024,
-9.3, 0.0035, -0.3
6000000000, 14.846, 0.181, 0.0556, +63.7, 0.0556, +63.7, 0.0041,
+10.3, 0.0067, -4.3
7000000000, 14.895, 0.180, 0.0430, -37.0, 0.0430, -27.0, 0.0079,
```

Manually Programming Data into an Keysight Smart Noise Source Example

```
-2.3, 0.0049, -2.3
8000000000, 15.016, 0.198, 0.0232, -160.3, 0.0232, -160.3, 0.0091,
-3.8, 0.0053, -1.8
9000000000, 15.134, 0.201, 0.0122, +71.4, 0.0122, +71.4, 0.0037,
+17.3, 0.0057, +7.3
10000000000, 15.253, 0.194, 0.0080, +116.2, 0.0080, +116.2, 0.0048,
-1.4, 0.0056, -5.4
11000000000, 15.249, 0.243, 0.0241, +65.7, 0.0241, +65.7, 0.0059,
+1.5, 0.0049, +44.5
12000000000, 15.349, 0.240, 0.0196, +8.8, 0.0196, +8.8, 0.0057,
+3.2, 0.0077, +2.2
13000000000, 15.383, 0.188, 0.0217, -5.4, 0.0217, -5.4, 0.0062,
-6.9, 0.0045, -1.9
1400000000, 15.355, 0.178, 0.0228, -66.6, 0.0228, -66.6, 0.0075,
+11.2, 0.0065, +1.2
15000000000, 15.367, 0.187, 0.0141, +141.6, 0.0141, +141.6, 0.0036,
-3.2, 0.0029, -1.2
16000000000, 15.421, 0.182, 0.0251, +6.4, 0.0251, +6.4, 0.0030,
+7.2, 0.0042, -1.21
```

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

5 Using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software

This chapter describes how to setup and configure the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software.

Getting Started

This section describes the software requirements, the system requirements, and the required directory structure to setup and configure the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software.

The Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software is written in Keysight VEE Pro Version 6.0 and is supplied as an VEE Pro Version 6.0 file (.vee) and as an VEE Run Time executable file (.vxe). The Keysight VEE Run Time executable file (.vxe) can not be modified. The Keysight VEE file need to have VEE Pro 6.0 installed before it can run. The file can be modified. The Keysight VEE Run Time Executable file requires VEE Pro 6.0 Run Time environment. The Keysight VEE Run Time executable file can not be modified.

NOTE

The Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software is supplied 'as is'. Keysight Technologies offers no support or warranty in the event of user modification and any problems arising as a result of user modification.

Additional Software Requirements

The IO libraries must be installed to allow instrument control.

System Requirements

The system requirements to run the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software are:

- PC with 120 MHz Pentium processor (266 MHz Pentium II or higher recommended)
- Microsoft Windows 2000 or Windows XP



Using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software Getting Started

- 64 MB RAM with Windows 2000/XP
- GPIB interface card (Keysight 82350A) or Keysight 82357A USB/GPIB interface.
- IO Libraries

NOTE

Keysight Technologies recommends that the System standby feature on your Windows OS is disabled. This option is found under the power options in the Control Panel.

Test Equipment

In Chapter 2, "The Noise Source Calibration Process and Recommended Test Equipment" there are tables listing the recommended equipment.

Limited substitution is supported when using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software.

The Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software was written specifically for the following Keysight test equipment:

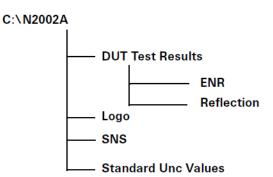
ENR Measurement:

- N8975A Noise Figure Analyzer
- N2002A Noise Source Test Set
- 11713A Attenuator/Switch Driver

Directory Structure Required

Figure 5-1 shows the required directory structure you must create on the C: drive of the computer. This allows you use to run the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software. This is required for both the versions of the software.

Figure 5-1 Directory Structure



Using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software Getting Started

NOTE

Copy the files named agilent.gif and spark.gif from the logo directory on the N2002A CD to the logo directory on the computer used to run the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software.

Opening the VEE Pro 6.0 (.vee) Software File

To start the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software you need to open the Keysight VEE Pro 6.0 program. To do this do the following:

- Step 1. Open the file by clicking File Open from the CD.
- Step 2. Select the file name (or use the default).
- **Step 3.** Select the Debug/Run or the Play button icon (▶) or Cntl-G.

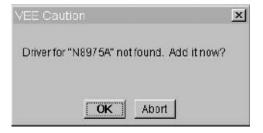
Figure 5-5 on page 63 shows the Main Start Up window.

Setting up the Address Drivers

On initial opening of the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software the GPIB controlled test equipment needs configured with their address drivers. This is explained in the following procedure:

Step 1. The initial time the program is ran a Caution, as shown in Figure 5-2, is displayed informing you that a driver for the N8975A can not be found.

Figure 5-2 A VEE Driver Caution



NOTE

If you do not have the required equipment connected when the Caution is displayed, either enter a GPIB address for the equipment, or allow the address to remain set at 0.

Step 2. To add a driver, click OK to display the Instrument Properties box. You need to enter the address of the N8975A.

This is the only data you need to enter.

- **Step 3.** The address can be a three or four digit number and consists of the logical unit of the GPIB card plus the address of the N8975A. Table 5-1 provides a list of default instrument address settings.
- **Step 4.** Click OK when the correct address has been entered in the Instrument Properties box.

Table 5-1 Default Addresses

Instrument	GPIB Address	GPIB Card Address
N8975A	08	708
Switch 11713A	28	728
8722	24	724
8753	16	716

- **Step 5.** Another Caution is displayed informing you that a driver for the 11713A can not be found. Enter the correct GPIB address.
- **Step 6.** Save the file using the Save in VEE window when the file loading in complete.

Configuring the VEE Pro 6.0 Run Time File IO

Use the procedure to configure the IO.

- Step 1. Select the Keysight VEE Pro 6.0 Run Time Config program.
- Step 2. Select IO Configuration.
- **Step 3.** Use Instrument.
- **Step 4.** Add to create an entry for each piece of equipment. Use the instrument names shown in Table 5-1 and enter the appropriate GPIB address.

Before running the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software

Before you run the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software ensure the test equipment is correctly connected. If a GPIB connection fails to establish a warning appears on the display, Figure 5-3 shows a typical warning. The equipment connections are shown in Figure 2-1 on page 26 for ENR Measurement. To perform an ENR Measurement the only equipment needed is the N8975A, 11713A, and N2002A.

Using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software Getting Started

Figure 5-3 Communication Warning!



NOTE

Ensure the reference standard's ENR table is loaded into the N8975A before running the software. See Chapter 2's "Loading the Reference Standard's ENR Data" on page 25 for more information on doing this.

If the reference standard is changed while you are running the software, ensure that the correct reference standard's ENR table is loaded into the NFA.

The ENR Measurement Procedure

The following procedure explains how to make an ENR measurement. Each step in the procedure is explained in greater detail in the referenced section. In the pdf file of this manual, each of the referenced sections has a link to return you to this procedure.

To start the procedure you must have the Main Start Up Window displayed, this is shown is Figure 5-5 on page 63.

Step 1. Enter the Test Details. The entered details are shown on the Measurement displays.

The section, "Test Details" on page 64 explains this in detail.

Step 2. Select ENR Measurement on the Main Start Up Window.

The section, "ENR Measurement" on page 65 explains this in detail.

Step 3. Select a Measurement Reference Standard.

The section, "Selecting and Measuring the Reference Standard" on page 66 explains this in detail.

Step 4. Select the Reference Standard Type.

The section, "Selecting the Reference Standard" on page 68 explains this in detail.

Step 5. Enter ENR data for the selected Reference Standard.

Chapter 2's section, "Loading the Reference Standard's ENR Data" on page 25 explains this in detail.

Step 6. Enter Uncertainty data of selected Reference Standard.

The section, "Selecting Reference Standard Measurement Uncertainty Data" on page 71 explains this in detail.

Step 7. Measure the Reference Standard.

The section, "Performing Reference Standard Measurement" on page 71 explains this in detail.

Step 8. On the display are both items green?

If Yes, proceed to the next step. If No, repeat the steps again.

Step 9. Select the type of DUT to be measured.

The section, "Selecting the DUT to be Measured" on page 73 explains this in detail.

Step 10. Measure the DUT.

The section, "Measuring a DUT" on page 75 or "Making Multi Measurement on a DUT" on page 79 explains this in detail.

Using the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software The ENR Measurement Procedure

- **Step 11.** Save the results.
- **Step 12.** Copy data to SNS. The section, "Copying Data to SNS" on page 77 explains this in detail.

Running the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software

To start the Keysight VEE Pro 6.0 file use the Run or Start from within VEE Pro 6.0.

The Keysight VEE Pro 6.0 run time file is started using windows explorer.

When the Keysight N2002A Noise Source Demonstration Software is running the main window shown Figure 5-5 on page 63 is visible.

Ensure all the test equipment is powered up and allow to warm up for one hour. You also need to run the N8975A YTF Alignment routine before performing a measurements. The procedure to run the YTF alignment is as follows:

- Step 1. Press the System key.
- Step 2. Press the Alignment menu key.
- **Step 3.** Press the Align YTF menu key. This menu key needs pressed a second time, this is to avoid accidental damage.
- **Step 4.** Press the Save YTF Alignment menu key when Alignment routine is complete.

NOTE

Figure 5-4 is an example of the warning displayed if a N8975A has been powered up for less than one hour. It is recommended that no measurements are made if this warning is shown.

Figure 5-4 A Warm Up Warning

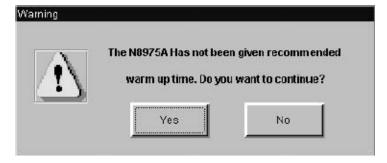
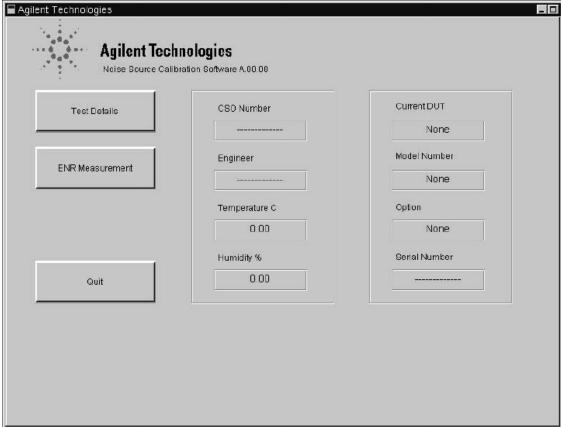


Figure 5-5 The Main Start Up Window Display



The options available to choose from are:

Test Details

This allows to enter the details described in "Test Details" on page 65. After these details are entered they are shown on the Measurement displays. The details are saved along with the measurement results. Entering these details is not required for correct operation.

