
Keysight D9020224C OIF-CEI-224G Transmitter Conformance Test Application

Notices

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In This Book

This book is your guide to programming the Keysight Technologies D9020224C OIF-CEI-224G Transmitter Conformance Test Application.

- **Chapter 1**, “Introduction to Programming,” starting on page 7, describes compliance application programming basics.
- **Chapter 2**, “Configuration Variables and Values,” starting on page 9, **Chapter 3**, “Test Names and IDs,” starting on page 21, and **Chapter 4**, “Instruments,” starting on page 25 provide information specific to programming the D9020224C OIF-CEI-224G Transmitter Conformance Test Application.

How to Use This Book

Programmers who are new to compliance application programming should read all of the chapters in order. Programmers who are already familiar with this may review chapters 2, 3, and 4 for changes.

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1 Introduction to Programming

Remote Programming Toolkit / 8

This chapter introduces the basics for remote programming a compliance/test application. The programming commands provide the means of remote control. Basic operations that you can do remotely with a computer and a compliance/test app running on an oscilloscope include:

- Launching and closing the application.
- Configuring the options.
- Running tests.
- Getting results.
- Controlling when and where dialogs get displayed
- Saving and loading projects.

You can accomplish other tasks by combining these functions.

Remote Programming Toolkit

The majority of remote interface features are common across all the Keysight Technologies, Inc. family of compliance/test applications. Information on those features is provided in the N5452A Compliance Application Remote Programming Toolkit available for download from Keysight here: www.keysight.com/find/rpi. The D9020224C OIF-CEI-224G Transmitter Conformance Test Application uses Remote Interface Revision 7.30. The help files provided with the toolkit indicate which features are supported in this version.

In the toolkit, various documents refer to "application-specific configuration variables, test information, and instrument information". These are provided in Chapters 2, 3, and 4 of this document, and are also available directly from the application's user interface when the remote interface is enabled (View>Preferences::Remote tab::Show remote interface hints). See the toolkit for more information.

2 Configuration Variables and Values

The following table contains a description of each of the D9020224C OIF-CEI-224G Transmitter Conformance Test Application options that you may query or set remotely using the appropriate remote interface method. The columns contain this information:

- GUI Location – Describes which graphical user interface tab contains the control used to change the value.
- Label – Describes which graphical user interface control is used to change the value.
- Variable – The name to use with the SetConfig method.
- Values – The values to use with the SetConfig method.
- Description – The purpose or function of the variable.

For example, if the graphical user interface contains this control on the **Set Up** tab:

- Enable Advanced Features

then you would expect to see something like this in the table below:

Table 1 Example Configuration Variables and Values

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Set Up	Enable Advanced Features	EnableAdvanced	True, False	Enables a set of optional features.

and you would set the variable remotely using:

ARSL syntax

```
arsl -a ipaddress -c "SetConfig 'EnableAdvanced' 'True'"
```

C# syntax

```
-----
remoteAte.SetConfig("EnableAdvanced", "True");
```

Here are the actual configuration variables and values used by this application:

NOTE

Some of the values presented in the table below may not be available in certain configurations. Always perform a "test run" of your remote script using the application's graphical user interface to ensure the combinations of values in your program are valid.

