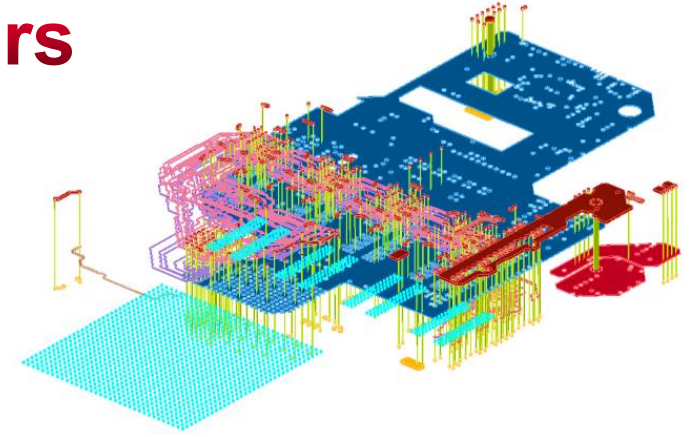


Power Integrity Boot Camp for Designers

Section 2

Measuring, Modeling, Simulating Capacitors and Inductors

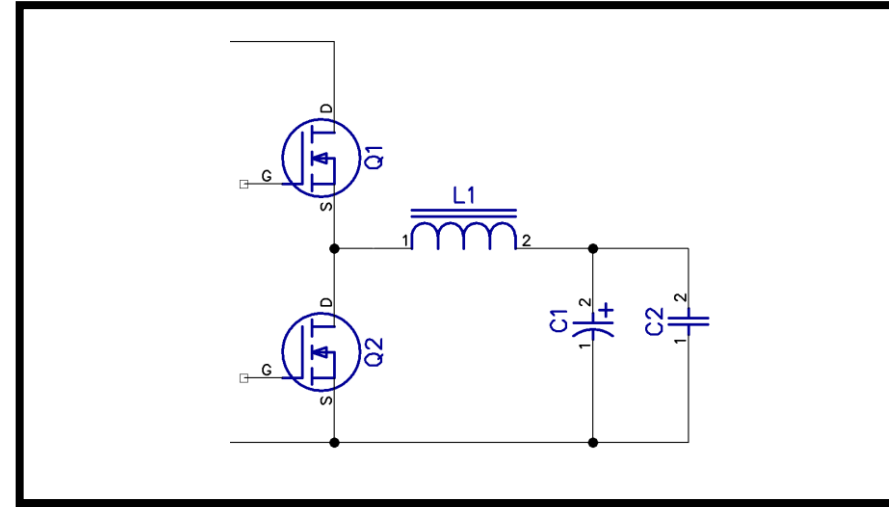


with solutions partner

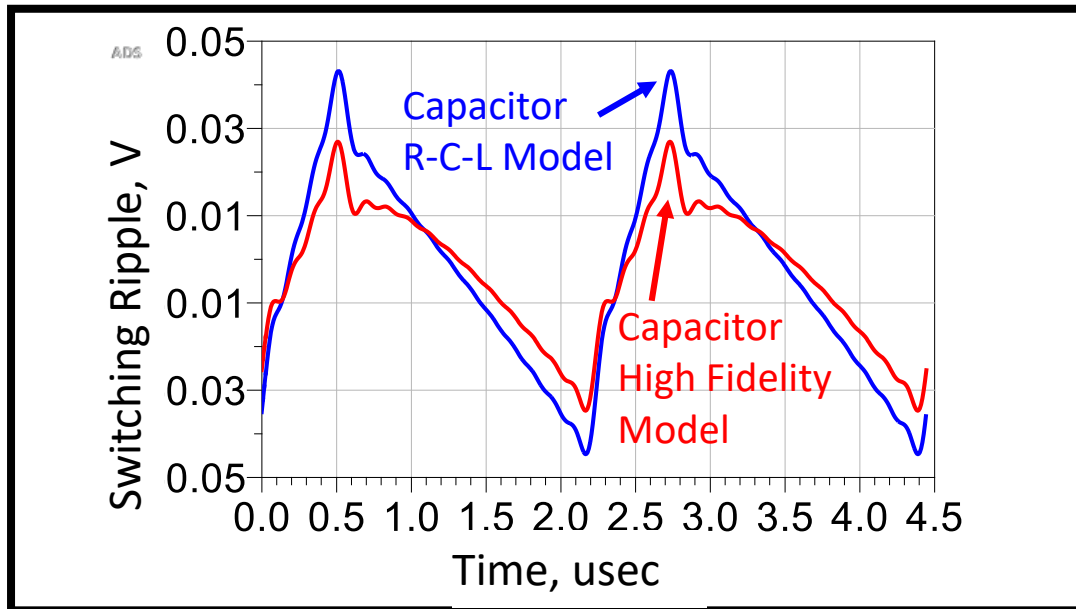




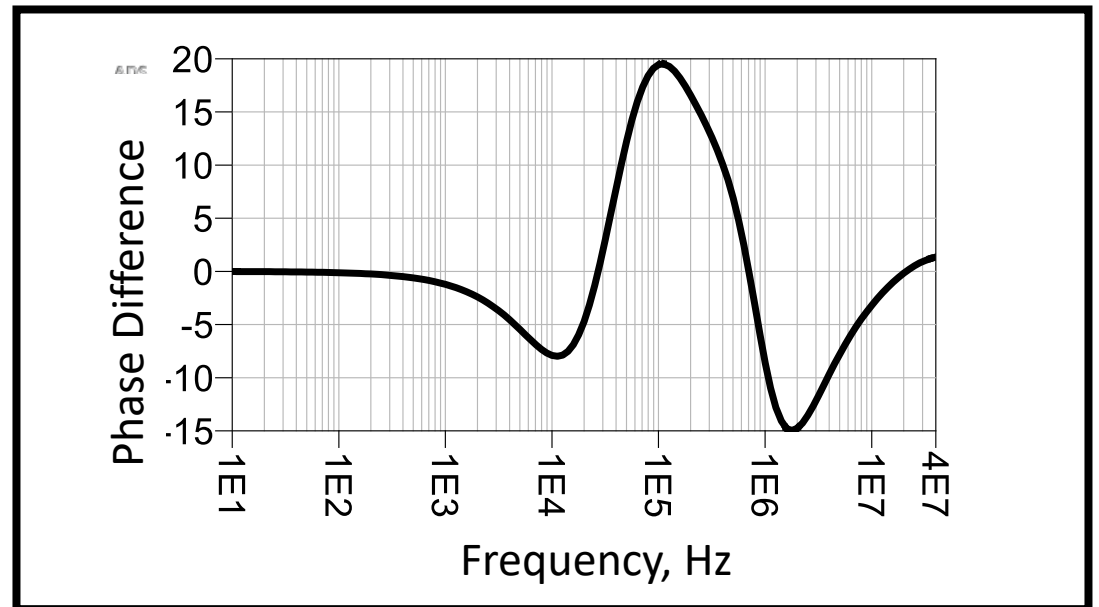
Voltage
Regulator
Module

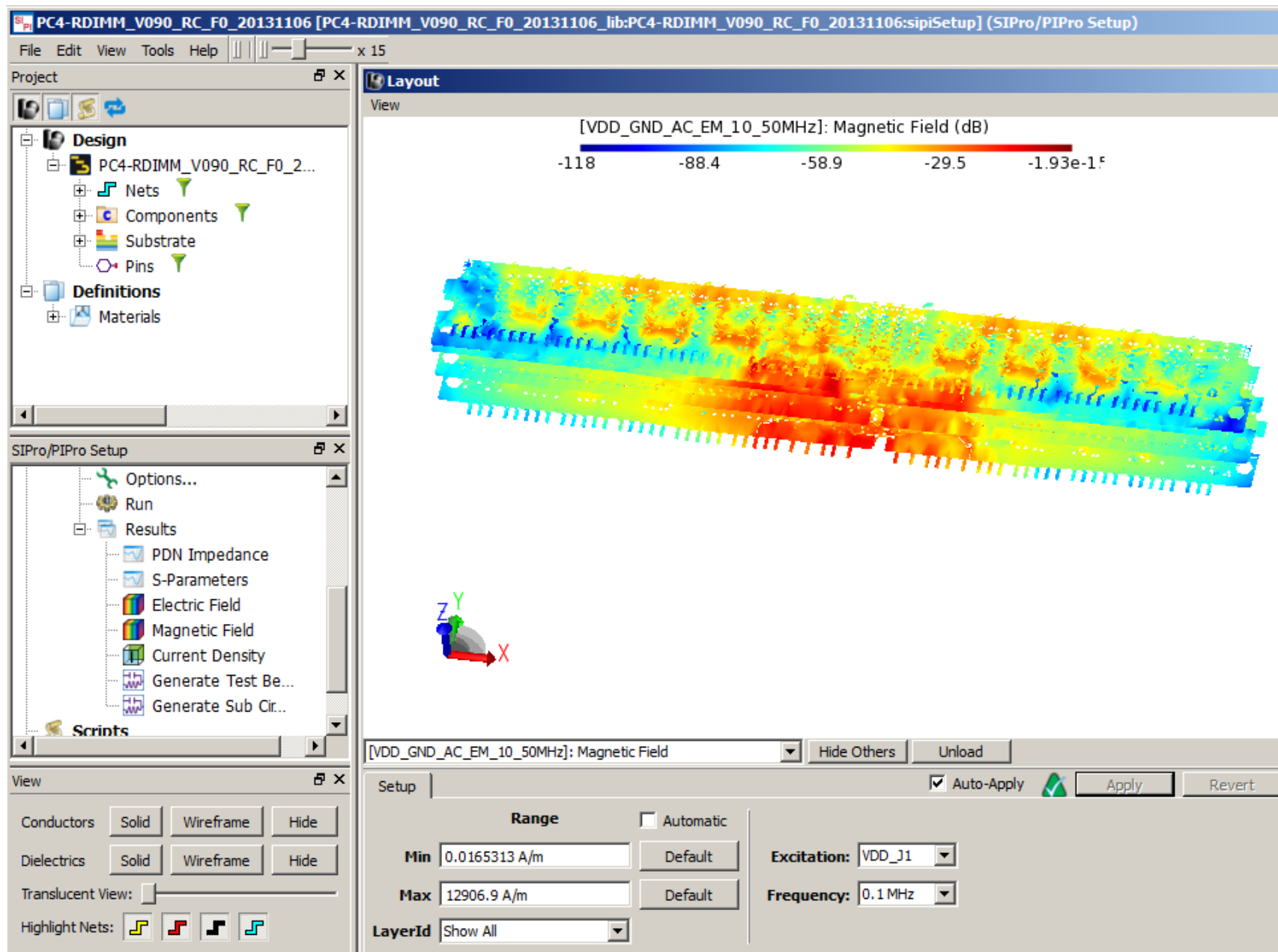


Switching Ripple
Capacitor RLC vs High Fidelity Model

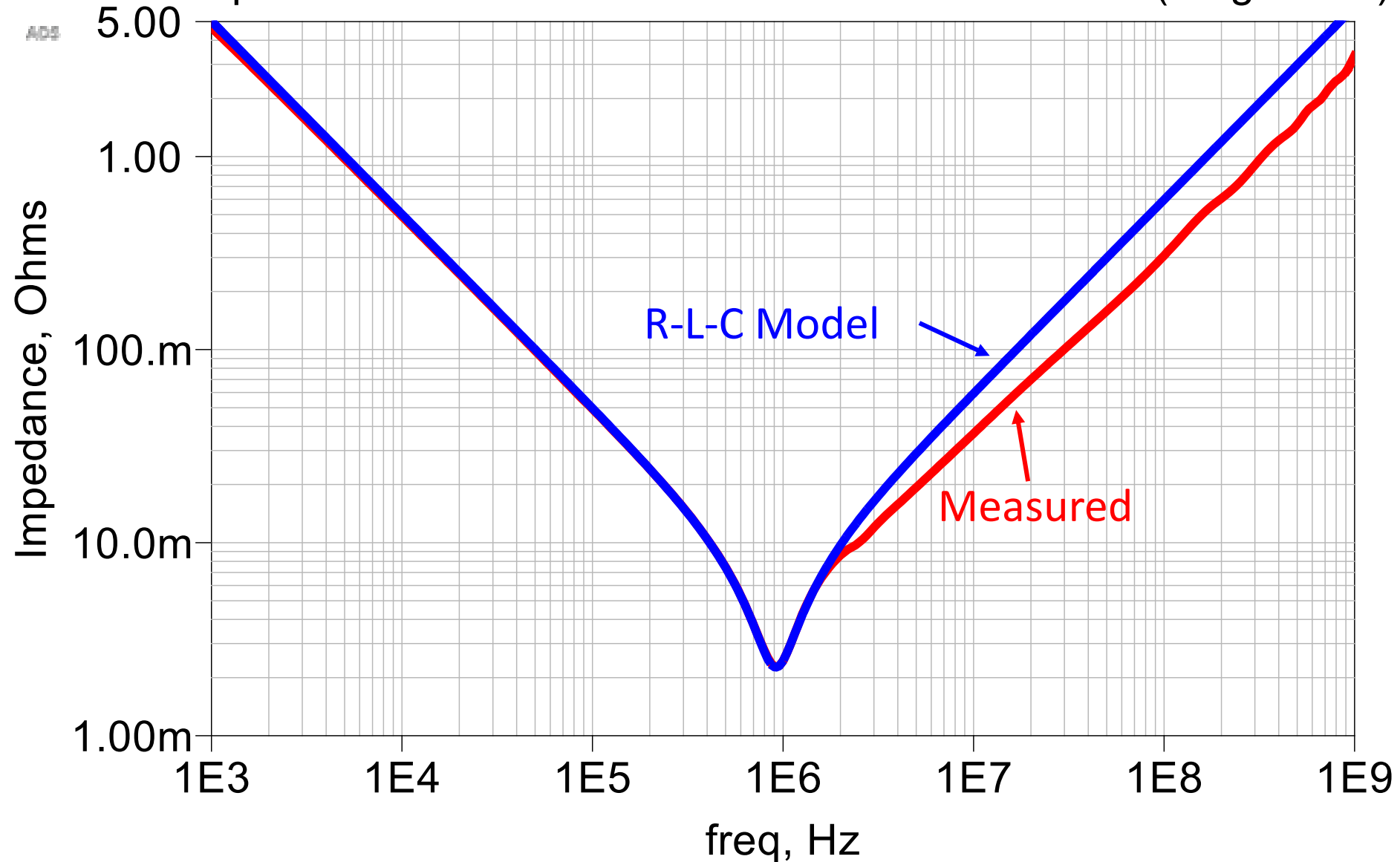


Phase Difference
Phase(RLC Model) – Phase(High Fidelity Model)





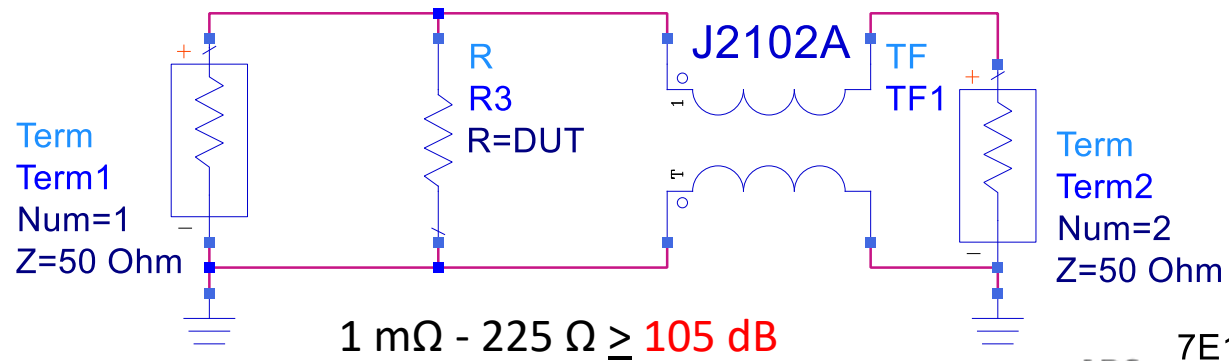
