



# FieldFox Handheld Education Series Part 4: Techniques for Precise Time Domain Measurements in the Field

## FieldFox Handheld Education Series

- Interference Testing
- Cable and Antenna Measurements
- Calibration and Alignment
- Time Domain Measurements
- Precise Power Measurements

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Business Development Engineer

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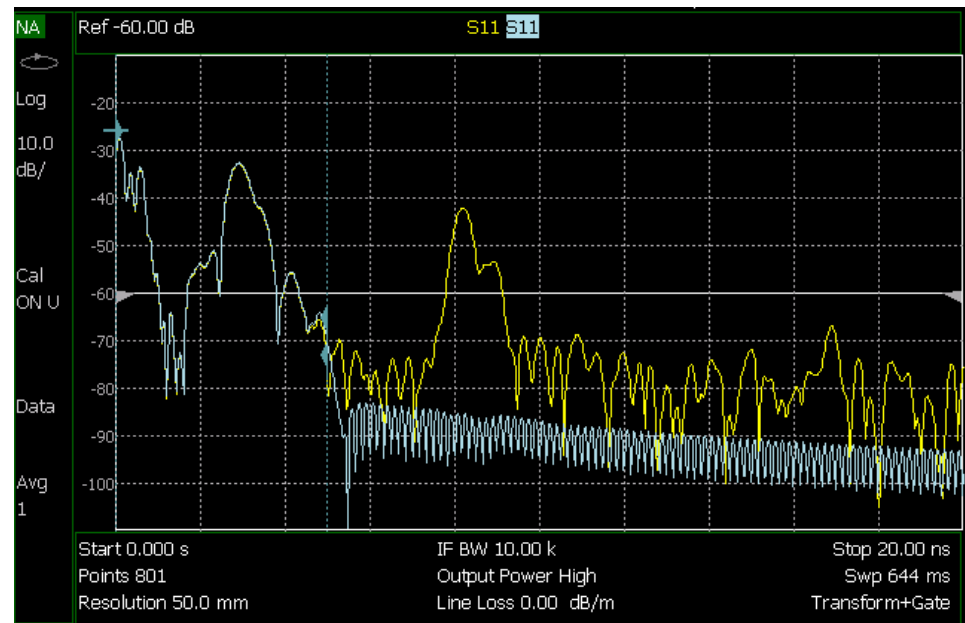


Gap Wireless

Anticipate — Accelerate — Achieve



# Techniques for Precise Time Domain Measurements in the Field



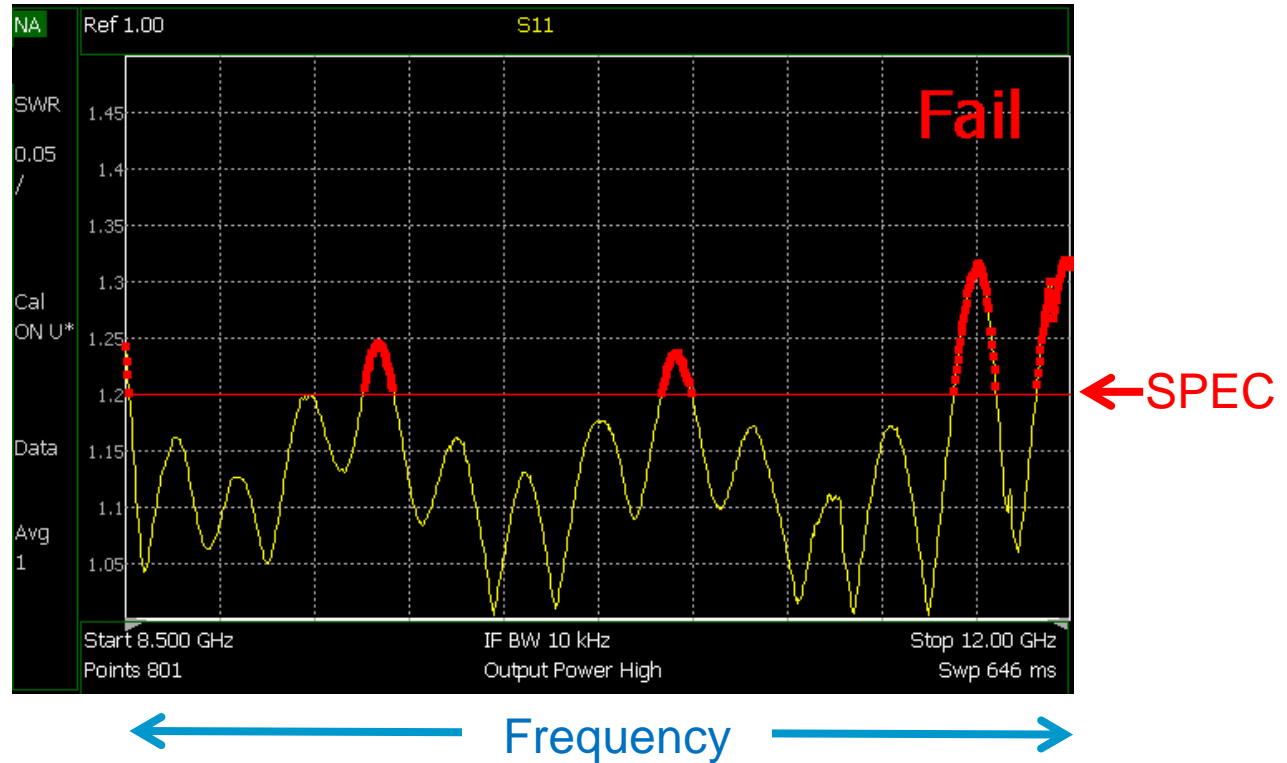
# Outline

- Frequency and Time Domain Testing
- Instruments with Time Domain Capability
- Frequency to Time Transformation
- Time Gating
- Masking Effects
- Distance to Fault Calculations
- Optimizing Time Domain Measurements