NOTE

The file, "ConfigInfo.txt", which may be found in the same directory as this help file, contains all of the information found in the table below in a format suitable for parsing.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Auto Load Waveform with Interpolation	AutoLoadWfmInterp	No, Yes	Select "Yes" to automatically detect the saved waveform interpolation ratio, then load the waveform with the correct interpolation ratio. This option will automatically switch to "Yes" when performing an Online Run.
Configure	Bandwidth	BW	(Accepts user-defined text), 60e9	Enter the scope bandwidth.
Configure	Channel 1 Skew	Channel1Skew	(Accepts user-defined text), 0	Set the skew for Channel 1 (in seconds).
Configure	Channel 2 Skew	Channel2Skew	(Accepts user-defined text), 0	Set the skew for Channel 2 (in seconds).
Configure	Channel 3 Skew	Channel3Skew	(Accepts user-defined text), 0	Set the skew for Channel 3 (in seconds).
Configure	Channel 4 Skew	Channel4Skew	(Accepts user-defined text), 0	Set the skew for Channel 4 (in seconds).
Configure	Clock Recovery Method	CRMethod	FOPLL, SOPLL	Select the Clock Recovery Method to be used.
Configure	Damping Factor	DFactor	(Accepts user-defined text), 1	Enter the Damping Factor to use for clock recovery. This values is only used for Second Order PLL. You may enter any value.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Disable Pattern Check	DisablePattern	Enable, Disable	Select "Disable" to disable the pattern verification for square 8 pattern tests and suppress pattern error pop-ups. Select "Enable" to ensure that the correct pattern is being tested as per specification.
Configure	Disable SNDR Pre-requisites	DisSNDRPre	Enabled, Disabled	Sigma n and ES1/ES2 are pre-requisite measurements to SNDR. If you want to skip these pre-requisites and enter a user sigma-n value, Select "Disable". ES1/ES2 will be set to 0.33.
Configure	Dp	DpVal	(Accepts user-defined text), 2, 3, 4	Set the Dp value used for steady state, linear fit pulse peak, and error calculations.
Configure	Dp (Eye)	DpVal_Eye	(Accepts user-defined text), 2, 3, 4	Set the Dp value used for Eye Measurement calculations.
Configure	Dw	DwVal	(Accepts user-defined text), 2	For MR, LR step size measurements, set the Dw value used.
Configure	Eye Gaussian Standard Deviation	EyeStd	(Accepts user-defined text), 2	Select or set the standard deviation used in eye measurements (EH, EW, VEC) when gaussian window shape is used.
Configure	Eye Level Width	EyeLevWidth	(Accepts user-defined text), 5, 10	Select the eye level width used in eye measurements (EH, EW, VEC).
Configure	Eye Window Shape	EyeWinShape	GAUSSian, BOXCar	Select the eye window shape used in eye measurements (EH, EW, VEC).
Configure	Jitter Edge Count	JitCount	(Accepts user-defined text), 200, 1000, 10000	Set the number of edges for jitter to start measuring results. Note: lower value than the default of 10000 will not be as accurate and consistent. However, will enable quick results.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Jitter Memory Depth per Acquisition	JitMem	(Accepts user-defined text), 10000000, 60000000	Set the memory depth used for jitter measurement. A lower memory depth requires more acquisitions to complete one measurement.
Configure	Jitter Pattern	JitPat	P9Q, P13Q	Select PRBS13Q or PRBS9Q to test jitter.
Configure	Loop Bandwidth	LoopBandwidth	(Accepts user-defined text), 4e6, 10e6, 10.3035e6	Enter the loop bandwidth to use for clock recovery. Value with automatically scale with signaling rate change. Manually set to desired value if different from autoset.
Configure	Np	NpVal	(Accepts user-defined text), 52, 53, 200, 400	Set the Np value used for used for SNDR and SNR_ISI calculations.
Configure	Np (Eye)	NpVal_Eye	(Accepts user-defined text), 52, 53, 200, 400	Set the Np value used for used for Eye Measurement calculations.
Configure	Number of Averages	NumAvg	16, 32, 64, 128, 256	Specify the number of averages for the detected bit pattern output. The averaged pattern will be used to construct a linear fit pulse response. Use a lower value for faster test times.
Configure	Number of FFE Precursor Taps	NumFFEPre	(Accepts user-defined text), 5	Specify the total number of FFE Precursor Taps. The number of Postcursor Taps will be (NumTapsFFE - NumPreTapsFFE - 1). The minus one is due to Tap 0.
Configure	Number of FFE Taps	NumFFETaps	(Accepts user-defined text), 29	Specify the total number of FFE Taps including Tap 0
Configure	Nv (Eye)	NvVal_Eye	(Accepts user-defined text), 8, 12, 13, 14, 29, 200, 400	Set the Nv value used for Eye Measurement calculations.
Configure	Nw	NwVal	(Accepts user-defined text), 8, 12, 13, 14, 16, 200	For MR, LR step size measurements, set Nw value used.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Sample Rate	SR	(Accepts user-defined text), 256e9	Enter the scope sample rate.
Configure	Save Tested Waveforms	SaveWFM	No, Yes	Select Yes to save the waveform files of the tested signals. Files will be saved to directory set in Select waveform directory.
Configure	Scope Response	ScopeResp	BESSEL4, BUTT, WALL	Select the Scope Response. A selection of 4th order Bessel will better represent a reference receiver. A flat response will give a direct look at the exact signal at the test point.
Configure	Scope Response 3dB frequency	ScopeFreq	(Accepts user-defined text), 50e9, 59e9, 60e9, 63e9, 65e9, 80e9	Select the Scope Response 3dB frequency.
Configure	Select Waveform Directory	DirWFM	(Accepts user-defined text), C:\Temp\IEEEwfm	Type in a directory path to save your measured waveforms.
Configure	Set Channel Skew Method	SetChannelSkewMethod	Auto, Manual	Select the method for setting the channel skew. Choose "Auto" to let the system determine the optimal skew automatically, or "Manual" to allow manual adjustment.
Configure	Sigma N	SigmaN	(Accepts user-defined text), 2e-3	Enter the value to use for Sigma N. This value will be used when SNDR pre-req are disabled. Format 0.002 or 2e-3.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Signal Channels	CHANPAIR	1, 2, Channel 1 and 2, Channel 3 and 4, CHANnel1, CHANnel2, CHANnel3, CHANnel4, 3, 4, WMEMory1, WMEMory2, WMEMory3, WMEMory4, FUNCTion1, FUNCTion2, FUNCTion3, FUNCTion4	Select the oscilloscope input channel pair if connected dual single-ended. Or select the channel used for differential connection. All single channel, waveform memories, or functions that contain the word "differential", must be a single probe or signal that is differential. The channel or waveform memories with two channels are for dual single-ended connections. Note: All functions must be differential.
Configure	Signaling Rate	SignalingRate	(Accepts user-defined text), 53.125e9, 72.0e9, 106.25e9, 116.0e9	Set the Signaling Rate to be tested. Enter value in the format 106.25e9.
Configure	Tfx Delay for LR	TfxLR	(Accepts user-defined text), 0	Select the value of fixture delay time for LR. This is for ERL measurement. Please enter value in the format 2e-9.
Configure	Tfx Delay for MR	TfxMR	(Accepts user-defined text), 0	Select the value of fixture delay time for MR. This is for ERL measurement. Please enter value in the format 2e-9.
Configure	Tx pattern	SNDRPat	PRBS13Q, PRBS13Qu, Other, OtherInv	Select the pattern to be used for SNDR, Coefficient, and DFE calculations. NOTE: This pattern is NOT for Jitter measurements. Due to specific edge definitions for the 12 edges, PRBS13Q grey code or PRBS9Q grey code are required. Use jitter pattern configuration for jitter selection. "PRBS13Q" is the specified PRBS13Q grey code signal. "PRBS13Q Uncoded" is PRBS13Q uncoded. "Other" is a PRBS13Q pattern that not only swapped the 3/2 (as defined by grey code), but also the 0/1. "Other Inv" is the inverse of "Other"