Capacitor RLC Model vs. Measured S-Parameter (Magnitude)



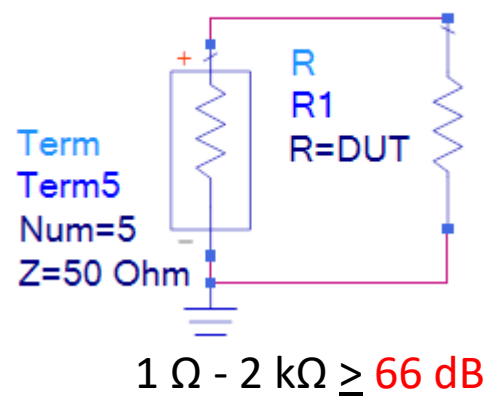
Key Topics

- How to perform a modified 2-port shunt through measurement technique for high fidelity data
- Why different simulation models are needed for SPICE and EM simulators
- How an optimizer can help create the high fidelity models from the measurements

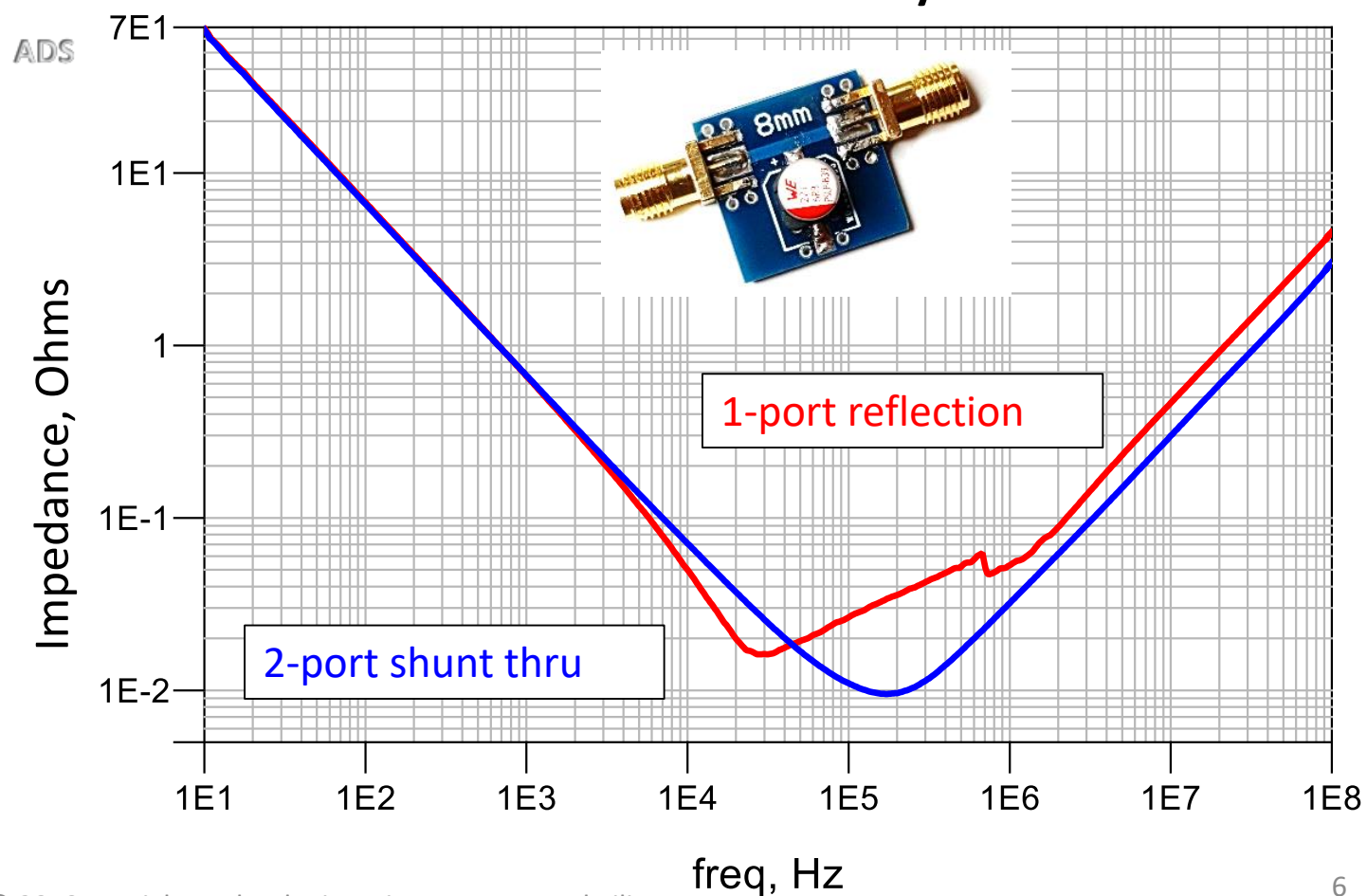
2-Port Shunt



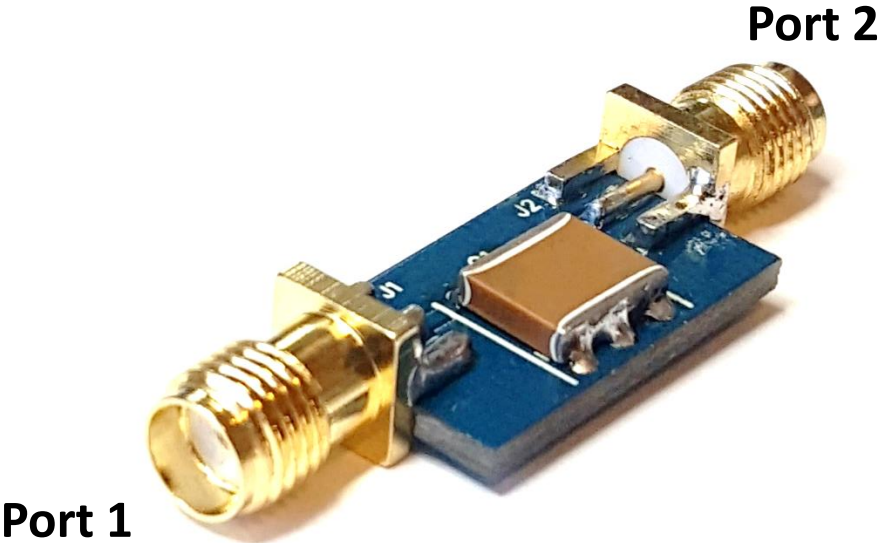
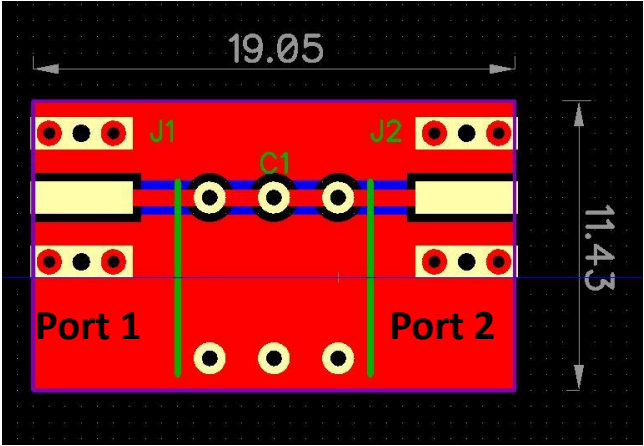
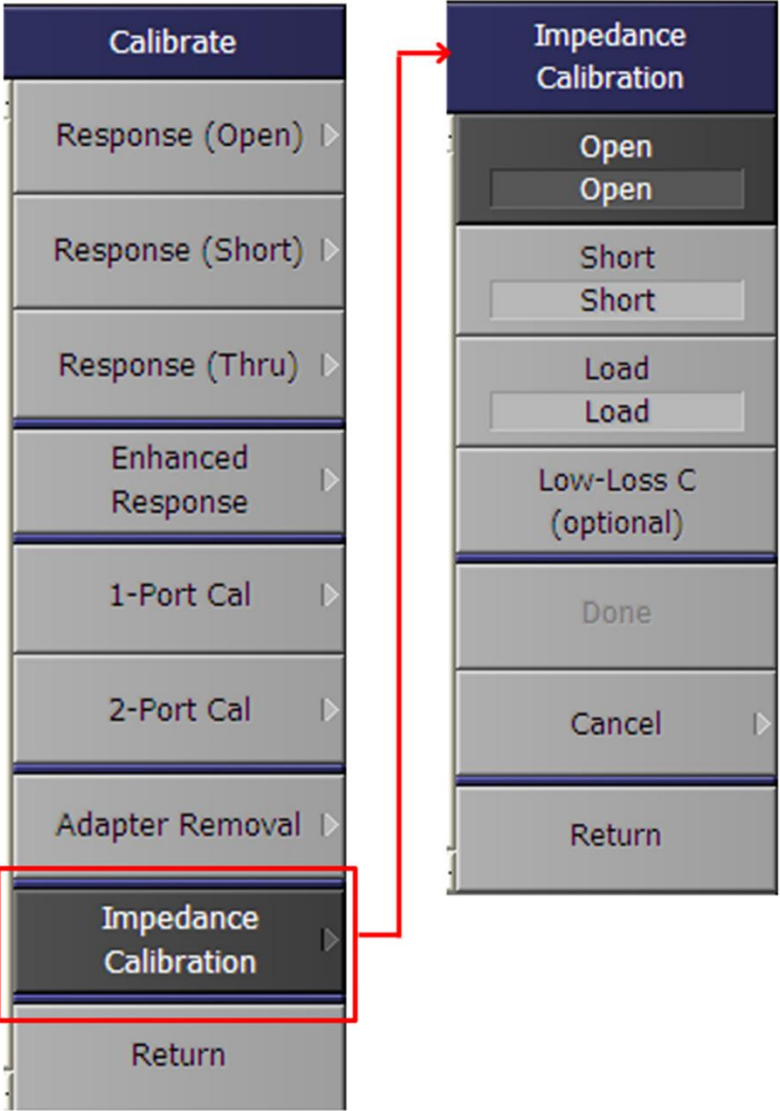
1-Port