ENR Measurement This selects the ENR display and allows you to configure and perform ENR Measurements.

Quit

Stops the software.

The other information displayed on the Main Start Up Window.

The central display is any information entered in the Test Detail. This includes the job number and the name of the engineer performing the measurement. The environmental conditions the measurement is performed under are also displayed.

The right hand portion of the display is information relating to the noise source under test (DUT). This includes the noise source manufacturer, the type of noise source, any options, and the noise source serial number.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

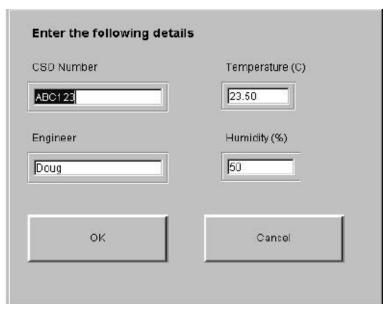
Test Details

The test details are entered into the fields and are displayed on the Measurement displays. The Test Details display is shown in Figure 5-6. The test details are saved with the measurement results.

NOTE

Entering these details is not required for correct operation.

Figure 5-6 Test Detail Display



The Test Detail fields are:

CSO Number This allows you to have traceability of the **Job Number**.

Engineer This allows you to have traceability of the **Engineer**.

This allows to enter the ambient temperature where the calibration is made.

The default value is 23.5 °C.

Humidity This allows to enter the ambient humidity where the calibration is made. The default value is 50.0%.

Clicking the **OK** button accepts the data entered in the display and returns to the Measurement display.

Clicking the **Cancel** button returns to the Measurement display without accepting the data. No data is shown on the Measurement displays.

Temperature

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

ENR Measurement

The ENR measurement process is based on making a measurement using a noise source with known ENR values (The Reference Standard), then making another measurement on a noise source with unknown ENR values (the Device Under Test (DUT)). The DUT's ENR values are now calculated on completion of the measurement.

The first step to make an ENR measurement is to select ENR Measurement from the Main Start Up Window. Figure 5-7 shows the ENR Measurement display.

NOTE

Figure 5-4 on page 62 is an example of the warning displayed if a N8975A has been powered up for less than one hour. It is recommended that no measurements are made if this warning is shown.

■ Agilent Technologies _ 0 **ENR Measurement** CBO Number Temperature (C) Select from the following options ABC123 23.50 Humidity (%) Engineer Doug 50.00 Select and Mess Standard Select and Meas DUT Current Standard Current DUT None None Set SNS Bias Current Model Number Model Number None None Option Option Return None None Serial Number Serial Number

Figure 5-7 The ENR Measurement Display

The options available to choose from are:

Select and Meas Standard

This selects another display where you can configure and measure a reference standard.

Select and Meas DUT

This selects another display where you can configure and measure a device under test. The device under test (DUT) is the noise source you are measuring.

Set SNS Bias Current

This selects a new display where a new SNS bias current can be entered.

Return

Returns you to the previous display.

The upper display is the information entered in the Test Details. This includes the job number and the name of the engineer performing the measurement. The environmental conditions the measurement is performed under are also displayed.

The two lower displays shows information relating to the noise source used as the reference standard and the noise source (DUT) being measured. This includes the noise source manufacturer, the type of noise source, any options, and the noise source serial number.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

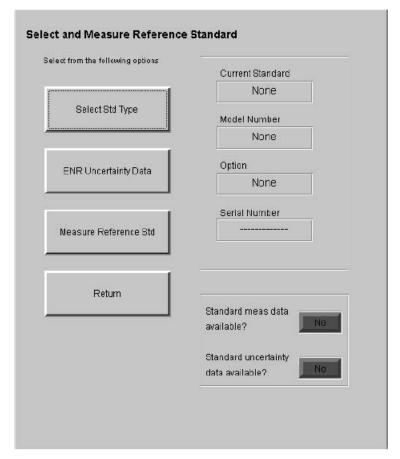
Selecting and Measuring the Reference Standard

Clicking the **Select and Meas Standard** button on the ENR Measurement display, produces a display similar to Figure 5-8 on page 67.

This process step must be followed before a DUT can be measured.

- 1. A reference standard must be selected and a measurement performed on it.
- 2. The ENR measurement uncertainty data must be entered for the reference standard.

Figure 5-8 Select and Measure Reference Standard



The options available to choose from are:

Select Std Type

This selects another display allowing you to enter the reference standard's details.

ENR Uncertainty Data

This allows access to other displays allowing you to enter and manipulate the reference standard's ENR measurement uncertainty data.

Measure Reference Standard This initiates measurement of the reference standard. A reference standard must be selected before a measurement can be made.

Return

Returns you to the previous display.

The upper display shows information relating to the reference standard. This includes the noise source manufacturer, the type of noise source, any options, and the noise source serial number.

The lower display shows the current status of data relating to the reference standard.

Standard Meas Data Available?

A DUT measurement is not possible until the reference standard's uncertainty date has been entered and the measurement has been made on the reference standard. This indicator is red until the measurements have been made. When these measurements are complete the indicator is green. The indicator returns to red when a new reference standard is selected.

Standard Uncertainty Data Available?

A DUT measurement is not possible until the ENR measurement uncertainty values for the reference standard are available. This indicator is red until the measurement uncertainty values are available. When these measurements uncertainty values are available the indicator is green. The indicator returns to red when a new reference standard is selected.

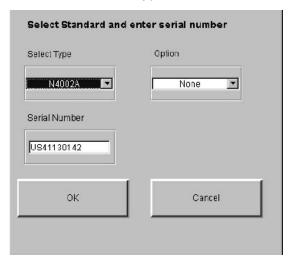
To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Selecting the Reference Standard

A reference standard must be selected before proceeding. See "Reference Standard Noise Source Selection" on page 30 for more information on selecting the reference standard.

Clicking the **Select Std Type** from the **Select and Measure Reference Standard** window shows a display similar to Figure 5-9.

Figure 5-9 Select Reference Standard Type and Serial Number



The options available to choose from are:

Select Type

This allows you to select the type of reference standard. The options to choose from are 346A, 346B, 346C, N4000A, N4001A, N4002A, and Other. The Other option covers all other manufacturer's noise sources or Keysight noise sources operating at frequencies other than the standard cardinal values. See "Selecting Other" on page 81 for a further explanation.

Option

A list of Options available are shown. The available options depend on the type of reference standard selected.

Serial Number

The Serial Number of the reference standard is entered in this field.

Clicking the **OK** button accepts the entered data and returns you to the previous display.

Clicking the **Cancel** button ignores any changes and returns you to the previous display.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Entering Reference Standard Uncertainty Data

A DUT measurement is not possible until the reference standard's ENR measurement uncertainty data is available. This indicator is red until the measurement uncertainty data is available. When the measurement uncertainty data is available the indicator is green. The indicator returns to red when a new reference standard is selected. Figure 5-10 shows a typical display before uncertainty date has been entered.

Agilent Technologies Reference Standard ENR Uncertainty Data Select from the following options Current Standard Agilent Enter Uncertainty Data Model Number N4002A Option None Serial Number US41130142 Load Uncertainty Data Return Standard uncertainty data available?

Figure 5-10 Reference Standard ENR Uncertainty Data

The options available to choose from are:

Enter Uncertainty Values

Selecting this produces a display of the number of frequency points in the reference standard selected. There are three possible displays:

- 1. Covering the Keysight 346A, 346B, N4000A, and N4001A noise sources (10.0 MHz to 18.0 GHz). This display type is shown in Figure 5-11.
- 2. Covering the Keysight 346C and N4002A noise sources (10.0 MHz to 26.5 GHz).
- 3. Covering Other noise source types and frequency points. See "Selecting Other" on page 81 for an explanation of this.

Save Uncertainty Data

Select this to save the reference standard's measurement uncertainty data to a file. This key is unavailable until Uncertainty data has been entered. The file is saved to

C:\N2002A\Standard\Uncertainty Values\.

The measurement uncertainty data is saved with the model number and serial number of the reference standard.

Load Uncertainty Data

Select this if the reference standard's uncertainty data is available on file (C:\N2002A\Standard\Uncertainty Values\).

NOTE

Ensure the reference standard's model number and serial number match the values in the saved data.

Return

Returns you to the Select and Measure Standard display.

The upper display shows the current reference standard's data. The data is the manufacturer, noise source model, option, and serial number.

The lower display indicates if the uncertainty data is valid for the selected reference standard. The indicator is green when the data is valid.

A DUT measurement is not possible until the ENR measurement uncertainty values for the reference standard are available. The indicator is red until measurement uncertainty values are available. When ENR measurement uncertainty data is available for the reference standard, and the indicator on the Standard uncertainty data available? display is green. The indicator returns to red when a new reference standard is selected.

NOTE

Measurement uncertainty data need not be entered before performing a measurement on the reference standard. However, measurement uncertainty data for the reference standard has to be available before a DUT measurement can be made.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Selecting Reference Standard Measurement Uncertainty Data

Clicking Enter Uncertainty Values on the Reference Standard ENR **Uncertainty Data** displays a table of fields similar to Figure 5-11. Data must be entered in the fields or measurements cannot be made. After the uncertainty data has been entered, click OK. This returns you to the previous display and the Standard uncertainty data available? indicator is now green.