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC for Eye Opening TP1a.	UseCTLE	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC for Far-end Eye Opening TP4 Short.	UseFarCTLE	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC for Far-end Eye Opening TP4.	UseFarCTLE	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC for Near-end Eye Opening TP4.	UseNearCTLE	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC2 for Eye Opening TP1a.	UseCTLEgDC2	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC2 for Far-end Eye Opening TP4 Short.	UseFarCTLEgDC2	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC2 for Far-end Eye Opening TP4.	UseFarCTLEgDC2	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.
Configure	Use Optimized CTLE gDC2 for Near-end Eye Opening TP4.	UseNearCTLEgDC2	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5	Select the optimized setting to use. Default is off. Run "Auto-tune" Test under "Utilities" to find the optimal setting. When the utility is run, it will automatically set the optimal setting. This value will only be automatically set if utility is run any time after app load or if project is loaded with setting. All other instances, the setting will be the default of off and will need to be manually selected.
Configure	Use Predefined Function	UseFunc	Chan, FUNCTION1, FUNCTION3, FUNCTION4, FUNCTION5, FUNCTION6	This gives the option to use a function that the user sets up. Select the function the user has set. The app will skip default setup and scaling. Please ensure that the function you are using is properly scaled before starting run. Note: Function2 is used by the app, do not include Function 2 in your setup.
Configure	Use Scope Cal	ScopeCal	Y, N	Select Yes to use scope calibration. No, to not. This is automatically set to Yes when a scope cal is run on the setup tab.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Configure	Vertical Scale Factor	VertScaleFactor	(Accepts user-defined text), 7, 6.5, 6, 5.5, 5, 4.5, 4	This setting specifies the fixed vertical scaling factor applied to the acquired signal when the Vertical Scaling Method is set to Manual. It allows users to define the exact scale used during signal acquisition, offering precise control over how signal amplitudes are represented. The value entered here represents the number of vertical divisions the signal will occupy on the display. Based on this setting, the vertical scale per division is automatically calculated by dividing the peak-to-peak voltage of the signal by the specified number of divisions.
Configure	Vertical Scaling Method	VertScaleMethod	Auto, Manual	This variable determines how vertical scaling is applied to the signal during acquisition. When set to "Auto", the system will automatically calculate and apply the appropriate vertical scale based on the acquired signal. If the method is set to "Manual", the user is required to specify the desired vertical scale factor explicitly in the "Vertical Scale Factor" configuration. This provides full control over the scaling behavior but requires manual input.
Run Tests	Event	RunEvent	(None), Fail, Margin < N, Pass	Names of events that can be used with the StoreMode=Event or RunUntil RunEventAction options
Run Tests	RunEvent=Margin < N: Minimum required margin %	RunEvent_Margin < N_MinPercent	Any integer in range: 0 <= value <= 99	Specify N using the 'Minimum required margin %' control.