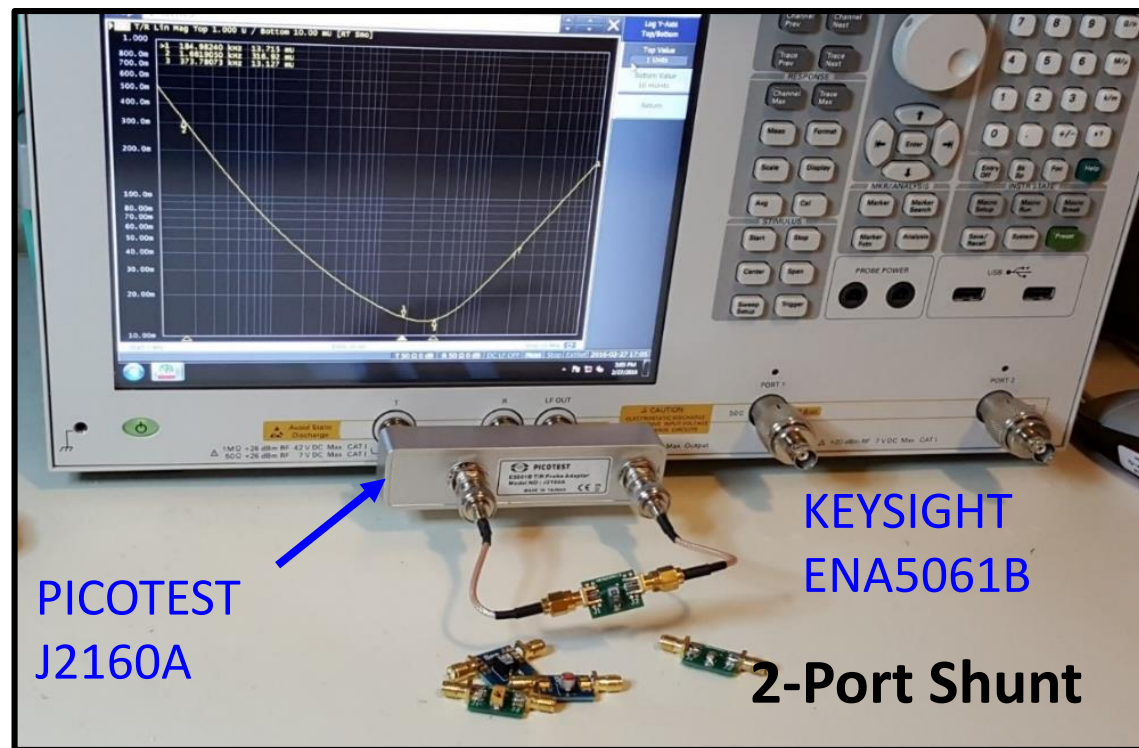


220uF Aluminum Polymer



2-Port Shunt Set-up

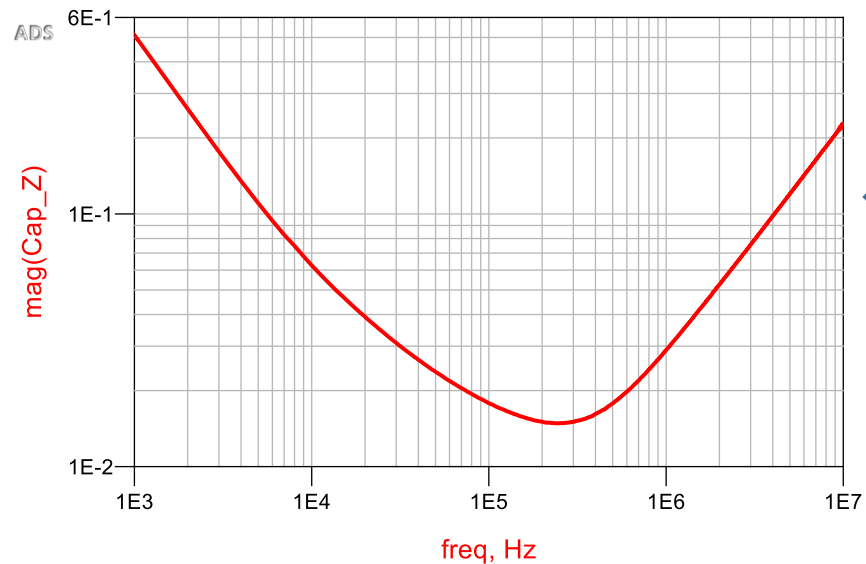




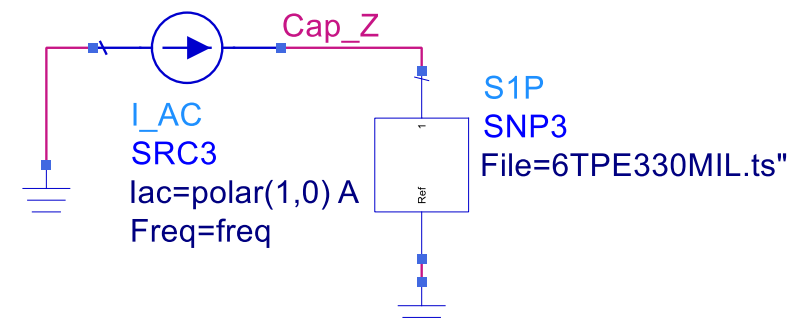
Export

Touchstone S-Parameter file

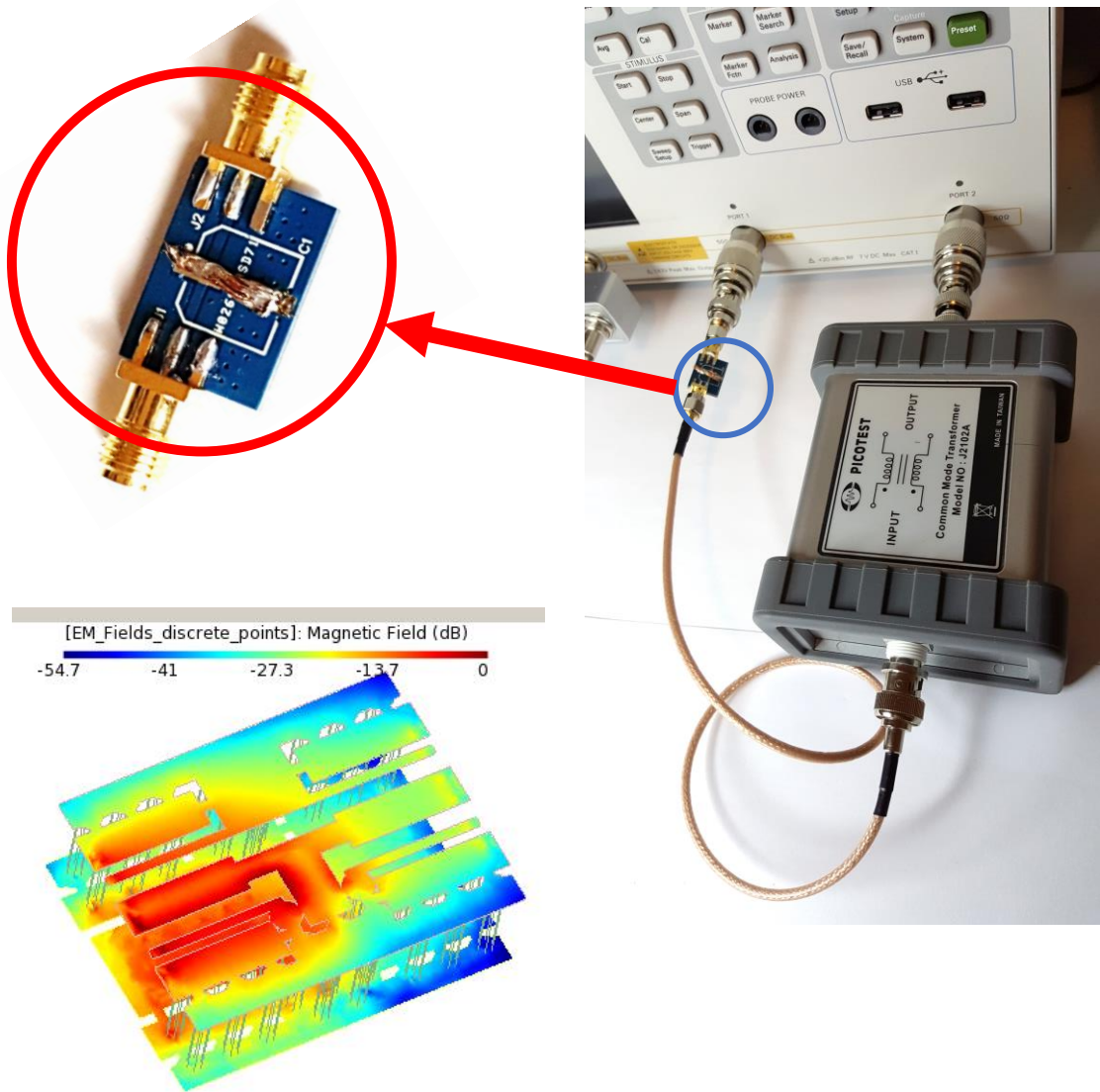
```
# Hz Z RI R 50
[Number of Ports] 1
[Number Of Frequencies] 201
[Network Data]
!freq      ReZ11      ImZ11
1000.00    0.121123    -1.537176
1047.128548 0.111947    -1.468758
1096.478196 0.104285    -1.403602
1148.153621 0.097308    -1.341032
1202.264435 0.090883    -1.280776
1258.925412 0.085359    -1.224046
1318.256739 0.079624    -1.169881
1380.384265 0.075118    -1.117441
1445.439771 0.070178    -1.067565
1513.561248 0.066014    -1.020212
1584.893192 0.061078    -0.974788
1659.586907 0.058686    -0.930364
```