Typical Reference Standard ENR Uncertainty Data 🖬 Agilent Technologies _ Enter Reference Standard ENR Uncertainty Values 0.01 GHz 9.00 GHz 19.0 GHz 0.08600000 0.063 0.170 10.0 GHz 20.0 GHz 0.10 GHz 0.130 0.056 0.170 1.00 GHz 0.110 11.0 GHz 0.059 21.0 GHz 0.180 2.00 GHz 0.096 12.0 GHz 0.075 22.0 GHz 0.170 3.00 GHz 0.068 13.0 GHz 0.070 23.0 GHz 0.130 4.00 GHz 0.110 14.0 GHz 0.090 24.0 GHz 0.190 5.00 GHz 15.0 GHz 25.0 GHz 0.110 0.071 0.160 6.00 GHz 16.0 GHz 26.0 GHz 0.069 0.080 0.160 7.00 GHz 0.068 17.0 GHz 0.071 26.5 GHz 0.210 8.00 GHz 18.0 GHz 0.077 0.100 0K Cancel

Figure 5-11

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Performing Reference Standard Measurement

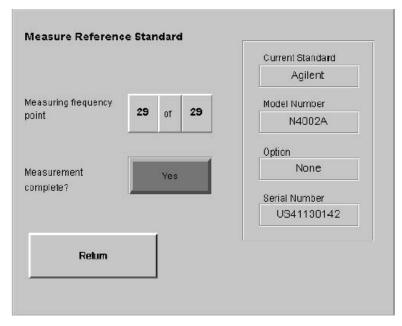
When a reference standard has been selected with its ENR table data and Uncertainty Data entered, a measurement can be made. The measurement process is started by clicking the **Measure Reference Standard** button. This button is on the **Select and Measure Standard** display. The measurement results are not displayed during this process. However, a Measuring frequency point counter, shown in Figure 5-12 on page 72, is displayed indicating a

measurement is being performed. When testing is complete the **Measurement Complete?** indicator changes from red to green. Click Return to return to the **Select and Measure Reference Standard** display.

NOTE

A Reference Standard's measurement need not be repeated before every DUT measurement. However, Keysight Technologies recommend for best result a Reference Standard's has been performed regularly.

Figure 5-12 Measure Reference Standard Display

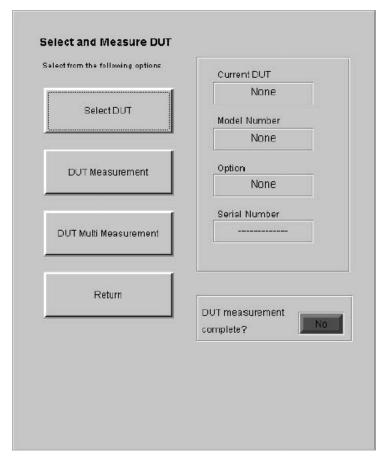


To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Selecting the DUT to be Measured

When the reference standard measurement is complete, the DUT can be measured. Clicking **Select and Meas DUT** on the ENR Measurement display shows a similar display to Figure 5-13 on page 73.

Figure 5-13 Select and Measure DUT



The options available to choose from are:

Select DUT This selects another display where you can enter information about the device

under test (DUT).

DUT Measurement Starts a single DUT measurement. The DUT is measured only on one occasion,

at all the designated frequency points.

DUT Multi Starts a multiple DUT measurement. The DUT can be repeatedly measured, up to a maximum of twelve repeats, at all the designated frequency points. Measurement

Return

Returns you to the previous display.

The upper display is any information entered in the Test Details. This includes the job number and the name of the engineer performing the measurement. The environmental conditions the measurement is performed under are also displayed.

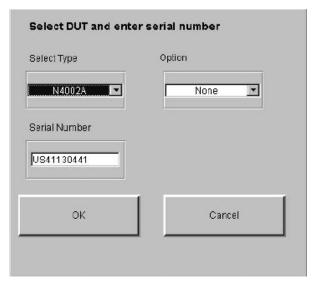
To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Selecting the DUT

NOTE

Any noise source can be selected as a reference standard. However, a warning is displayed if you measure a DUT with a different frequency range. For example, if you use a 346B as a reference standard and attempt to measure a 346C a caution is displayed stating that the measurements are limited to 18.0 GHz.

Figure 5-14 Select DUT Type and Serial Number



The options available to choose from are similar to the "Selecting and Measuring the Reference Standard" on page 66.

Select Type

This allows you to choose the DUT type being measured. The choices are 346A, 346B, 346C, N4000A, N4001A, N4002A, and Other.

Other allows you to test other manufacturer's noise sources or Keysight noise sources using at non-standard frequency values. See "Selecting Other" on page 81 for an explanation of this.

Option

A list of available options are shown. The options available depend on the type of DUT selected.

Serial Number

The Serial Number of the DUT is entered in this field.

Clicking the **OK** button accepts the data that has been entered and returns you to the **Select and Measure DUT** display. This data is displayed in the window.

Clicking the **Cancel** button ignores the changes and returns you to the **Select** and **Measure DUT** display.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Measuring a DUT

Selecting the **DUT Measurement** button starts a single DUT measurement and displays the results as they are completed. A measurement is made on the DUT at the first measurement frequency point. The DUT's ENR and ENR measurement uncertainty results are calculated for the DUT at this frequency point. The results are displayed with the frequency point the measurement was made at. The process is repeated for all the measurement frequency points. The display is updated with results, one frequency point at a time. When the final result is obtained a display similar to **Figure 5-15** is presented.

If a DUT measurement is not possible a warning message is displayed. The warning message indicates the reason the DUT measurement is not possible.

🖥 Agilent Technologies **DUT ENR Measurement** Freq ENR Meas Unc 0.010 GHz 13.205 dB +/- 0.116 dB Current DUT 0.100 GHz 13.229 dB +/- 0.152 dB 1.000 GHz 13.139 dB +/- 0.142 dB 2.000 GHz 13.116 dB +/- 0.132 dB Agilent 3.000 GHz 13.240 dB +/-0.099 dB 4.000 GHz 13.376 dB +/- 0.132 dB Model Number 5.000 GHz 13.487 dB +/- 0.132 dB 6.000 GHz 13.603 dB +/- 0.100 dB N4002A 13.833 dB 7.000 GHz +/-0.105 dB8.000 GHz 13.886 dB +/- 0.111 dB 9.000 GHz 14.216 dB +/- 0.125 dB Option 10.00 GHz 15.054 dB +/- 0.121 dB 11.00 GHz 14,990 dB +/- 0.123 dB None 14.561 dB +/- 0.131 dB 12.00 GHz 13.00 GHz 14.415 dB +/- 0.140 dB Serial Number 14.00 GHz 14,503 dB +/- 0.151 dB 15.00 GHz 13.981 dB +/- 0.140 dB US41130441 16.00 GHz 14.128 dB +/- 0.145 dB 17.00 GHz 14.246 dB +/-0.140 dB18.00 GHz 14.219 dB +/- 0.157 dB 19.00 GHz 14.293 dB +/- 0.226 dB 20.00 GHz 14.149 dB +/- 0.226 dB 21.00 GHz 14.284 dB +/- 0.234 dB 22.00 GHz 14.490 dB +/- 0.226 dB Copy Data to SNS Save Results 23.00 GHz 14.574 dB +/- 0.198 dB 24.00 GHz 14.608 dB +1-0.242 dB25.00 GHz 15.007 dB +/- 0.219 dB 26.00 GHz 14.841 dB +/- 0.219 dB +/- 0.258 dB 26.50 GHz 14.578 dB Return

Figure 5-15 An Example of Result Data

The options available to choose from are:

Save Results

This option is not available until the DUT measurement is completed. The ENR values and measurement uncertainty values are saved with the measurement frequency points. Also, saved are the DUT's identification details, the reference standard's details, the job details, the environmental conditions the test was performed in, the date of the test, and the software revision. An example of a test result file is shown in Figure 5-16.

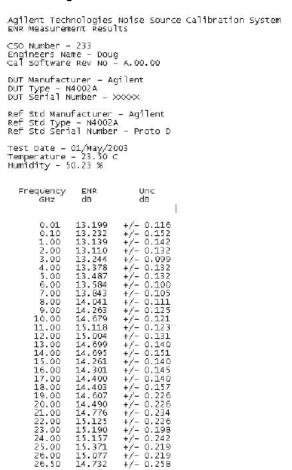
Test results are saved as a text files to:

C:\N2002A\DUT Test Results\ENR\

The results are saved under an automatically generated filename. The filename is made up from the DUT model number, the DUT serial number, and the date the test results were made, for example,

N4002A_US4110000_yyyymmdd_hh_mm_ss.txt.

Figure 5-16 Example of a Single ENR Measurement Result Data



Copy Data to SNS

This option is only available if the DUT is an Keysight N400xA series noise source and the DUT measurement is complete. The process is explained in "Copying Data to SNS" on page 77.

Return

Returns you to the **ENR Measurement** display.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Copying Data to SNS

Figure 5-17 shows a warning message displayed after clicking Copy Data to SNS, click OK if you want to continue.

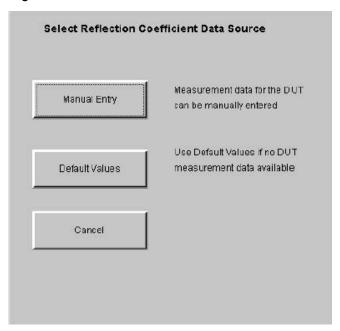
Figure 5-17 Warning Message for SNS Erased Data



The Keysight N400xA SNS's have ENR and reflection coefficient data values stored in their EEPROM. New data can be written to the SNS when an ENR measurement has been completed. The data written to the SNS consists of the ENR result, the ENR measurement uncertainty result and the reflection coefficient measurement result data.

There are two options for the reflection coefficient measurement result data. The **Copy Data to SNS** function shows the **Figure 5-18** display.

Figure 5-18 Saving SNS Result Data



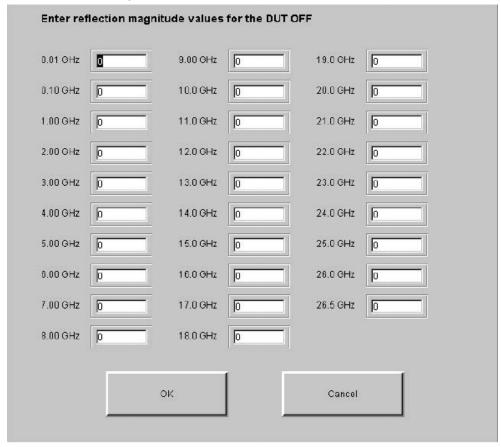
NOTE On an SNS, Reflection Coefficient data must be entered.

The options available to choose from are:

Manual Entry

The results for reflection coefficient magnitude and phase must be entered manually. Figure 5-19 shows a typical window allowing you to enter the Reflection Magnitude Values for the DUT Off condition. You are presented with three other windows, namely Reflection Magnitude Values for the DUT On, Reflection Phase Values for the DUT Off, and Reflection Phase Values for the DUT On.