Table 2 Configuration Variables and Values (continued)

GUI Location	Label	Variable	Values	Description
Set Up	Channel Pairs Option	ChanPairOpt	Channels 1 and 2	This option allows user to select which channel pair is being used for test. Note: Selecting main channels will bandwidth limit your signal, please select correct channels for signal you are measuring. Select Channel Pairs Option
Set Up	OfflineEnable	OfflineEnable	0.0, 1.0	Enable testing using saved waveforms.
Set Up	automate the ERL browse button		1	Browse the path to load the required ERL file Setup the ERL file
Set Up	automate the ERL clear button	ClearS4PERLFilePath	1	Clear the entry of ERL file path Clear the ERL file entry
Set Up	automate the Fixture Ref browse button		1	Browse the path to load the required reference fixture file Setup the Fixture Ref file
Set Up	automate the Fixture Ref clear button	ClearFixRefFilePath	1	Clear the entry of Fixture Ref file path Clear the Fixture Ref file entry

3 Test Names and IDs

The following table shows the mapping between each test's numeric ID and name. The numeric ID is required by various remote interface methods.

- Name – The name of the test as it appears on the user interface **Select Tests** tab.
- Test ID – The number to use with the RunTests method.
- Description – The description of the test as it appears on the user interface **Select Tests** tab.

For example, if the graphical user interface displays this tree in the **Select Tests** tab:

- All Tests
 - Rise Time
 - Fall Time

then you would expect to see something like this in the table below:

Table 3 Example Test Names and IDs

Name	Test ID	Description
Fall Time	110	Measures clock fall time.
Rise Time	100	Measures clock rise time.

and you would run these tests remotely using:

ARSL syntax

```
arsl -a ipaddress -c "SelectedTests '100,110'"  
arsl -a ipaddress -c "Run"
```

C# syntax

```
remoteAte.SelectedTests = new int[] {100,110};  
remoteAte.Run();
```

Here are the actual Test names and IDs used by this application. Listed at the end, you may also find:

- Deprecated IDs and their replacements.
- Macro IDs which may be used to select multiple related tests at the same time.

NOTE

The file, "TestInfo.txt", which may be found in the same directory as this help file, contains all of the information found in the table below in a format suitable for parsing.

Table 4 Test IDs and Names

Name	TestID	Description
AC Common Mode Voltage, Full-band VCMFB	213001	Test the AC common mode voltage, full band. This test can only be tested in dual single ended connection
AC Common Mode Voltage, Full-band VCMFB	313001	Test the AC common mode voltage, full band. This test can only be tested in dual single ended connection
AC Common Mode Voltage, Low-frequency VCMLF	213000	Test the AC common mode voltage, low-frequency, 100MHz low-pass filter. This test can only be tested in dual single ended connection
AC Common Mode Voltage, Low-frequency VCMLF	313000	Test the AC common mode voltage, low-frequency, 100MHz low-pass filter. This test can only be tested in dual single ended connection
Baud Rate (QPRBS13-CEI)	210000	Baud rate of the signal
Baud Rate (QPRBS13-CEI)	310000	Baud rate of the signal
Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Amplitude	211102	Measures the Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Amplitude	311102	Measures the Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Step Size	211103	Measures the Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Step Size	311103	Measures the Coefficient c(-1) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Amplitude	211100	Measures the Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Amplitude	311100	Measures the Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Step Size	211101	Measures the Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Step Size	311101	Measures the Coefficient c(-2) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(0) Normalized Amplitude	211104	Measures the Coefficient c(0) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(0) Normalized Amplitude	311104	Measures the Coefficient c(0) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(0) Normalized Step Size	211105	Measures the Coefficient c(0) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(0) Normalized Step Size	311105	Measures the Coefficient c(0) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(1) Normalized Amplitude	211106	Measures the Coefficient c(1) Normalized Amplitude
Coefficient c(1) Normalized Amplitude	311106	Measures the Coefficient c(1) Normalized Amplitude

Table 4 Test IDs and Names (continued)