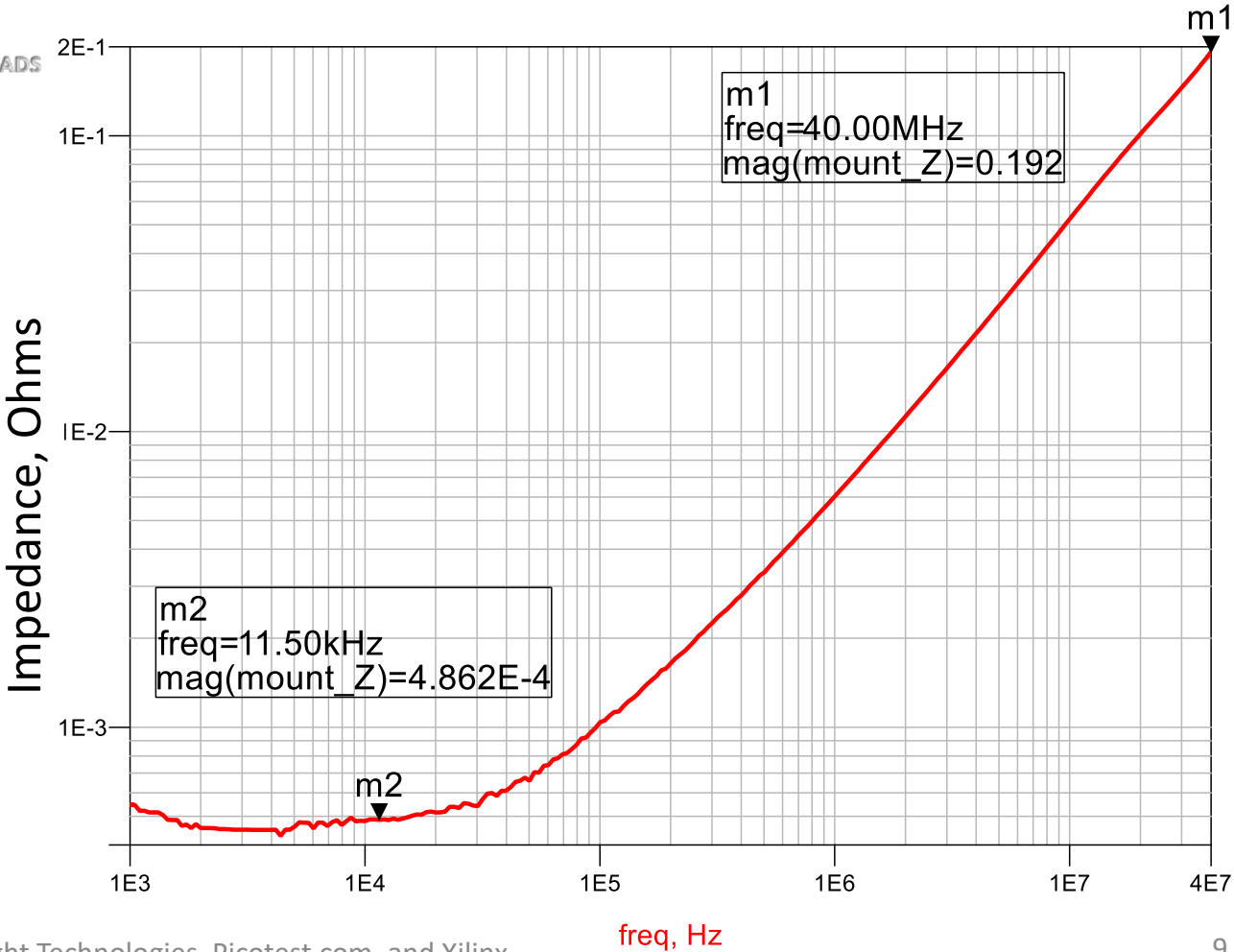
Measured
Model

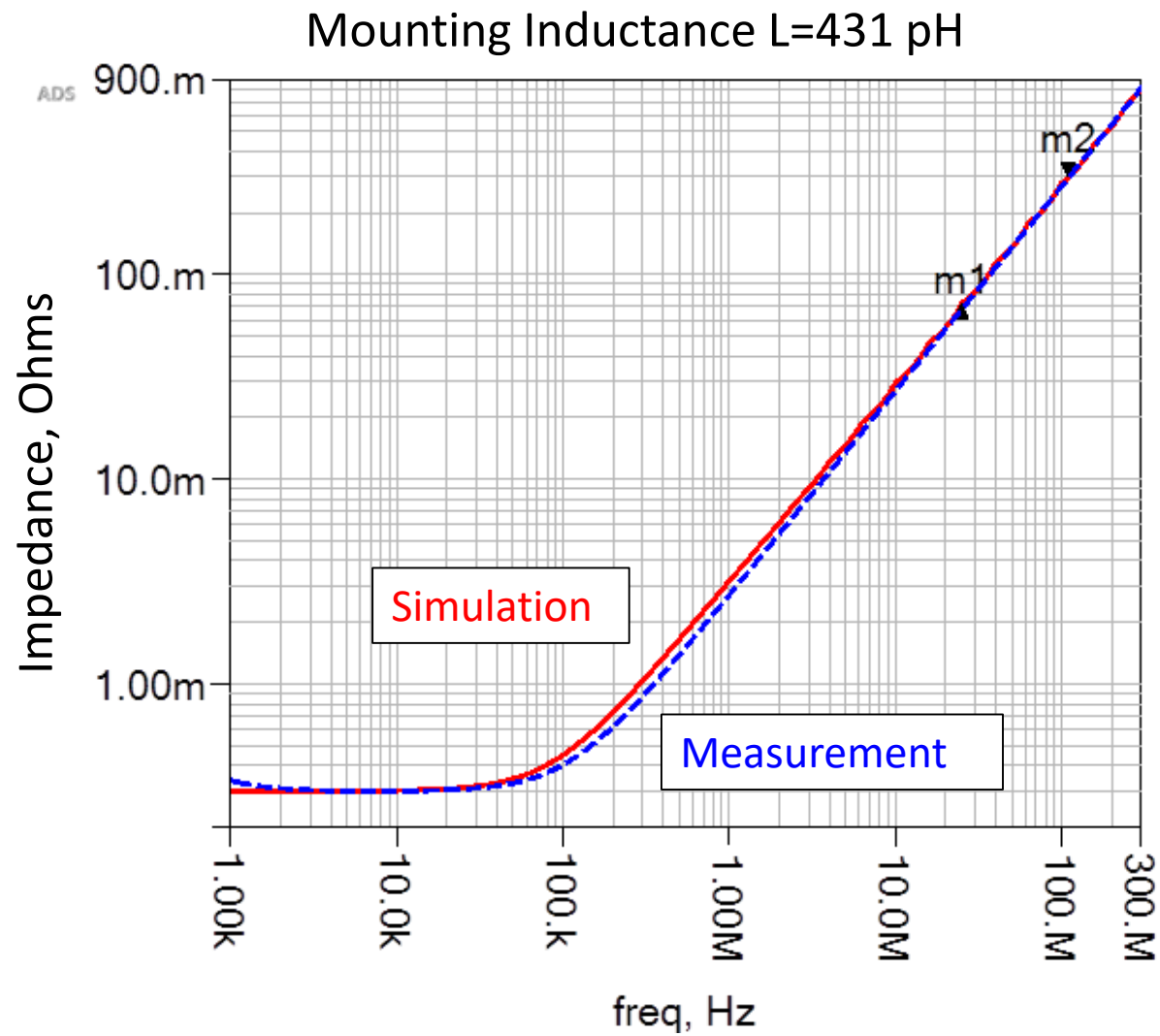
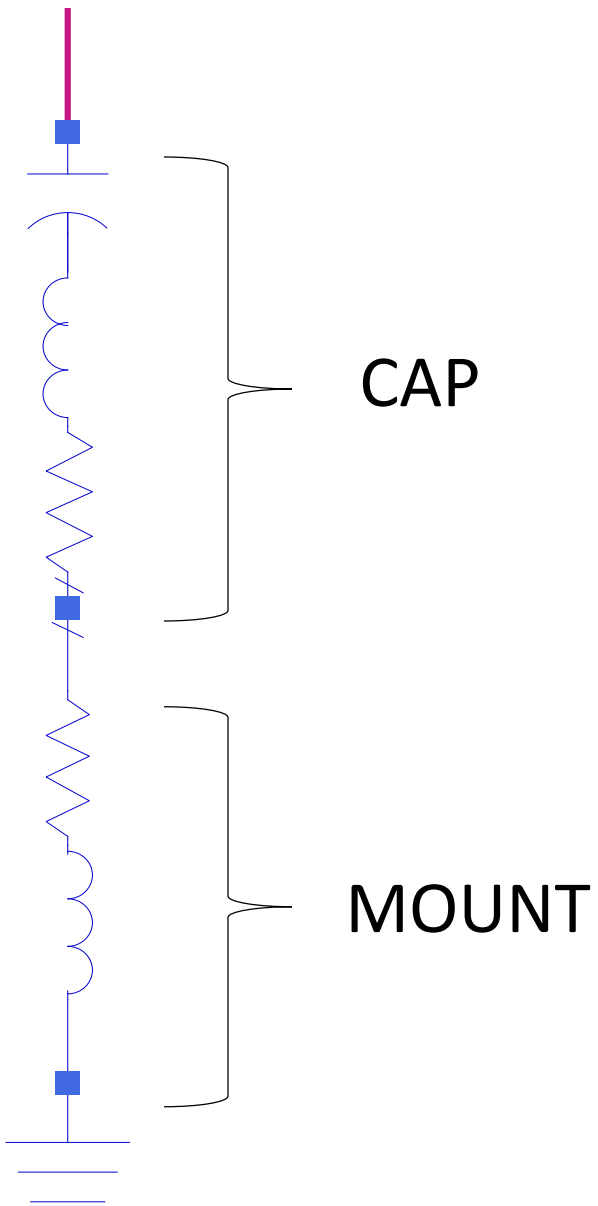


Mounting Inductance Measured with Short to Ground



$$L_{mount} = \frac{0.192}{2\pi \cdot 40MHz} = 764pH$$

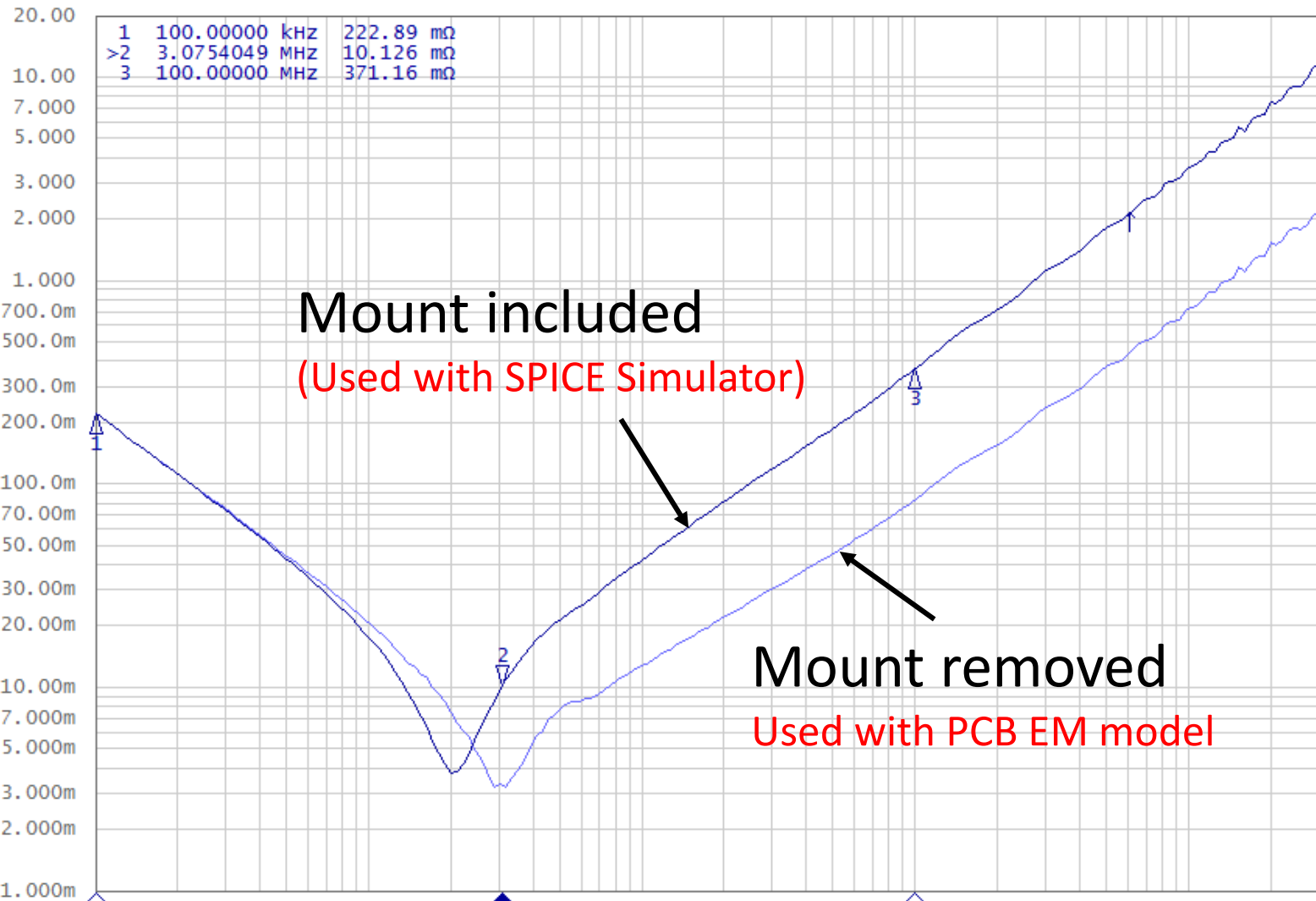




Bottom 1 mΩ

Tr1 |Z| (Port 1-2 Shunt) Top 20.00 Ω / Bottom 1.000 mΩ [RT D&M]

1	100.00000	kHz	222.89	mΩ
>2	3.0754049	MHz	10.126	mΩ
3	100.00000	MHz	371.16	mΩ



1 Start 100 kHz

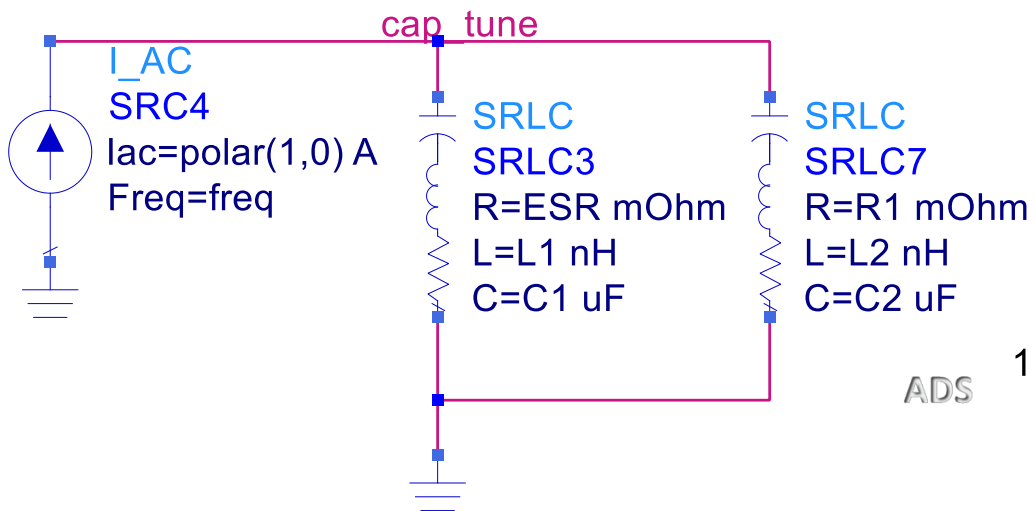
IFBW 100 Hz

Stop 3 GHz Comp Off C?