Figure 5-19 Manual VSWR Entry Window



Default Values

If no reflection coefficient measurement data is available for the DUT, default values are used. This option uses the ENR measurement results but all reflection coefficient measurement data is set to zero.

Cancel

Returns you to the DUT ENR Measurement display.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link

Making Multi Measurement on a DUT

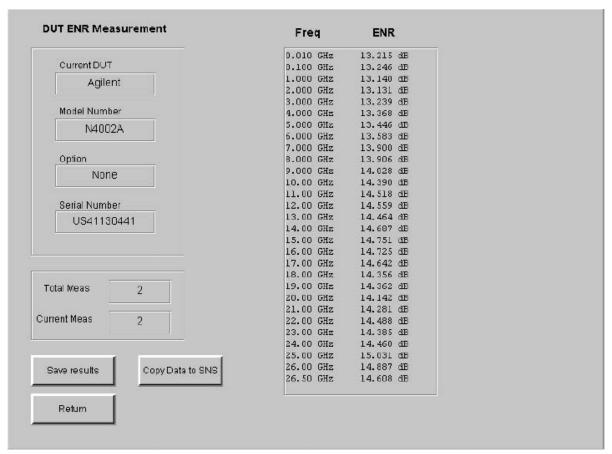
DUT Multi Measurement is similar to DUT Measurement, but the measurement can be repeated up to a maximum of twelve times. This allows you, for example, to look for any repeatability effects. Clicking the **DUT Multi**Measurement button on the **Select and Measure DUT** window starts the measurement process. When the final result is obtained a display similar to Figure 5-20 is presented.

The number of required measurement repeats are entered at the start of the measurement, up to a maximum of twelve. A measurement is made on the DUT at the first measurement frequency point. The DUT's ENR results are calculated for the DUT at this frequency point. The ENR measurement result is the only

value calculated and the result is displayed with the frequency point the measurement was made at. When the measurement is completed, you are prompted to continue with the next measurement. The previous measurement results are cleared from the display and DUT measurement starts at the first measurement frequency point.

The process is repeated for all measurement frequency points. The display is updated with the DUT's ENR results for one frequency point at a time.

Figure 5-20 ENR Multi Measurement Result Data



The options available to choose from are:

Save Results

Measurement results can be saved as a comma separated values file (.csv) which can then be imported into Microsoft Excel for analysis.

Figure 5-21 on page 81 is an example of the measurement results data displayed on a spreadsheet.

Agilent Technologies Noise Source Calibration System ENR Measurement Results CSO Number - 233 Engineers Name - Doug Cal Software Rev No - A.00.00 9 DUT Manufacturer - Agient 10 DUT Type - N4002A 11 DUT Serial Number - XXXXX 13 Ref Std Manufacturer - Agilent 14 Ref Std Type - N4002A15 Ref Std Serial Number - Proto D 17 Test Date - 01/May/2003 emparature - 23,50 C 19 Humidty - 50.23 % 13.1311 13.24273 13.2178 13.2363 0.01 13,0867 13.18508 13.05438 13.03596 13.10617 13,19589 13,19954 0.11644 0.151863 13.12441 13,03149 0.071734 13.235B3 13.23893 13.23565 13.15646 13 15516 13.15433 13 15884 13.1573 13.15844 13 15625 13.15369 13 1419 13.14991 D142444 13.15423 0.005049 13.13123 13.13294 13.12694 13.12997 0.131933 13.12925 13.13352 13.13297 13.12714 13.13511 0.004963 13.12242 13.12025 13.25369 13.24426 13 25B14 3.24884 13 25305 13.25593 13.25897 13.25412 13 25112 13.24128 0.099472 13.25194 4 13:38574 13.387 13.39078 13,39992 13.39706 13,40231 13,39056 13.39167 3.38098 13,39006 0.131798 13,39161 0.00656 28 29 30 13.49561 13.49214 13,49024 13,48996 13,49264 13.58354 13.58368 13.84673 13 58395 13,5848 13,5869 13.5R361 13 58664 13,5827 13 58391 13,57918 13.57999 0.100159 0.002476 13.87295 13.87429 13.87859 13.87128 13.88341 13.87515 13.88168 13.84172 13.86354 0.104995 13.86893 0.014208 4.07184 14.07086 14.06836 14.0B004 14.07055 14.05653 0.111036 14.06992 9 14.2973 10 14.69263 32 14.31883 14.32923 14.33644 14.33538 14.32713 14.3096B 14 31174 14.2817 14.30794 0.124687 14.31554 0.017472 0.1213 14.69884 14.70218 14.69971 14.70538 14.69807 14.69205 14.68304 14.69671 .007073 14.6904 15,15354 15.14939 15.1314 15:16344 15.16014 15,1598 15 159 15.14624 15.15213 15,11997 15 14823 0.013901 35 15.0356 15.06876 15,06671 15,0439 15.04594 0.131159 15.05296 15.08023 15.06579 15.06913 15.05878 15.D1475 14.73948 4.79853 14.81626 14.77402 36 37 14.81755 14.81639 14.80397 0.139876 14 14.77904 14.B4532 14.8736 14.88208 14.86929 14 8758 14.83187 14.86576 14,74525 14.83277 D.1508B1 14.84008 D45391 15 14.41842 14.60389 38 14.55971 14.59303 14.60446 14.51426 14.34298 0.140379 14.59387 14.60073 14.5263 0.08962814.53576 14.44611 14.45556 14.4105B 14.31557 39 40 14.3689 14.4393 14.45447 14.46075 14.4219 14.46164 14.44731 14.40819 0.145139 14.41882 0.046617 0.01455 14.46784 14,4628 14.45774 0.140379 14,45229 14,45672 14.46703 14.45093 14,42534 14.43445 14,53962 14.54031 14.48408 0.157052 42 43 44 45 46 47 19 14.66056 14.69443 14.70B91 14.70334 14.70355 14.7033 14.63002 14,6824 14.69983 14.63502 14.68626 0.226121 14.68776 0.02339 20 14.55214 14.60911 14.5857 0.226121 14.63471 14.62847 14.62956 14.59335 14.63346 14.52894 14.60254 14.93299 14.83915 14,90736 14.91484 14.93206 14,92607 14.88802 14 92543 14.81475 14.89506 0.233732 14.89767 0.040543 22 15:15156 15 2673 15.24184 15.24046 15.26671 15,26291 15.2185B 15.26545 15,15283 15.23129 0.226121 15,22989 0.044183 23 15 22989 15.32408 15.35984 15.17855 24 15 21804 25 15 42014 5.38442 15.41B04 15,4149 15.35118 15,40919 15.33471 15.40838 15.35243 0.241518 15.34498 0.083507 15.45561 15.46138 15.45407 15.44261 15.46021 15.45092 15.45711 15.44034 15.38307 0.218703 15.44255 0.02426 15.0779 15.08592 5.09594 15.09051 15.0B333 15.07953 15.08751 15.08877 15,0964 15.07771 0.218703 15.08635 26.5 14.75267 14.75225 14.7545 14.75079 14.75371 14.75688 14.75218 14.7477 14.74314 14.74834 0.257548 14.75122 0.003933

Figure 5-21 Example of ENR Multi Measurement Result Data as CSVs

Copy data to SNS Data can be copied to an SNS DUT, but it must be entered manually.

Return Returns you to the ENR Measurement display.

To return to "The ENR Measurement Procedure" on page 60, click the pdf hot-link.

Selecting Other

The Other option covers all other manufacturer's noise sources or Keysight noise sources operating at frequencies other than the standard cardinal values. The number of data points is controlled by the number of Frequency/ENR pairs in the NFA. Before performing a measurement using reference standard of type Other, an ENR table containing the measurement frequencies and ENR values to be used must be created in the NFA.

The display contains one field for each measurement frequency. The ENR measurement uncertainty for the reference standard must be entered manually for each frequency point. The interpolated values are also calculated manually.

Selecting Other as the DUT type produces the display similar to Figure 5-22.

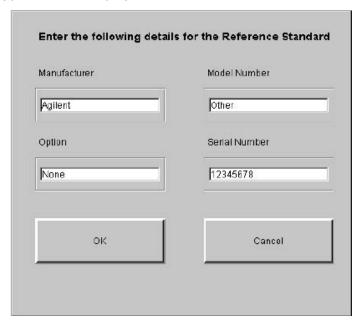
NOTE

The NFA can only store a maximum of 81 Frequency/ENR pairs.

NOTE

Any DUT can be measured using any reference standard. However, measurement is limited to 18.0 GHz if the reference standard, or DUT, is an Keysight 346A, 346B, N4000A, or N4001A.

Figure 5-22 Typical Other Display



The data is entered manually in these fields. The data required is:

Manufacturer The DUT manufacturer.

Model Number The DUT model number.

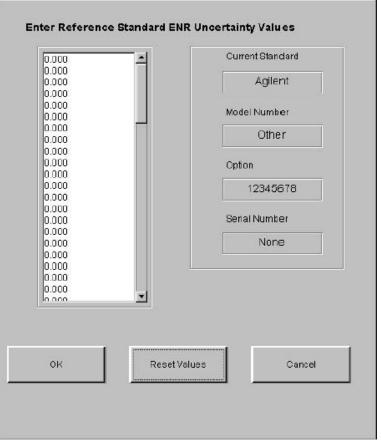
Option Any DUT options.

Serial Number The DUT serial number.

Clicking the **OK** button accepts the data that has been entered. Clicking the Cancel button ignores the changes and returns you to the **ENR Measurement** display.

Figure 5-23 is a typical display of the Reference Standard's ENR Uncertainty Values.

Figure 5-23 Enter Uncertainly Values for Other



Setting SNS Bias Current

When repairing an SNS, certain replacement parts are suppled with a value of bias current. This information should be programmed to make the SNS work correctly.

CAUTION

Performing a SNS Bias Current setting wrongly can make your SNS inoperatable. Keysight Technologies recommend this is only performed by trained operators. If you attempt to do this a warning is displayed similar to Figure 5-24 on page 84.

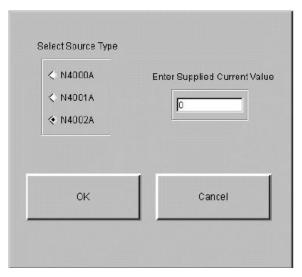
Figure 5-24 SNS Bias Current Warning



Selecting **OK** displays a window similar to Figure 5-25 on page 84.

Select the SNS type you want to set the bias current on and enter the value of bias current supplied with the new assembly in the Enter Supplied Current Value field.