Name	TestID	Description
Coefficient c(1) Normalized Step Size	211107	Measures the Coefficient c(1) Normalized Step Size
Coefficient c(1) Normalized Step Size	311107	Measures the Coefficient c(1) Normalized Step Size
Common-mode Output Return Loss	214000	Common-mode Output Return Loss measurement
Common-mode Output Return Loss	314000	Common-mode Output Return Loss measurement
DC Common Mode Output Voltage Test	213002	Test the DC common mode voltage. This test can only be tested in dual single ended connection. Must be DC coupled.
DC Common Mode Output Voltage Test	313002	Test the DC common mode voltage. This test can only be tested in dual single ended connection. Must be DC coupled.
EOJ	210101	Even-Odd Jitter measurement
EOJ	310101	Even-Odd Jitter measurement
ERL	211003	Calculates ERL.
ERL	311003	Calculates ERL.
Eye Height	215000	Measures the height of each the eye at user selected CTLE
Eye Height	315000	Measures the height of each the eye at user selected CTLE
J3u	310102	J3u Jitter measurement
J4.3u	210102	J4.3u Jitter measurement
JRMS	210100	JRMS measurement
JRMS	310100	JRMS measurement
Level - PRBS pattern	212000	Tests the level for each level in the PRBS pattern
Level - PRBS pattern	312000	Tests the level for each level in the PRBS pattern
Level RMS - PRBS pattern	212001	Tests the level rms for each level in the PRBS pattern
Level RMS - PRBS pattern	312001	Tests the level rms for each level in the PRBS pattern
Level Separation Mismatch Ratio - RLM	212002	Tests the level mismatch ratio
Level Separation Mismatch Ratio - RLM	312002	Tests the level mismatch ratio
Linear Fit Pulse Peak	211001	Linear Fit Pulse Peak
Linear Fit Pulse Peak	311001	Linear Fit Pulse Peak
Output Differential Voltage Test	213003	Test the maximum voltage with the TX enabled
Output Differential Voltage Test	313003	Test the maximum voltage with the TX enabled
Signal-to-noise-and-distortion ratio	211002	Measures the SNDR
Signal-to-noise-and-distortion ratio	311002	Measures the SNDR
Single-ended Transmitter Output Voltage Test	213004	Test the minimum and maximum voltage of the single-ended signals

Table 4 Test IDs and Names (continued)

Name	TestID	Description
Single-ended Transmitter Output Voltage Test	313004	Test the minimum and maximum voltage of the single-ended signals
Steady-State Voltage Vf	211000	Steady-State Voltage Vf measurement
Steady-State Voltage Vf	311000	Steady-State Voltage Vf measurement
Vertical Eye Closure	315001	Measures the Vertical Eye Closure LR
Vertical Eye Closure	215001	Measures the Vertical Eye Closure MR

4 Instruments

The following table shows the instruments used by this application. The name is required by various remote interface methods.

- Instrument Name – The name to use as a parameter in remote interface commands.
- Description – The description of the instrument.

For example, if an application uses an oscilloscope and a pulse generator, then you would expect to see something like this in the table below:

Table 5 Example Instrument Information

Name	Description
scope	The primary oscilloscope.
Pulse	The pulse generator used for Gen 2 tests.

and you would be able to remotely control an instrument using:

ARSL syntax (replace [description] with actual parameter)

```
-----  
arsl -a ipaddress -c "SendScpiCommandCustom 'Command=[scpi  
command];Timeout=100;Instrument=pulsegen'"
```

```
arsl -a ipaddress -c "SendScpiQueryCustom 'Command=[scpi  
query];Timeout=100;Instrument=pulsegen'"
```

C# syntax (replace [description] with actual parameter)

```
-----  
SendScpiCommandOptions commandOptions = new SendScpiCommandOptions();  
commandOptions.Command = "[scpi command]";  
commandOptions.Instrument = "[instrument name]";  
commandOptions.Timeout = [timeout];  
remoteAte.SendScpiCommand(commandOptions);
```

```
SendScpiQueryOptions queryOptions = new SendScpiQueryOptions();  
queryOptions.Query = "[scpi query]";  
queryOptions.Instrument = "[instrument name]";
```

```
queryOptions.Timeout = [timeout];  
remoteAte.SendScpiQuery(queryOptions);
```

Here are the actual instrument names used by this application:

NOTE

The file, "InstrumentInfo.txt", which may be found in the same directory as this help file, contains all of the information found in the table below in a format suitable for parsing.

Table 6 Instrument Names

Instrument Name	Description
Infiniium	The primary oscilloscope
Keysight PNA	Performance Network Analyzer
Keysight ENA	Economy Network Analyzer

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