T 1M Ω 20 dB R 1M Ω 20 dB DC LF OFF Meas Stop ExtRef 2016-06-16 18:26

Log Y-Axis
Top/BottomTop Value
20 ΩBottom Value
1 mΩ

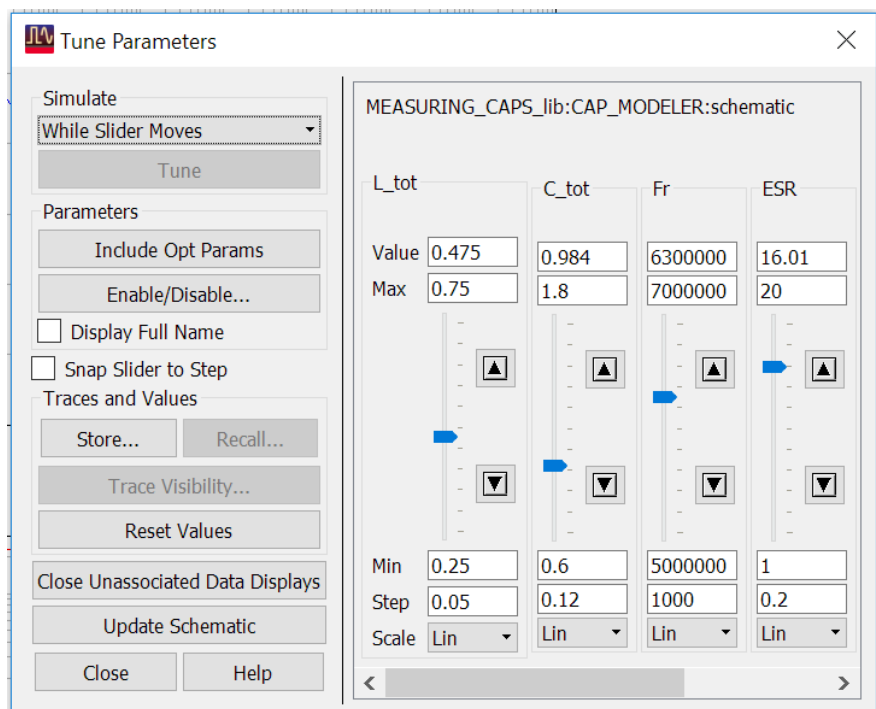
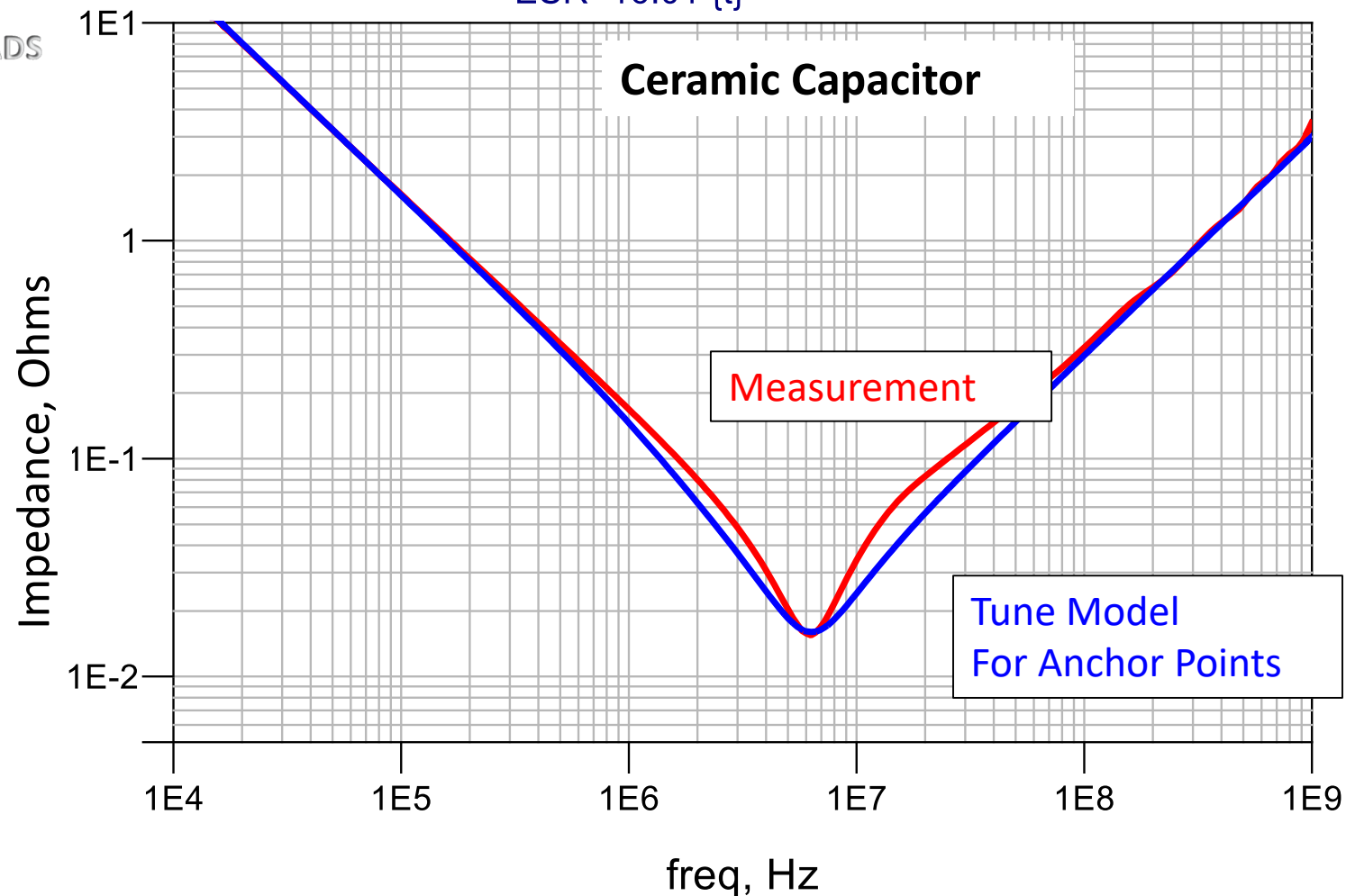
Return



Anchor values

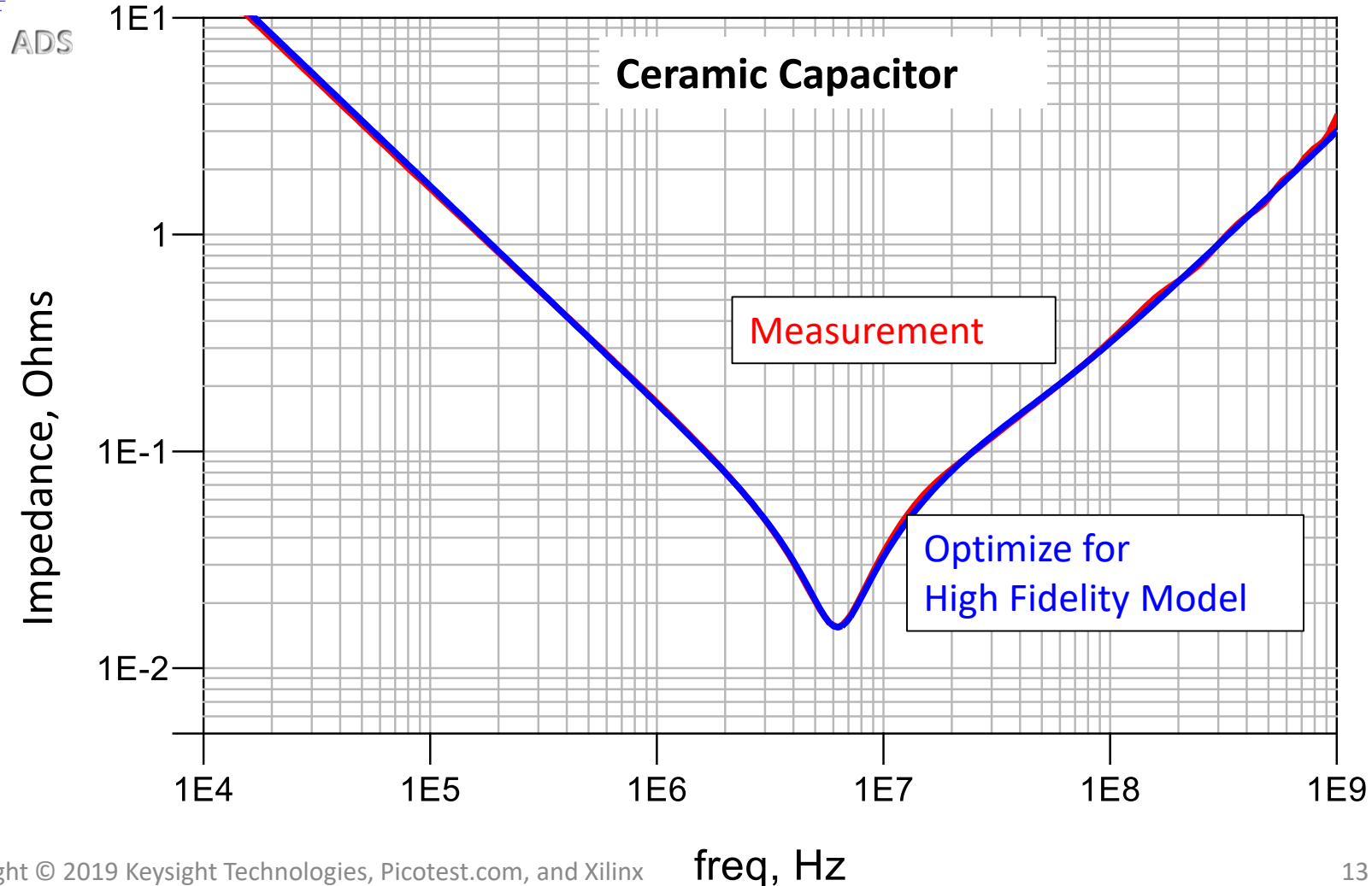
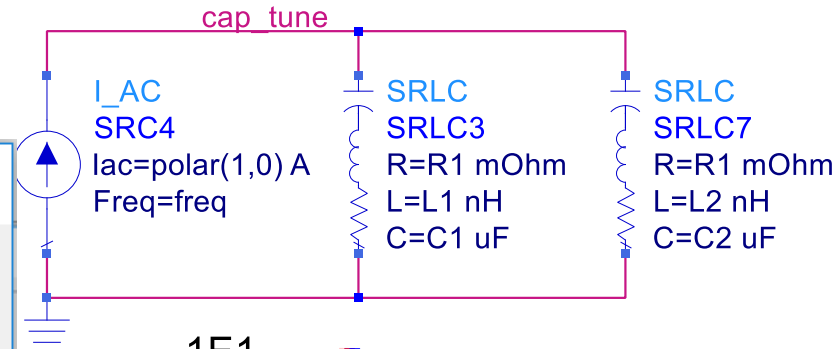
Var Eqn
VAR
VAR1
L_tot=0.475 {t}
C_tot=0.984 {t}
Fr=6300000 {t}
ESR=16.01 {t}

ADS



Shaping values

Var Egn VAR
 VAR3
 C1=0.75 {t}
 R1=311 {t}



Tune Parameters

Simulate

While Slider Moves

Tune

Parameters

Include Opt Params

Enable/Disable...

☐ Display Full Name

☐ Snap Slider to Step

Traces and Values

Store... Recall...

Trace Visibility...