Figure 5-25 SNS Bias Current Source Selection



After the SNS Bias Current setting is complete, you need to measure the SNS to confirm the ENR values are within the published specifications.

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

A: Test Records for the 346A

This appendix provides test records for you to photocopy and use when performing each calibration and verification test. As the reflection coefficient and phase test use two VNAs, the test records are provided with a convenient break point at 3.0 GHz.



Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Reflection Coefficient		Source ON Re Coefficient	Source ON Reflection Coefficient		Pass/ Fail
		Magnitude	Phase	Magnitude	Phase		
10.0 to 30.0						≤0.13	
30.0 to 3000.0						≤0.07	
3000.0 to 5000.0						≤0.07	
5000.0 to 18000.0						≤0.11	
	10.0					≤0.13	
	100.0					≤0.07	
	1000.0					≤0.07	
	2000.0					≤0.07	
	3000.0					≤0.07	
	4000.0					≤0.07	
	5000.0					≤0.07	
	6000.0					≤0.11	
	7000.0					≤0.11	
	8000.0					≤0.11	
	9000.0					≤0.11	
	10000.0					≤0.11	
	11000.0					≤0.11	
	12000.0					≤0.11	
	13000.0					≤0.11	
	14000.0					≤0.11	
	15000.0					≤0.11	
	16000.0					≤0.11	
	17000.0					≤0.11	
	18000.0					≤0.11	

86 Appendix A

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	Standard ENR ₁ (dB)	Standard Y ₁ (Lin)	DUT Y ₂ (Lin)	DUT ENR ₂ (dB)
10.0				
100.0				
1000.0				
2000.0				
3000.0				
4000.0				
5000.0				
6000.0				
7000.0				
8000.0				
9000.0				
10000.0				
11000.0				
12000.0				
13000.0				
14000.0				
15000.0				
16000.0				
17000.0				
18000.0				

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Uncertainty Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	(U _c ENR ₁) Standard ENR ₁ Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c Sys) System Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c ENR ₂) DUT ENR ₂ Uncertainty (dB)
10.0		0.0785	
100.0		0.0785	
1000.0		0.0905	
2000.0		0.0905	
3000.0		0.0726	
4000.0		0.0726	
5000.0		0.0726	
6000.0		0.0726	
7000.0		0.0800	
8000.0		0.0800	
9000.0		0.1076	
10000.0		0.1076	
11000.0		0.1076	
12000.0		0.1076	
13000.0		0.1211	
14000.0		0.1211	
15000.0		0.1211	
16000.0		0.1211	
17000.0		0.1211	
18000.0		0.1211	

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Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

B: Test Records for the 346B

This appendix provides test records for you to photocopy and use when performing each calibration and verification test. As the reflection coefficient and phase test use two VNAs, the test records are provided with a convenient break point at 3.0 GHz.



Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Re Coefficient	eflection	Source ON Reflection Coefficient		Spec.	Pass/ Fail
		Magnitude	Phase	Magnitude	Phase		
10.0 to 30.0						≤0.13	
30.0 to 3000.0						≤0.07	
3000.0 to 5000.0						≤0.07	
5000.0 to 18000.0						≤0.11	
	10.0					≤0.13	
	100.0					≤0.07	
	1000.0					≤0.07	
	2000.0					≤0.07	
	3000.0					≤0.07	
	4000.0					≤0.07	
	5000.0					≤0.07	
	6000.0					≤0.11	
	7000.0					≤0.11	
	8000.0					≤0.11	
	9000.0					≤0.11	
	10000.0					≤0.11	
	11000.0					≤0.11	
	12000.0					≤0.11	
	13000.0					≤0.11	
	14000.0					≤0.11	
	15000.0					≤0.11	
	16000.0					≤0.11	
	17000.0					≤0.11	
	18000.0					≤0.11	

90 Appendix B

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	Standard ENR ₁ (dB)	Standard Y ₁ (Lin)	DUT Y ₂ (Lin)	DUT ENR ₂ (dB)
10.0				
100.0				
1000.0				
2000.0				
3000.0				
4000.0				
5000.0				
6000.0				
7000.0				
8000.0				
9000.0				
10000.0				
11000.0				
12000.0				
13000.0				
14000.0				
15000.0				
16000.0				
17000.0				
18000.0				

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Uncertainty Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	(U _c ENR ₁) Standard ENR ₁ Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c Sys) System Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c ENR ₂) DUT ENR ₂ Uncertainty (dB)
10.0		0.0785	
100.0		0.0785	
1000.0		0.0905	
2000.0		0.0905	
3000.0		0.0726	
4000.0		0.0726	
5000.0		0.0726	
6000.0		0.0726	
7000.0		0.0800	
8000.0		0.0800	
9000.0		0.1076	
10000.0		0.1076	
11000.0		0.1076	
12000.0		0.1076	
13000.0		0.1211	
14000.0		0.1211	
15000.0		0.1211	
16000.0		0.1211	
17000.0		0.1211	
18000.0		0.1211	

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Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

C: Test Records for the 346C

This appendix provides test records for you to photocopy and use when performing each calibration and verification test. As the reflection coefficient and phase test use two VNAs, the test records are provided with a convenient break point at 3.0 GHz.



Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz) Source OFF Reflection Coefficient Coeffi		Source ON Re Coefficient	ource ON Reflection Coefficient		Pass/ Fail
		Magnitude	Phase	Magnitude	Phase		
10.0 to 3000.0						≤0.11	
3000.0 to 18000.0						≤0.11	
18000.0 to 26500.0						≤0.15	
	10.0					≤0.11	
	100.0					≤0.11	
	1000.0					≤0.11	
	2000.0					≤0.11	
	3000.0					≤0.11	
	4000.0					≤0.11	
	5000.0					≤0.11	
	6000.0					≤0.11	
	7000.0					≤0.11	
	8000.0					≤0.11	
	9000.0					≤0.11	
	10000.0					≤0.11	
	11000.0					≤0.11	
	12000.0					≤0.11	
	13000.0					≤0.11	
	14000.0					≤0.11	
	15000.0					≤0.11	
	16000.0					≤0.11	
	17000.0					≤0.11	
	18000.0					≤0.11	
	19000.0					≤0.15	
	20000.0					≤0.15	

Test Records for the 346C Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Re Coefficient	flection	Source ON Ref Coefficient	lection	Spec.	Pass/ Fail
	21000.0					≤0.15	
	22000.0					≤0.15	
	23000.0					≤0.15	
	24000.0					≤0.15	
	25000.0					≤0.15	
	26000.0					≤0.15	
	26500.0					≤0.15	

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	Standard ENR ₁ (dB)	Standard Y ₁ (Lin)	DUT Y ₂ (Lin)	DUT ENR ₂ (dB)
10.0				
100.0				
1000.0				
2000.0				
3000.0				
4000.0				
5000.0				
6000.0				
7000.0				
8000.0				
9000.0				
10000.0				
11000.0				
12000.0				
13000.0				
14000.0				
15000.0				
16000.0				
17000.0				
18000.0				
19000.0				
20000.0				
21000.0				
22000.0				
23000.0				
24000.0				
25000.0				
26000.0				
26500.0				

Uncertainty Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	(U _c ENR ₁) Standard ENR ₁ Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c Sys) System Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c ENR ₂) DUT ENR ₂ Uncertainty (dB)
10.0		0.0785	
100.0		0.0785	
1000.0		0.0905	
2000.0		0.0905	
3000.0		0.0726	
4000.0		0.0726	
5000.0		0.0726	
6000.0		0.0726	
7000.0		0.0800	
8000.0		0.0800	
9000.0		0.1076	
10000.0		0.1076	
11000.0		0.1076	
12000.0		0.1076	
13000.0		0.1211	
14000.0		0.1211	
15000.0		0.1211	
16000.0		0.1211	
17000.0		0.1211	
18000.0		0.1211	
19000.0		0.1491	
20000.0		0.1491	
21000.0		0.1491	
22000.0		0.1491	
23000.0		0.1491	
24000.0		0.1491	
25000.0		0.1491	
26000.0		0.1491	
26500.0		0.1491	

Test Records for the 346C Uncertainty Test Record

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

D: Test Records for the N4000A

This appendix provides test records for you to photocopy and use when performing each calibration and verification test. As the reflection coefficient and phase test use two VNAs, the test records are provided with a convenient break point at 3.0 GHz.



Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Reflection Coefficient		Source ON Reflection Coefficient		Spec.	Pass/ Fail
		Magnitude	Phase	Magnitude	Phase		
10.0 to 1500.0						≤0.02	
1500.0 to 3000.0						≤0.02	
3000.0 to 7000.0						≤0.06	
7000.0 to 18000.0						≤0.10	
	10.0					≤0.02	
	100.0					≤0.02	
	1000.0					≤0.02	
	2000.0					≤0.02	
	3000.0					≤0.02	
	4000.0					≤0.06	
	5000.0					≤0.06	
	6000.0					≤0.06	
	7000.0					≤0.06	
	8000.0					≤0.10	
	9000.0					≤0.10	
	10000.0					≤0.10	
	11000.0					≤0.10	
	12000.0					≤0.10	
	13000.0					≤0.10	
	14000.0					≤0.10	
	15000.0					≤0.10	
	16000.0					≤0.10	
	17000.0					≤0.10	
	18000.0					≤0.10	

100 Appendix D

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	Standard ENR ₁ (dB)	Standard Y ₁ (Lin)	DUT Y ₂ (Lin)	DUT ENR ₂ (dB)
10.0				
100.0				
1000.0				
2000.0				
3000.0				
4000.0				
5000.0				
6000.0				
7000.0				
8000.0				
9000.0				
10000.0				
11000.0				
12000.0				
13000.0				
14000.0				
15000.0				
16000.0				
17000.0				
18000.0				

Appendix D 101

Uncertainty Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	(U _c ENR ₁) Standard ENR ₁ Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c Sys) System Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c ENR ₂) DUT ENR ₂ Uncertainty (dB)
10.0		0.0785	
100.0		0.0785	
1000.0		0.0905	
2000.0		0.0905	
3000.0		0.0726	
4000.0		0.0726	
5000.0		0.0726	
6000.0		0.0726	
7000.0		0.0800	
8000.0		0.0800	
9000.0		0.1076	
10000.0		0.1076	
11000.0		0.1076	
12000.0		0.1076	
13000.0		0.1211	
14000.0		0.1211	
15000.0		0.1211	
16000.0		0.1211	
17000.0		0.1211	
18000.0		0.1211	

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Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

E: Test Records for the N4001A

This appendix provides test records for you to photocopy and use when performing each calibration and verification test. As the reflection coefficient and phase test use two VNAs, the test records are provided with a convenient break point at 3.0 GHz.



Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Reflection Coefficient		Source ON Reflection Coefficient		Spec.	Pass/ Fail
		Magnitude	Phase	Magnitude	Phase		
10.0 to 1500.0						≤0.07	
1500.0 to 3000.0						≤0.07	
3000.0 to 7000.0						≤0.09	
7000.0 to 18000.0						≤0.11	
	10.0					≤0.07	
	100.0					≤0.07	
	1000.0					≤0.07	
	2000.0					≤0.07	
	3000.0					≤0.07	
	4000.0					≤0.09	
	5000.0					≤0.09	
	6000.0					≤0.09	
	7000.0					≤0.09	
	8000.0					≤0.11	
	9000.0					≤0.11	
	10000.0					≤0.11	
	11000.0					≤0.11	
	12000.0					≤0.11	
	13000.0					≤0.11	
	14000.0					≤0.11	
	15000.0					≤0.11	
	16000.0					≤0.11	
	17000.0					≤0.11	
	18000.0					≤0.11	

104 Appendix E

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	Standard ENR ₁ (dB)	Standard Y ₁ (Lin)	DUT Y ₂ (Lin)	DUT ENR ₂ (dB)
10.0				
100.0				
1000.0				
2000.0				
3000.0				
4000.0				
5000.0				
6000.0				
7000.0				
8000.0				
9000.0				
10000.0				
11000.0				
12000.0				
13000.0				
14000.0				
15000.0				
16000.0				
17000.0				
18000.0				

Appendix E 105

Uncertainty Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	(U _c ENR ₁) Standard ENR ₁ Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c Sys) System Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c ENR ₂) DUT ENR ₂ Uncertainty (dB)
10.0		0.0785	
100.0		0.0785	
1000.0		0.0905	
2000.0		0.0905	
3000.0		0.0726	
4000.0		0.0726	
5000.0		0.0726	
6000.0		0.0726	
7000.0		0.0800	
8000.0		0.0800	
9000.0		0.1076	
10000.0		0.1076	
11000.0		0.1076	
12000.0		0.1076	
13000.0		0.1211	
14000.0		0.1211	
15000.0		0.1211	
16000.0		0.1211	
17000.0		0.1211	
18000.0		0.1211	

106 Appendix E

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

F: Test Records for the N4002A

This appendix provides test records for you to photocopy and use when performing each calibration and verification test. As the reflection coefficient and phase test use two VNAs, the test records are provided with a convenient break point at 3.0 GHz.



Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Reflection Coefficient		Source ON Reflection Coefficient		Spec.	Pass/ Fail
		Magnitude	Phase	Magnitude	Phase		
10.0 to 1500.0						≤0.10	
1500.0 to 3000.0						≤0.10	
3000.0 to 7000.0						≤0.10	
7000.0 to 18000.0						≤0.11	
18000.0 to 26500.0						≤0.15	
	10.0					≤0.10	
	100.0					≤0.10	
	1000.0					≤0.10	
	2000.0					≤0.10	
	3000.0					≤0.10	
	4000.0					≤0.10	
	5000.0					≤0.10	
	6000.0					≤0.10	
	7000.0					≤0.10	
	8000.0					≤0.11	
	9000.0					≤0.11	
	10000.0					≤0.11	
	11000.0					≤0.11	
	12000.0					≤0.11	
	13000.0					≤0.11	
	14000.0					≤0.11	
	15000.0					≤0.11	
	16000.0					≤0.11	
	17000.0					≤0.11	

108 Appendix F

Test Records for the N4002A Reflection Coefficient Magnitude and Phase Test Record

Frequency Range (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Source OFF Re Coefficient	flection	Source ON Ref Coefficient	lection	Spec.	Pass/ Fail
	18000.0					≤0.11	
	19000.0					≤0.15	
	20000.0					≤0.15	
	21000.0					≤0.15	
	22000.0					≤0.15	
	23000.0					≤0.15	
	24000.0					≤0.15	
	25000.0					≤0.15	
	26000.0					≤0.15	
	26500.0					≤0.15	

Excess Noise Ratio (ENR) Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	Standard ENR ₁ (dB)	Standard Y ₁ (Lin)	DUT Y ₂ (Lin)	DUT ENR ₂ (dB)
10.0				
100.0				
1000.0				
2000.0				
3000.0				
4000.0				
5000.0				
6000.0				
7000.0				
8000.0				
9000.0				
10000.0				
11000.0				
12000.0				
13000.0				
14000.0				
15000.0				
16000.0				
17000.0				
18000.0				
19000.0				
20000.0				
21000.0				
22000.0				
23000.0				
24000.0				
25000.0				
26000.0				
26500.0				

Uncertainty Test Record

Frequency (MHz)	(U _c ENR ₁) Standard ENR ₁ Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c Sys) System Uncertainty (dB)	(U _c ENR ₂) DUT ENR ₂ Uncertainty (dB)
10.0		0.0785	
100.0		0.0785	
1000.0		0.0905	
2000.0		0.0905	
3000.0		0.0726	
4000.0		0.0726	
5000.0		0.0726	
6000.0		0.0726	
7000.0		0.0800	
8000.0		0.0800	
9000.0		0.1076	
10000.0		0.1076	
11000.0		0.1076	
12000.0		0.1076	
13000.0		0.1211	
14000.0		0.1211	
15000.0		0.1211	
16000.0		0.1211	
17000.0		0.1211	
18000.0		0.1211	
19000.0		0.1491	
20000.0		0.1491	
21000.0		0.1491	
22000.0		0.1491	
23000.0		0.1491	
24000.0		0.1491	
25000.0		0.1491	
26000.0		0.1491	
26500.0		0.1491	

Test Records for the N4002A Uncertainty Test Record

Keysight Technologies Noise Source Test Set

N2002A

G: Caring for Connectors

The material contained in this appendix may not be apply to the connector you are using on the instrument.

Introduction

Recent advances in measurement capabilities have made connectors and connection techniques more important than ever before. Damage to the connectors on calibration and verification devices, test ports, cables, and other devices represent an increasing burden in downtime and expense.

This Appendix will help you get the best performance from all coaxial microwave connectors:

- To know what to look for when cleaning and inspecting them, in order to preserve their precision and extend their life.
- To make the best possible microwave connections, improving the accuracy and repeatability of all of your measurements, saving both time and money.

Connector Part Numbers

Refer to the latest edition of the Keysight RF & Microwave Test Accessories Catalog for connector part numbers.

Handling and Storage

Microwave connectors must be handled carefully, inspected before use and when not in use, stored in a way that gives them maximum protection. Avoid touching the connector mating plane surfaces and avoid setting the connectors contact-end down, especially on a hard surface.

Never store connectors with the contact end exposed. Plastic end caps are provided with all Keysight connectors and these should be retained after unpacking and placed over the ends of the connectors whenever they are not in use. Extend the threads of connectors that have a retractable sleeve or sliding connector nut, then put the plastic end cap over the end of the connector.



Caring for Connectors Visual Inspection

Above all, never store any devices loose in a box or in a desk or a bench drawer. Careless handling of this kind is the most common cause of connector damage during storage.

Visual Inspection

Visual inspection and, if necessary, cleaning should be done every time a connection is made.

Metal and metal by-product particles from the connector threads often find their way onto the mating plane surfaces when a connection is disconnected and even one connection made with a dirty or damaged connector can damage both connectors beyond repair.

Magnification is helpful when inspecting connectors, but it is not required and may actually be misleading. Defects and damage that cannot be seen without magnification generally have no effect on electrical or mechanical performance. Magnification is of great use in analyzing the nature and cause of damage and in cleaning connectors, but it is not required for inspection.

Obvious Defects and Damage

Examine the connectors first for obvious defects or damage: badly worn plating, deformed threads or bent, broken, or misaligned center conductors. Connector nuts should move smoothly and be free of burrs, loose metal particles, and rough spots.

Immediately discard, or mark for identification and send away for repair, any connector that has obvious defects like these.

Mating Plane Surfaces

Flat contact between the connectors at all points on their mating plane surfaces is required for a good connection. Therefore, particular attention should be paid to deep scratches or dents, and to dirt and metal or metal by-product particles on the connector mating plane surfaces.

Also look for bent or rounded edges on the mating plane surfaces of the center and outer conductors and for any signs of damage due to excessive or uneven wear or misalignment.

Light burnishing of the mating plane surfaces is normal, and is evident as light scratches or shallow circular marks distributed more or less uniformly over the mating plane surface. Other small defects and cosmetic imperfections are also normal. None of these affect electrical or mechanical performance.

f a connector shows deep scratches or dents, particles clinging to the mating plane surfaces, or uneven wear, clean it and inspect it again. Damage or defects like dents or scratches, which are deep enough to displace metal on

Caring for Connectors Visual Inspection

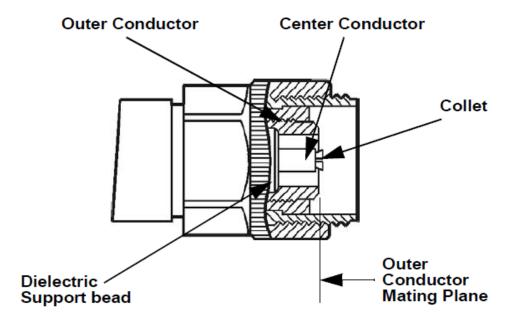
the mating plane surface of the connector, may indicate that the connector itself is damaged and should not be used. Try to determine the cause of the damage before making further connections.

Precision 7 mm Connectors

Precision 7mm connectors, among them APC-7® connectors, should be inspected visually with the center conductor collets in place, and whenever the collet has been removed. See Figure G-1.

The collet itself should be inspected for edge or surface damage and for any signs that the spring contacts are bent or twisted. If they are, replace the collet. When the collet has been re-inserted, verify that it springs back immediately when pressed with a blunt plastic rod or with the rounded plastic handle of the collet removing tool. Never use a pencil or your finger for this purpose.

Figure G-1 Precision 7mm Connector



Sexed Connectors

On sexed connectors, especially precision 3.5mm and SMA connectors, pay special attention to the female center conductor contact fingers (Figure G-2 on page 116 and Figure G-3 on page 116). These are very easily bent or broken, and damage to them is not always easy to see. Any connector with damaged contact fingers will not make good electrical contact and must be replaced.

Figure G-2 Precision 3.5mm connectors

Precision 3.5mm connectors

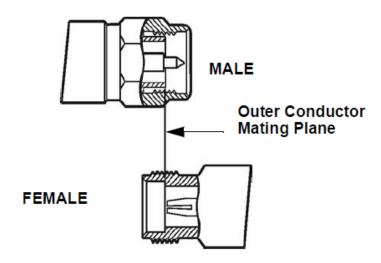
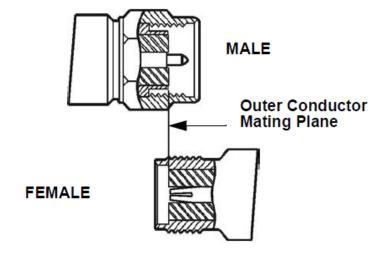


Figure G-3 SMA connectors



Cleaning

Careful cleaning of all connectors is essential to assure long, reliable connector life, to prevent accidental damage to connectors, and to obtain maximum measurement accuracy and repeatability. Yet it is the one step most often neglected or done improperly. Supplies recommended for cleaning microwave connectors are as follows:

- Compressed Air
- Alcohol
- Cotton Swabs
- Lint-Free Cleaning Cloth

Compressed Air

Loose particles on the connector mating plane surfaces can usually be removed with a quick blast of compressed air. This is very easy to do and should always be tried first using compressed air from a small pressurized can. The stream of air can be directed exactly where it is wanted through a plastic (not metal) nozzle. No hoses or other connections are needed. Hold the can upright, to avoid spraying liquid along with the vapor.

Cleaning Alcohol

Dirt and stubborn contaminants that cannot be removed with compressed air can often be removed with a cotton swab or lint free cleaning cloth moistened with alcohol.

NOTE

Use the least amount of alcohol possible, and avoid wetting any plastic parts in the connectors with the alcohol.

Alcohol should be used in liquid rather than spray form. If a spray must be used, always spray the alcohol onto a cloth or swab, never directly into a connector.

Very dirty connectors can be cleaned with pure alcohol. Other solutions that contain additives should not be used.

Carefully avoid wetting the plastic support bead (which is easily damaged by alcohol) inside the connector and blow the connector dry immediately with a gentle stream of compressed air.

Precision 7 mm Connectors

When precision 7mm connectors have been cleaned with the center conductor collet removed, insert the collet and clean the mating plane surfaces again.

Caring for Connectors Cleaning

When the connector is attached to a small component, or to a cable, calibration, or verification standard, the easiest way to do this is to put a lint-free cleaning cloth flat on a table and put a couple of drops of alcohol in the center of the cloth. It should be noted that it is not necessary to remove the collet to use this cleaning method.

Dirt on the connector interface will be scrubbed away by the cloth without damaging the connector. Blow the connector dry with a gentle stream of compressed air.

This cleaning method can be adapted even for fixed connectors such as those attached to test ports. Simply fold the cloth into several layers of thickness, moisten it, press it against the connector interface, and turn it to clean the connector. Blow the connector dry with a gentle stream of compressed air.

Cleaning Interior Surfaces

Interior surfaces, especially on precision 3.5mm connectors, are very difficult to reach, and it is easy to damage connectors in trying to clean them. The openings are very small, and generally the center conductor is supported only at the inner end, by a plastic dielectric support bead. This makes it very easy to bend or break the center conductor.

One suitable method (Figure G-4) is to cut off the sharp tip of a round wooden toothpick, or a smaller diameter wooden rod, and then to wrap it with a single layer of lint-free cleaning cloth.

Figure G-4 Cleaning interior surfaces



NOTE

Metal must never be used (it will scratch the plated surfaces), and in cleaning precision 3.5mm connectors the diameter must not exceed 0.070 in. (1.7 mm). The wooden handle of a cotton swab, for example, is too large for this purpose. Even though the handle can sometimes be inserted into the connector, even when wrapped in lint-free cloth, movement of the handle against the center conductor can exert enough force on the center conductor to damage it severely.

Moisten the cloth with a small amount of alcohol and carefully insert it into the connector to clean the interior surfaces. Use an illuminated magnifying glass or microscope to see clearly the areas you wish to clean.

Drying Connectors

When you have cleaned a connector, always be sure that it is completely dry before reassembling or using it. Blow the connector dry with a gentle stream of clean compressed air and inspect it again under a magnifying glass to be sure that no particles or alcohol residues remain.

Mechanical Inspection: Connector Gages

Even a perfectly clean, unused connector can cause problems if it is mechanically out of specification. Since the critical tolerances in microwave connectors are on the order of a few ten-thousandths of an inch, using a connector gage is essential.

Before using any connector for the first time, inspect it mechanically using a connector gage. How often connectors should be gaged after that depends upon usage.

In general, connectors should be gaged whenever visual inspection or electrical performance suggests that the connector interface may be out of specification, for example due to wear or damage. Connectors on calibration and verification devices should also be gaged whenever they have been used by someone else or on another system or piece of equipment.

Precision 3.5mm and SMA connectors should be gaged relatively more often than other connectors, owing to the ease with which the center pins can be pulled out of specification during disconnection.

Connectors should also be gaged as a matter of routine - after every 100 connections and disconnections initially, more or less often after that as experience suggests.

Table G-1 Recommended connector gages

Connector gage kits containing all of the items required are included in many Keysight calibration kits. They are also available separately. Part numbers are as follows.

Туре	Part Numbering/Ordering Information
Precision 7 mm (APC-7)	85050-80012
Precision 3.5mm	11752D
Precision 2.4mm	11752E
Type-N	85054-60047

Mechanical Specifications

The critical dimension to be measured, regardless of connector type, is the position (generally, the recession or setback) of the center conductor relative to the outer conductor mating plane.

Mechanical specifications for connectors specify a maximum distance and a minimum distance that the center conductor can be positioned behind (or, in female Type-N connectors, in front of) the outer conductor mating plane. Nominal specifications for each connector type exist, but the allowable tolerances (and sometimes the dimensions themselves) differ from manufacturer to manufacturer and from device to device. Therefore, before gaging any connector, consult the mechanical specifications provided with the connector or the device itself.

Precision 7mm Connectors

In precision 7mm connectors, contact between the center conductors is made by spring-loaded contacts called collets. These protrude slightly in front of the outer conductor mating plane when the connectors are apart. When the connection is tightened, the collets are compressed into the same plane as the outer conductors.

For this reason, two mechanical specifications are generally given for precision 7mm connectors: the maximum recession of the center conductor behind the outer conductor mating plane with the center conductor collet removed; and a minimum and maximum allowable protrusion of the center conductor collet in front of the outer conductor mating plane with the collet in place.

The center conductor collet should also spring back immediately when pressed with a blunt plastic rod or with the rounded plastic handle of the collet removing tool. Never use a pencil or your finger for this purpose.

With the center conductor collet removed, no protrusion of the center conductor in front of the outer conductor mating plane is allowable, and sometimes a minimum recession is required. Consult the mechanical specifications provided with the connector or the device itself.

Sexed Connectors

In Type-N and precision 3.5mm connectors, the position of the center conductor in the male connector is defined as the position of the shoulder of the male contact pin - not the position of the tip. The male contact pin slides into the female contact fingers and electrical contact is made by the inside surfaces of the tip of the female contact fingers on the sides of the male contact pin.

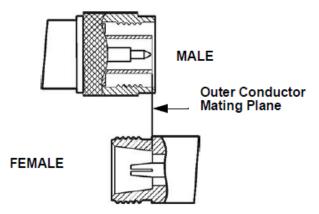
50 Ohm Type-N Connectors

NOTE

No Type-N connector should ever be used when there is any possibility of interference between the shoulder of the male contact pin and the tip of the female contact fingers when the connectors are mated. In practice this means that no Type-N connector pair should be mated when the separation between the tip of the female contact fingers and the shoulder of the male contact pin could be less than zero when the connectors are mated. Gage Type-N connectors carefully to avoid damage.

Type-N connectors differ from other connector types in that the outer conductor mating plane is offset from the mating plane of the center conductors. The outer conductor sleeve in the male connector extends in front of the shoulder of the male contact pin. When the connection is made, this outer conductor sleeve fits into a recess in the female outer conductor behind the tip of the female contact fingers (Figure G-5).

Figure G-5 Type-N connectors



Therefore the mechanical specifications of Type-N connectors give a maximum protrusion of the female contact fingers in front of the outer conductor mating plane and a minimum recession of the shoulder of the male contact pin behind the outer conductor mating plane.

As Type-N connectors wear, the protrusion of the female contact fingers generally increases, due to wear of the outer conductor mating plane inside the female connector. This decreases the total center conductor contact separation and should be monitored carefully.

Caring for Connectors Mechanical Specifications

75 Ohm Type-N Connectors

 75Ω Type-N connectors differ from 50Ω Type-N connectors most significantly in that the center conductor, male contact pin, and female contact hole are smaller. Therefore, mating a male 50Ω Type-N connector with a female 75Ω Type-N connector will destroy the female 75Ω connector by spreading the female contact fingers apart permanently or even breaking them.

NOTE

If both 75Ω and 50Ω Type-N connectors are among those on the devices you are using, identify the 75Ω Type-N connectors to be sure that they are never mated with any 50Ω Type-N connectors.

Using Connector Gages

Before a connector gage is used, it must be inspected, cleaned, and zeroed.

Inspecting and Cleaning the Gage

Inspect the connector gage and the gage calibration block carefully, exactly as you have inspected the connector itself. Clean or replace the gage or the block if necessary (dirt on the gage or block will make the gage measurements of the connectors inaccurate and can transfer dirt to the connectors themselves, damaging them during gaging or when the connection is made).

Zeroing the Gage

Zero the gage by following the steps described below. Be sure that you are using the correct connector gage and correct end of the gage calibration block for the connector being measured.

- Hold the gage by the plunger barrel (not the dial housing or cap) and, for male connectors, slip the protruding end of the calibration block into the circular bushing on the connector gage. For precision 7mm, female precision 3.5mm use the flat end of the gage calibration block. For female Type-N connectors, use the recessed end of calibration block.
- Hold the gage by the plunger barrel only (Figure G-6 on page 125). Doing so will prevent errors in gage readings due to the application of stresses to the gage plunger mechanism through the dial indicator housing.
- Carefully bring the gage and gage block together, applying only enough pressure to the gage and gage block to result in the dial indicator pointer settling at a reading.