Reset Values

Close Unassociated Data Displays

Update Schematic

Close Help

C1

0.814

1.5

.1

0.1

Lin

R1

435.4

466.5

.1

31.1

Lin

Anchor values

Var
Eqn

VAR
VAR9

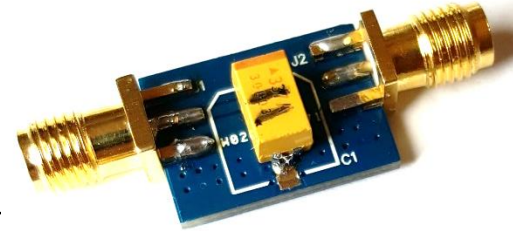
$L_{tot}=1.76 \{t\}$
 $C_{tot}=330 \{t\}$
 $F_{break}=11520 \{t\}$
 $R_{break}=42 \{t\}$
 $F_{res}=600000 \{t\}$
 $R_{res}=12 \{t\}$

Default values and tuning

Var
Eqn

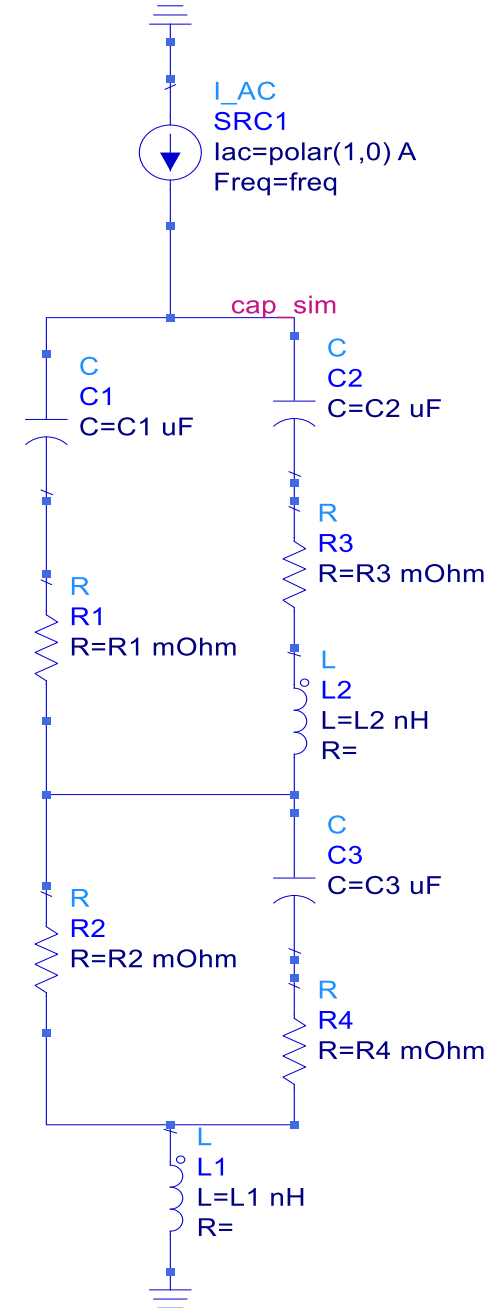
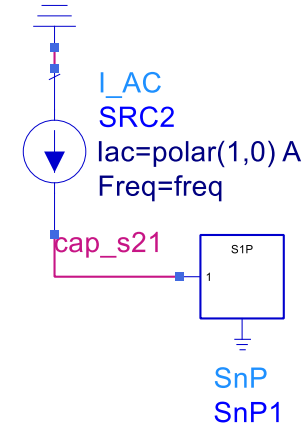
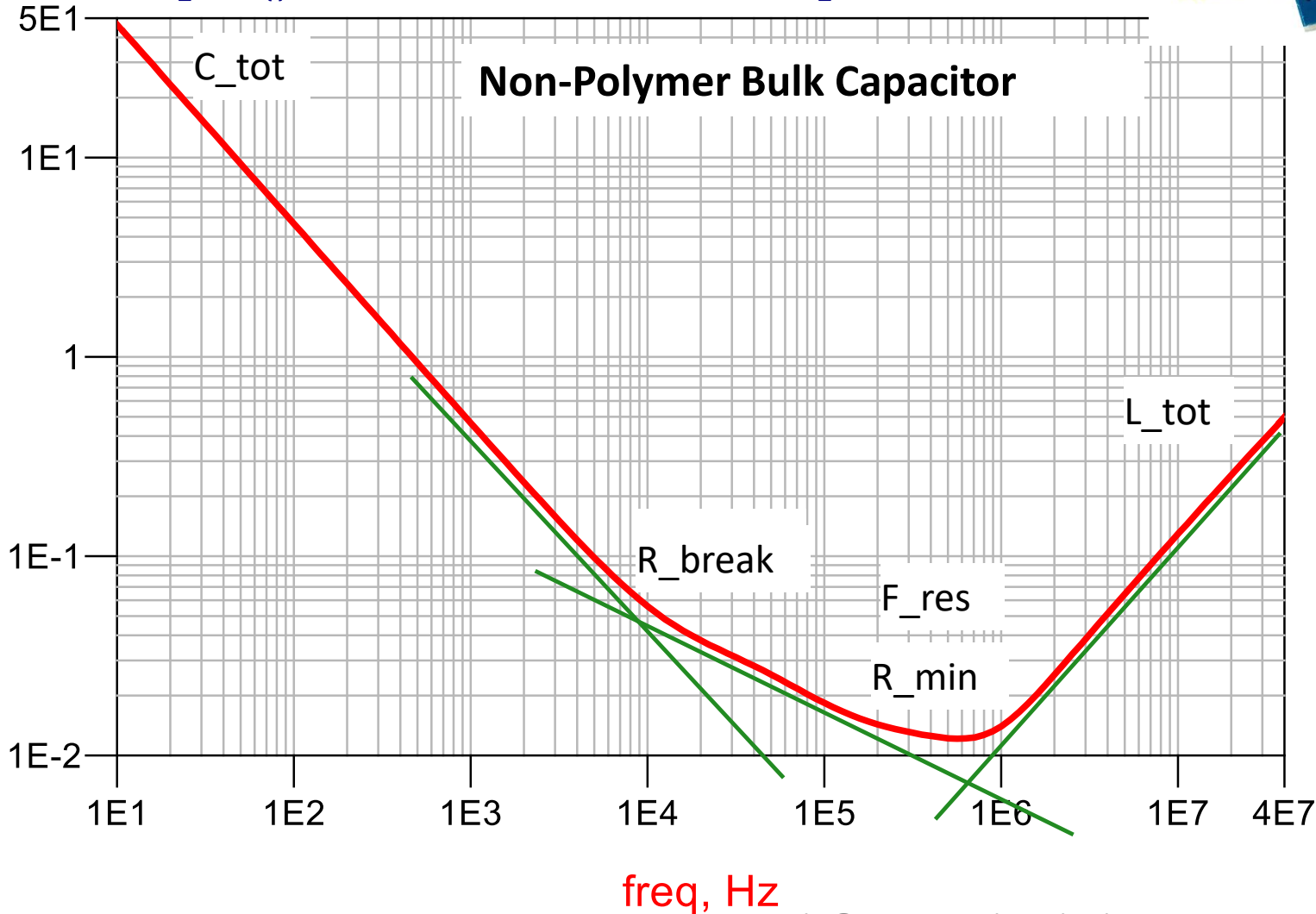
VAR
VAR6

$C1=K1*1E9/(8.89*F_{break}*R_{break})$
 $R2=K2*R_{res}$
 $L2=K3*5E15/(39.5*F_{res}*F_{res}*C_{tot})$
 $C3=K4*1E9/(15*F_{res}*R2)$
 $R4=K5*R_{res}$
 $R3=K6*R_{res}$



ADS

Measured Impedance, Ohms



Before Optimization

Shaping values

Var
Eqn

VAR
VAR12

K1=1 {t} {o}
K2=1 {t} {o}
K3=1 {t} {o}
K4=1 {t} {o}
K5=1 {t} {o}
K6=1 {t} {o}

Meas
Eqn

MeasEqn

cap_err

cap_err=mag(cap_meas)-mag(cap_sim)

cap_meas=cap_s21*25/(1-cap_s21)

GOAL

Goal

OptimGoal1

Expr="cap_err"

SimInstanceName="AC1"

Weight=1

LimitName[1]="limit1"

LimitType[1]="EqualTo"