- Gently rock the two surfaces together, to make sure that they have come together flatly. The gage pointer should now line up exactly with the zero mark on the gage. If it does not, inspect and clean the gage and gage calibration block again and repeat this process. If the gage pointer still does not line up with the zero mark on the gage, loosen the dial lock screw and turn the graduated dial until the gage pointer exactly lines up with zero. Then retighten the lock screw.

Figure G-6 Using the connector gage



NOTE

Gages should be checked often, to make sure that the zero setting has not changed. Generally, when the gage pointer on a gage that has been zeroed recently does not line up exactly with the zero mark, the gage or calibration block needs cleaning. Clean carefully and check the zero setting again.

Measuring Connectors

Measuring the recession of the center conductor behind the outer conductor mating plane in a connector is done in exactly the same way as zeroing the gage, except of course that the graduated dial is not re-set when the measurement is made.

If the connector has a retractable sleeve or sliding connector nut - precision 7mm connectors, for example - extend the sleeve or nut fully. This makes it easier to keep the gage centered in the connector.

Hold the gage by the plunger barrel and slip the gage into the connector so that the gage plunger rests against the center conductor. Carefully bring the gage into firm contact with the outer conductor mating plane.

Apply only enough pressure to the gage so that the gage pointer settles at a reading.

Gently rock the connector gage within the connector, to make sure that the gage and the outer conductor have come together flatly. Read the recession (or protrusion) from the gage dial. (For maximum accuracy, measure the connector several times and take an average of the readings.)

Rotate the gage relative to the connector between each measurement. To monitor connector wear, record the readings for each connector over time.

Making Connections

Making good connections is easy if a few simple principles are kept in mind:

- All connectors must be undamaged, clean, and within mechanical specification.
- The connectors must be precisely aligned with one another and in flat physical contact at all points on the mating plane surfaces.
- The connection must not be too tight or too loose.
- Lateral or horizontal (bending) force must not be applied to the connection, nor should any connection ever be twisted.

Align Connectors Carefully

Careful alignment of the connectors is critical in making a good connection, both to avoid damaging connectors and devices and to assure accurate measurements.

As you bring one connector up to the other and as you make the actual connection, be alert for any sign that the two connectors are not aligned perfectly. If you suspect that misalignment has occurred, stop and begin again.

Alignment is especially important in the case of sexed connectors, such as precision 3.5mm and SMA connectors, to avoid bending or breaking the contact pins. The center pin on the male connector must slip concentrically into the contact fingers of the female connector. This requires great care in aligning the two connectors before and as they are mated.

When they have been aligned, the center conductors must be pushed straight together, not twisted or screwed together, and only the connector nut (not the device itself) should then be rotated to make the connection. (slight resistance is generally felt as the center conductors mate).

Alignment of precision 7mm connectors is made easier by the fact that the connector sleeve on one of the connectors must be extended fully (and the sleeve on the other connector retracted fully) in order to make the connection. Extending the sleeve creates a cylinder into which the other connector fits.

If one of the connectors is fixed, as on a test port, extend that connector sleeve and spin its knurled connector nut to make sure that the threads are fully extended, while on the other connector, fully retract the connector sleeve

To Make a Preliminary Connection

Align the two connectors carefully and engage the connector nut over the exposed connector sleeve threads on the other connector.

Gently turn the connector nut until a preliminary connection is made. Let the connector nut pull the two connectors straight together. Do not twist one connector body into the other (as you might drive a screw or insert a light bulb) as this is extremely harmful and can damage the connectors.

Caring for Connectors Making Connections

When the mating plane surfaces make uniform, light contact, the preliminary connection is tight enough. Do not overtighten this connection.

NOTE

At this stage all you want is a connection in which the outer conductors make gentle contact at all points on both mating surfaces. Very light finger pressure (no more than 2 inch-ounces of torque) is enough.

Final Connection Using a Torque Wrench

When the preliminary connection has been made, use a torque wrench to make the final connection. Tighten the connection only until the "break" point of the wrench is reached, when the wrench handle gives way at its internal pivot point. Do not tighten the connection further.

Also make sure that torque actually is being applied to the connection through the torque wrench, not only to the wrench handle or in any way that prevents the break point of the wrench from controlling the torque applied to the connection. Suggestions to ensure that torque is actually being applied are given in Table G-2 on page 128.

Using a torque wrench guarantees that the connection will not be too tight, thus preventing possible damage to the connectors and impaired electrical performance. It also guarantees that all connections will be made with the same degree of tightness every time they are made.

Torque wrenches pre-set to the correct value for each connector type are included in many Keysight calibration kits, and they are also available separately. Torque settings are detailed in **Table G-2 on page 128**.

When using a torque wrench, prevent rotation of anything other than the connector nut that is being tightened with the torque wrench. Generally this is easy to do by hand (all the more so if one of the connectors is fixed) as on a test port. In other situations, an open-end wrench can be used to keep the bodies of the connectors from turning.

Hold the torque wrench lightly by the knurled end of the handle only. Apply force at the end of the torque wrench only, perpendicular to the wrench and always in a plane parallel to the outer conductor mating planes. This will result in torque being applied to the connection through the wrench until the break point of the wrench is reached.

Caring for Connectors Making Connections

Avoid pivoting the wrench handle on the thumb or other fingers. This results in an unknown amount of torque being applied to the connection when the break point of the wrench is reached. Avoid twisting the head of the wrench relative to the outer conductor mating plane. This results in applying more than the recommended torque.

Table G-2 Recommended Torque Settings

Туре	Description
Precision 7mm	12 lb-in (136 N-cm.)
Precision 3.5mm	8 lb-in (90 N-cm)
SMA	5 lb-in (56 N-cm) Use the SMA wrench to connect male SMA connectors to female precision 3.5min connectors. Connections of male precision 3.5mm. connectors to female SMA connectors can be made with the precision 3.5mm torque wrench (8 lb-in).
Type-N	Type-N connectors may be connected finger tight. If a torque wrench is used, 12 lb-in (136 N-cm) is recommended.

To reiterate the main do's and do not's detailed previously:

- Avoid holding the wrench tightly, in such a way that the handle is not pivoted but simply pushed downward the same amount throughout its length. If this is done, an unlimited amount of torque can be applied.
- Hold the wrench at the same point near the end of the handle every time, and always in the same orientation. Whenever possible, begin tightening the connection with the wrench held horizontally.

Disconnection

Disconnect connectors by first loosening the connector nut that was tightened in order to make the connection. If necessary, use the torque wrench or an open-end wrench to start the process, but leave the connection finger tight. At all times support the devices and the connection to avoid putting lateral (bending) force on the connectors.

Complete the disconnection by disconnecting the connector nut completely.

NOTE

Never disconnect connectors by twisting one connector or device out of the other as one might remove a screw or a light bulb. This is extremely harmful and connector damage can occur whenever the device body rather than the nut alone is being turned.

Caring for Connectors Making Connections

If the connection is between sexed connectors, pull the connectors straight apart and be especially careful not to twist the body of any device as you do so. Twisting the connection can damage the connector by damaging the center conductors or the interior component parts to which the connectors themselves are attached. It can also scrape the plating from the male contact pin or even (in rare instances) unscrew the male or female contact pin slightly from its interior mounting, bringing it out of specification (this can also occur if the female contact fingers are unusually tight).

Adapters

Adapters are used to connect a device with one connector interface to a device or to test equipment that has another interface, or to reduce wear on connectors that may be difficult or expensive to replace. Reducing wear is possibly the most important use of adapters, especially when devices that have SMA connectors are being used.

SMA connectors are low-cost connectors generally used up to about 23GHz. They are not precision mechanical devices and are not designed for repeated connections and disconnections as they wear out quickly and are very often found, upon assembly, to be out of specification, even before they have been used. This makes them potentially destructive to any precision 3.5mm connectors with which they might be mated.

NOTE

Worn, damaged, or out-of-specification SMA connectors can destroy a precision 3.5mm connector even on the very first connection. For this reason it is recommended that you use high-quality precision adapters, sometimes called "connector savers", whenever more than a few connections are to be made between SMA and precision 3.5mm connectors.

In most applications two adapters will be required, one each at the input and the output of the device. Male-female adapters cause no change in the sex of the interface. The same interface is presented when the adapter is in place as is presented in the original setup.

Same-sex adapters (male-male, female-female) change the sex of the interface. For example, if the original interface presents a male connector, attaching a female-female adapter will result in a female interface to which devices or cables that have male SMA (or male precision 3.5mm) connectors can be connected.

Adapters are included in many Keysight calibration kits and with many Keysight devices, or they may be ordered separately.

Table G-3 Adapters

Туре	Description		
Precision 7mm and	Precision 7mm/male 3.5mm		
Type-N	Precision 7mm/female 3.5 mm		
	Precision 7mm/male 50Ω Type-N Precision		
	7mm/female 50Ω Type-N		
Precision 3.5mm and	Male 3.5mm/female 3.5mm		
SMA	Male 3.5mm/female 3.5 mm		
	Female 3.5mm/female 3.5mm		
	Precision 7mm/male 3.5mm		
	Precision 7mm/female 3.5mm "Connector saver" male 3.5mm/female 3.5 mm		
	"Connector saver" male 3.5mm/male 3.5mm		

Principles of Microwave Connector Care

Table G-4 Principles of Microwave Connector Care

Microwave Connector Care Table				
Handling and Storage				
nanuting and Storage				
DO	DO NOT			
 Keep connectors clean. 	 Touch mating plane surfaces. 			
 Extend sleeve or connector nut. 	 Set connectors contact-end 			
 Use plastic end caps during storage. 	down.			
Visual In	spection			
DO	DO NOT			
 Inspect each connector carefully before every connection. 	 Use a damaged connector -EVER 			
 Look for metal particles, scratches and dents. 				
Clea	ning			
DO	DO NOT			
Try compressed air first.	Use any abrasives.			
 Clean connector threads. 	 Get liquid onto plastic support beads. 			
Gag	jing			
DO	DO NOT			
 Clean and zero the gage before using. 	 Use an out-of-spec connector. 			
 Use correct gage type. 				
 Use correct end of calibration block. 				
 Gage all connectors before first use. 				

Table G-4 Principles of Microwave Connector Care

	Microwave Connector Care Table				
	Making Connections				
	DO		DO NOT		
_	Align connectors carefully. Make preliminary connection	_	Apply bending force to connection.		
	lightly. - Turn connector nut only to tighten.	_	Overtighten preliminary connection.		
_		_	Twist or screw in connectors.		
-	Use a torque wrench for final connection.	_	Tighten past "break" point of torque wrench.		



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