LimitMin[1]=0

LimitMax[1]=0



OPTIM

Optim

Optim1

OptimType=Random

MaxIters=1000

UseAllOptVars=yes

UseAllGoals=yes

GoalName[1]=

SaveAllTrials=no

After Optimization

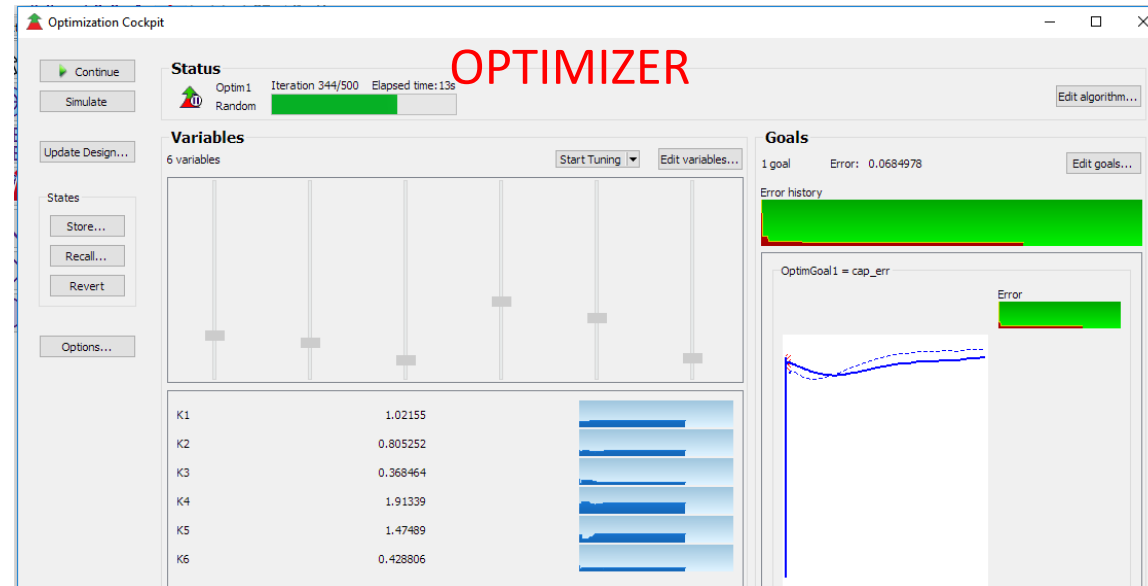
Shaping values

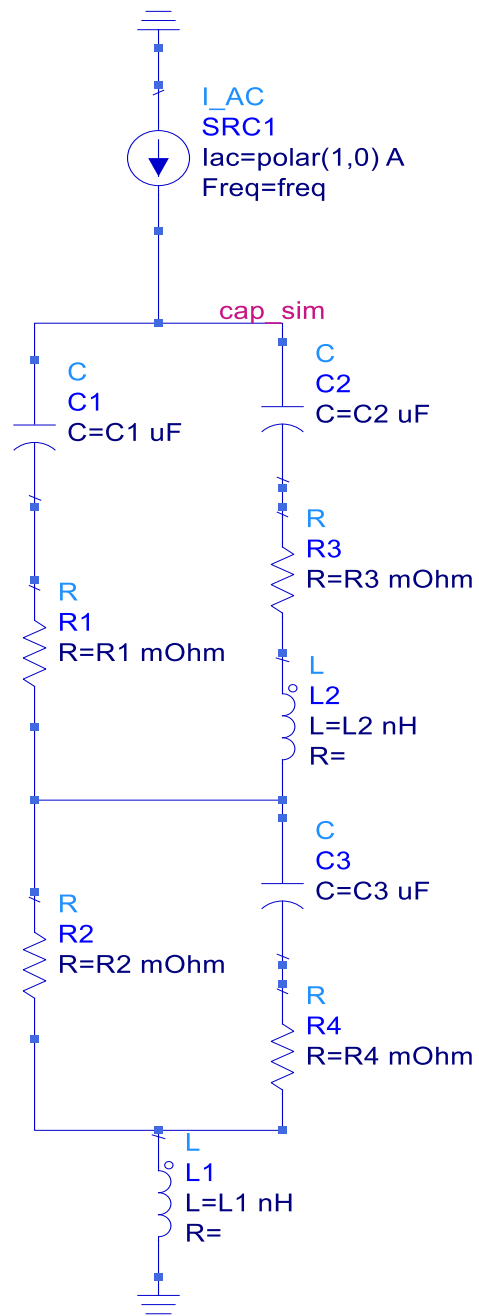
Var
Eqn

VAR

VAR11

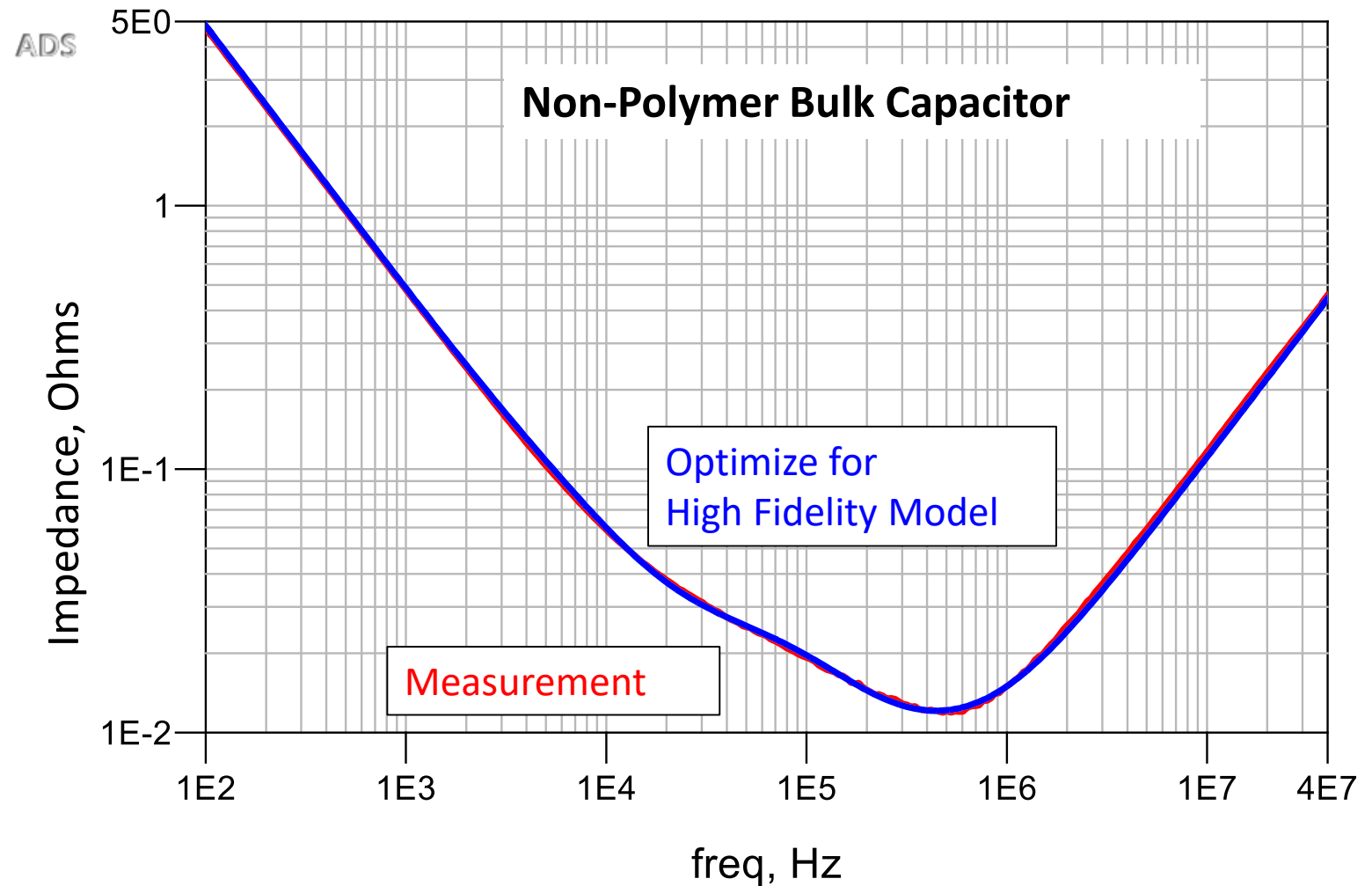
K1=1.00876 {t} {o}
K2=0.837194 {t} {o}
K3=0.41982 {t} {o}
K4=2.09546 {t} {o}
K5=1.56776 {t} {o}
K6=0.409425 {t} {o}





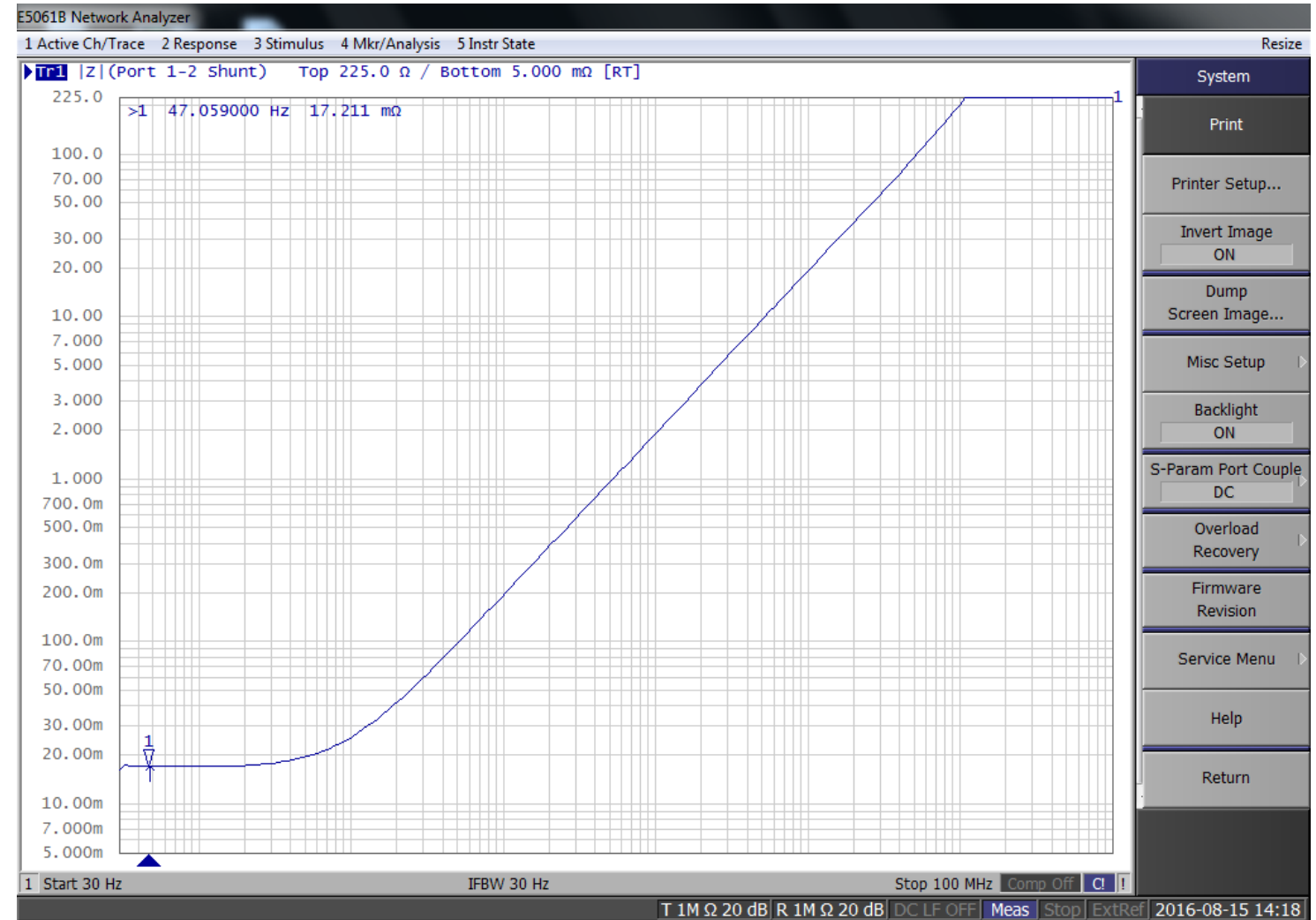
OPTIMIZER DETERMINED COMPONENT VALUES

C1_val	C2_val	C3_val	L1_val	L2_val	R1_val	R2_val	R3_val	R4_val
234.522	95.478	23.176	1.760	0.447	30.000	10.046	4.913	18.813



Inductors and Ferrite Beads

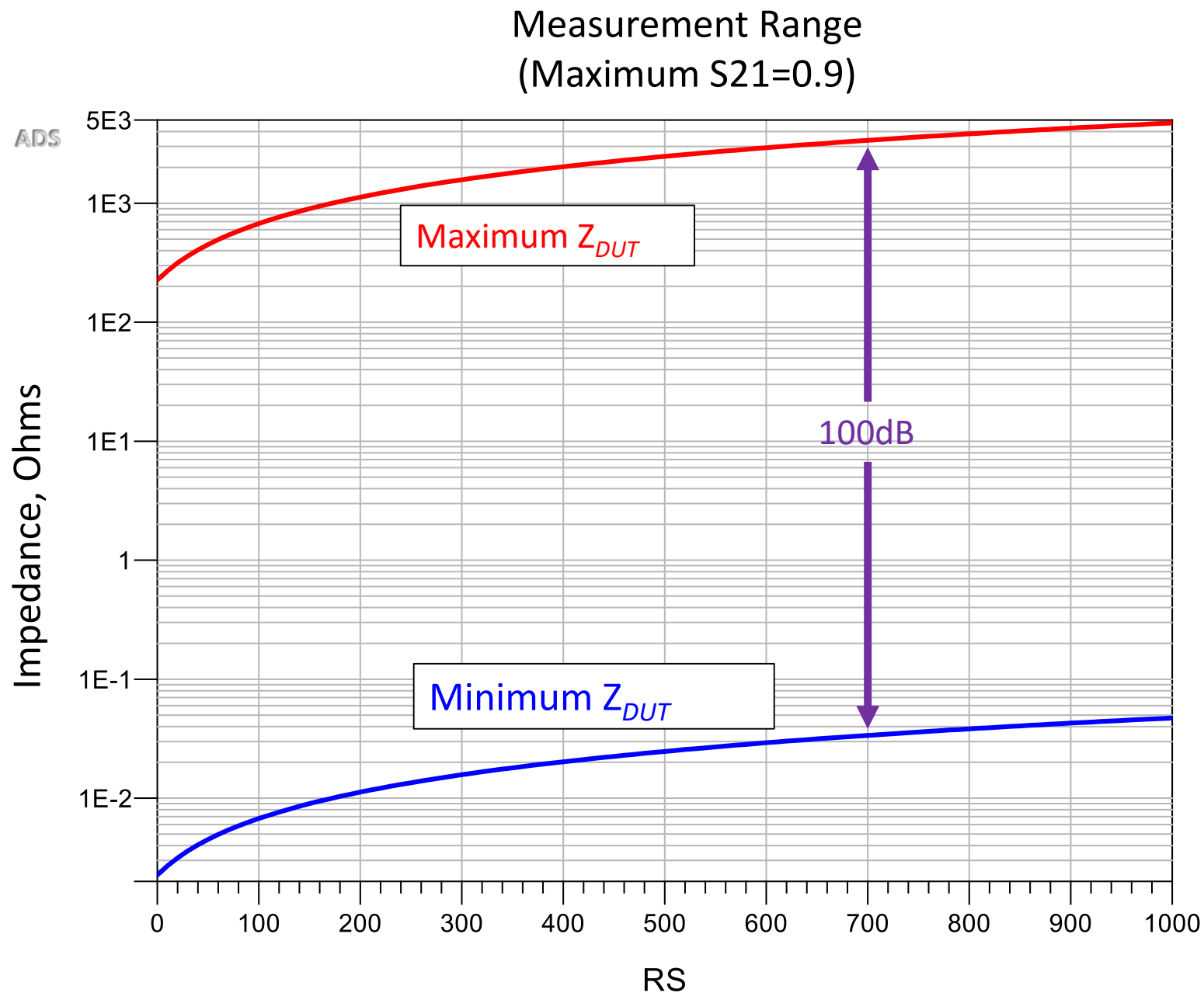
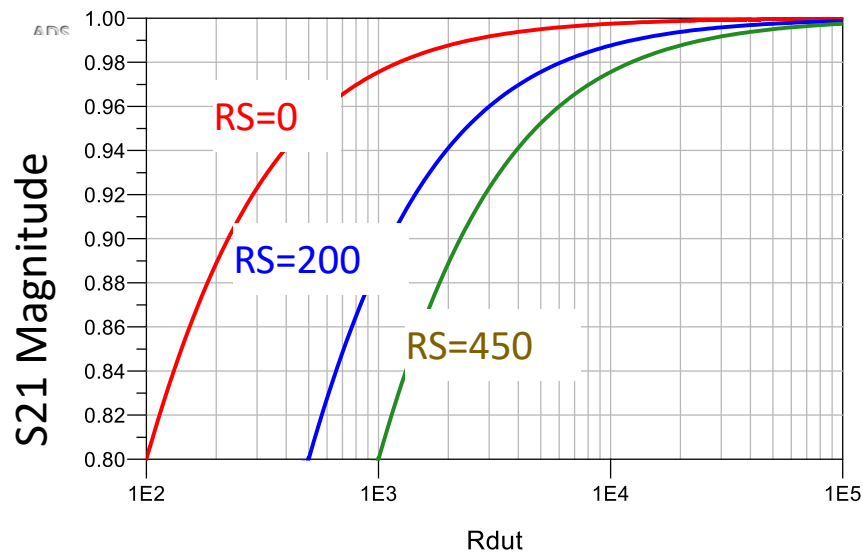
2-Port Shunt

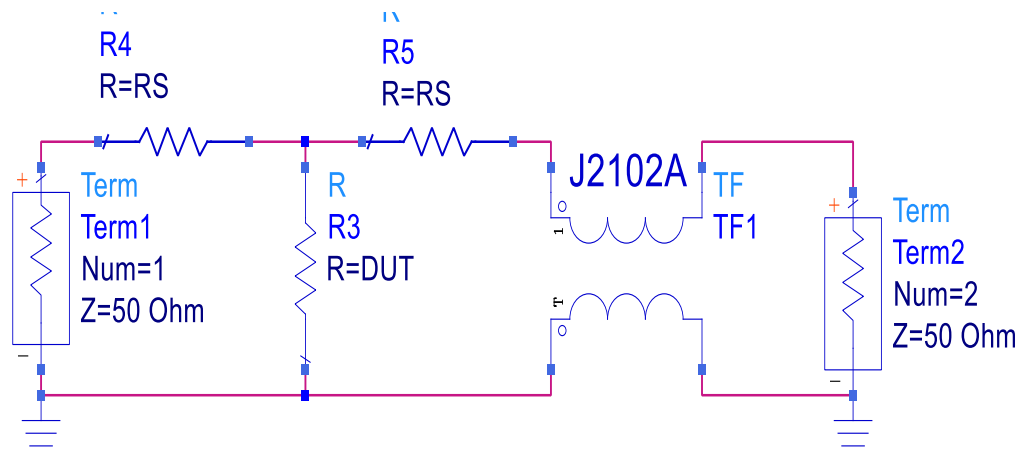


$$S_{21} = \frac{2 \cdot Z_{DUT}}{2 \cdot Z_{DUT} + Z_{ref} + R_s}$$

$$Z_{DUT} = \frac{Z_{ref} + R_s}{2} \frac{S_{21}}{1 - S_{21}}$$

Increasing R_s

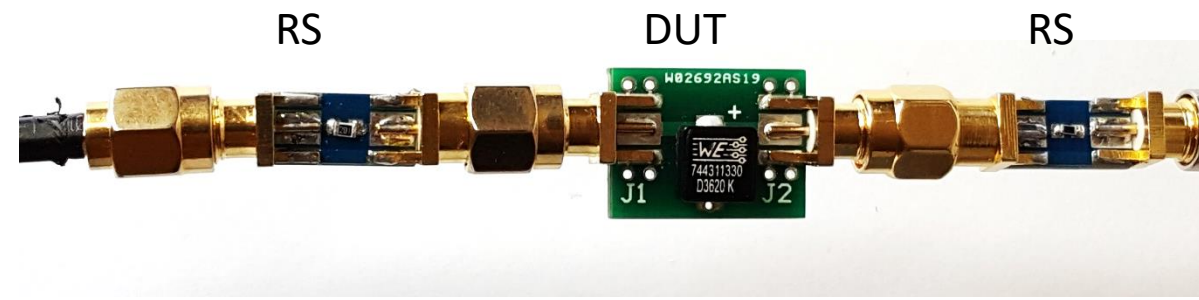




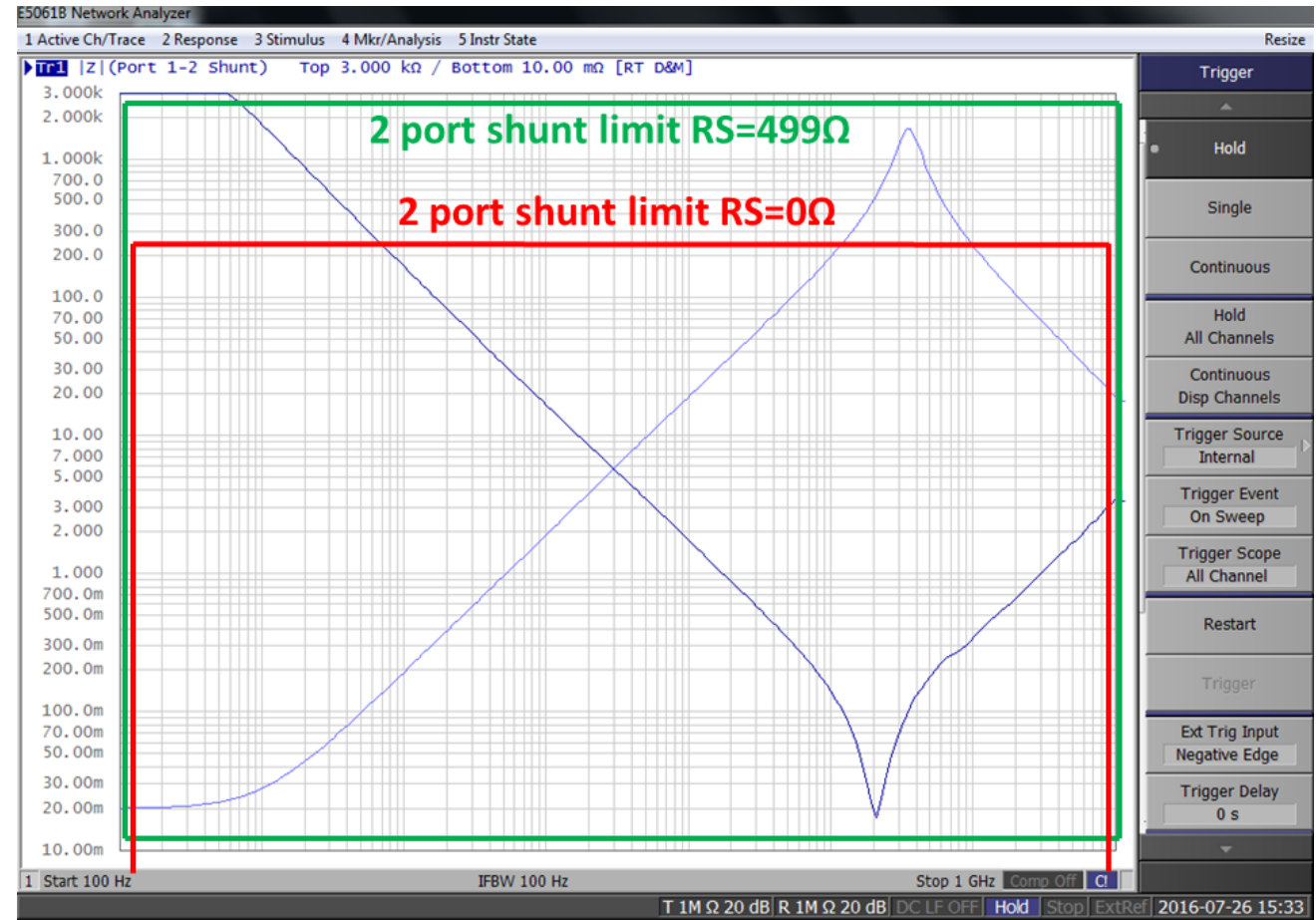
$$Z_{DUT} = \frac{Z_{ref} + R_s}{2} \frac{S_{21}}{1 - S_{21}}$$

$$S_{21} = \frac{2 \cdot Z_{DUT}}{2 \cdot Z_{DUT} + Z_{ref} + R_s}$$

Series Resistor	Min Z	Max Z
200Ω	5 mΩ	1.125kΩ
450Ω	10 mΩ	2.25kΩ
499Ω	11mΩ	2.48kΩ
950Ω	20 mΩ	4.5kΩ



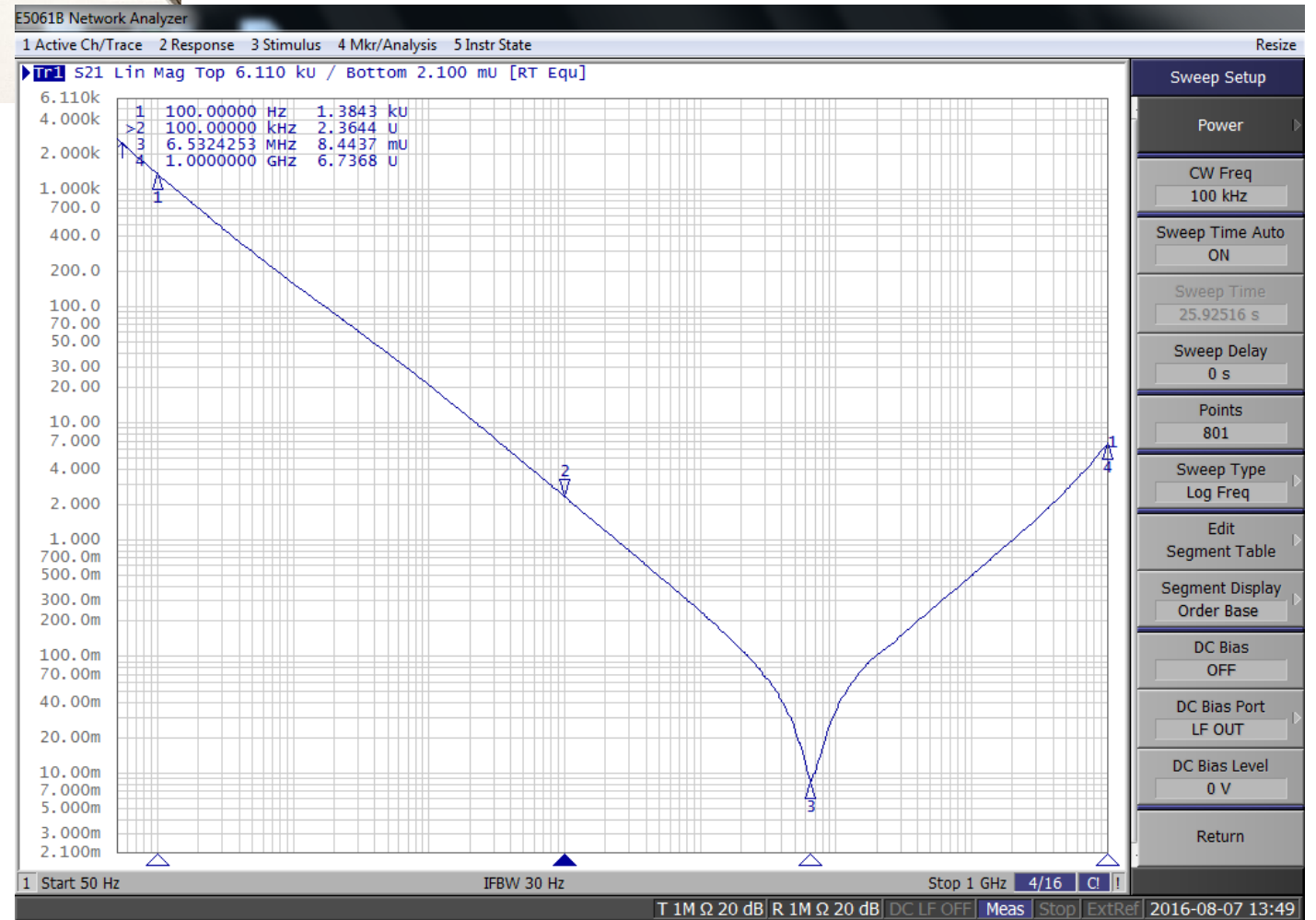
Measurement Range





0.1 uF Ceramic Capacitor

Measured Impedance, Ohms



Summary

- How to perform a modified 2-port shunt through measurement technique for high fidelity data
- Why different simulation models are needed for SPICE and EM simulators
- How an optimizer can help create the high fidelity models from the measurements

Big Screen Simulation and Measurement Demo

- Measurement Demo E5061B VNA 2-Port Shunt
- ADS Lab2 Demo

Hands-On Lab 2:

190219_ADS_PI_Lab2_CapModel_2prtShunt_v2_wrk.7zads

Basics –

2- Port Shunt Impedance Measurement

Explore –

Capacitor and Inductor Models

Advanced –

Separating PCB Parasitics from Component Models