# Frequency Domain Response

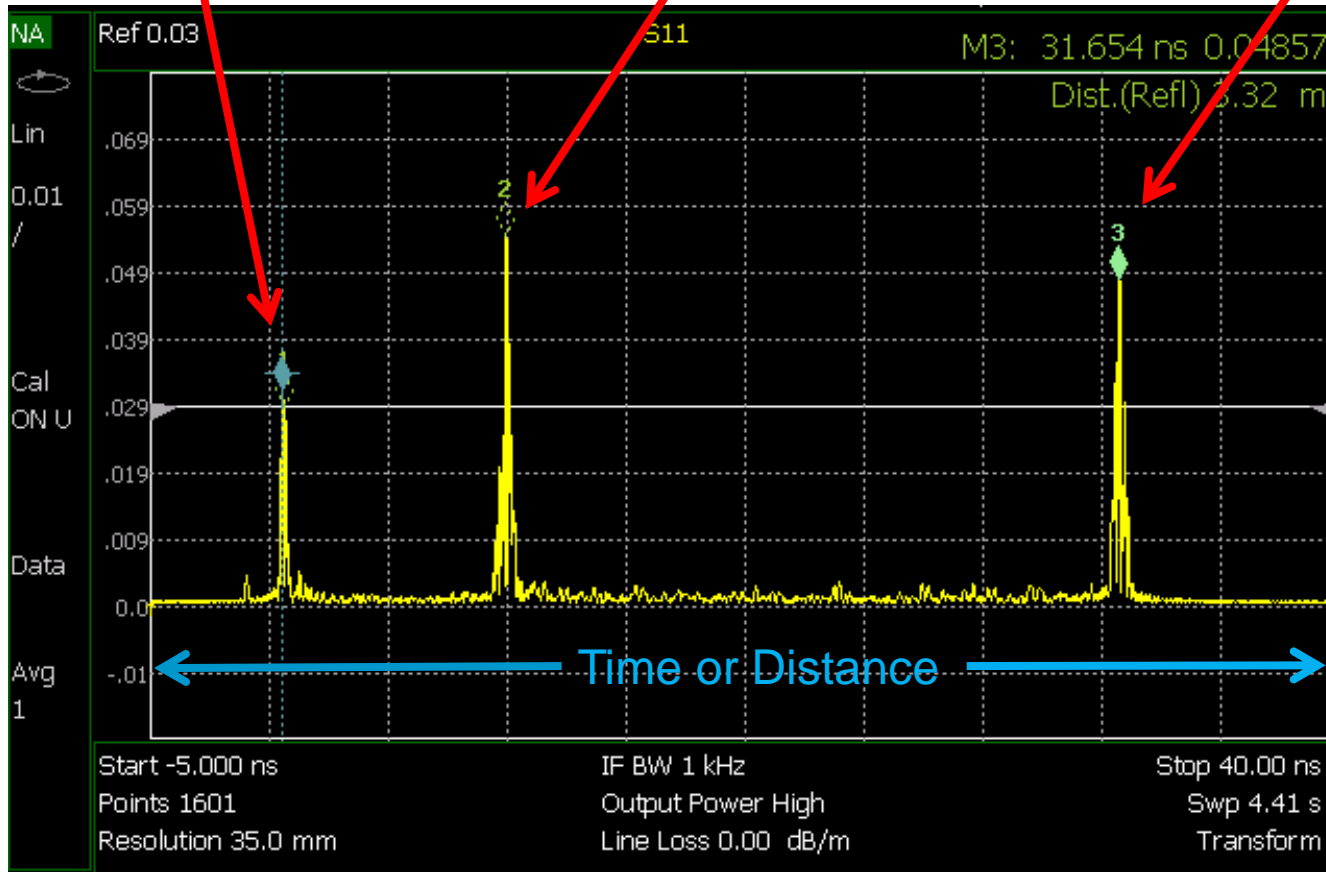


Measured VSWR of complete system



Which component is causing the problem ?  
Where is the fault located ?

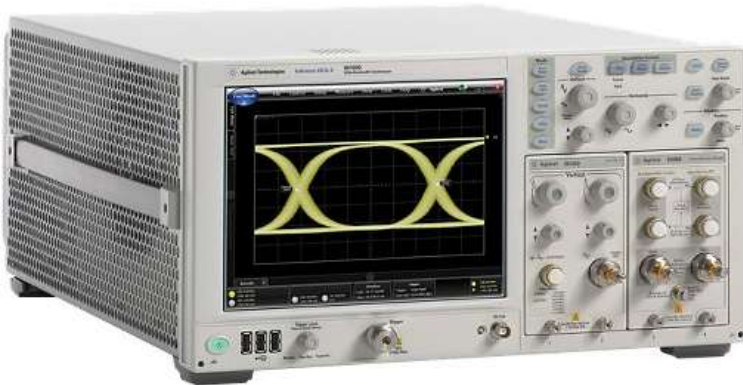
# Time Domain Response



Observe individual discontinuities as a function of time or distance

# Equipment Types with Time Domain Capability

## Time Domain Reflectometer (TDR)



86100D DCA with 54754A TDR Module

- True time-sampled measurements
- Step Generator with fast rise time
- Oscilloscope-based

## Vector Network Analyzer (VNA) Cable and Antenna Test (CAT) Analyzer



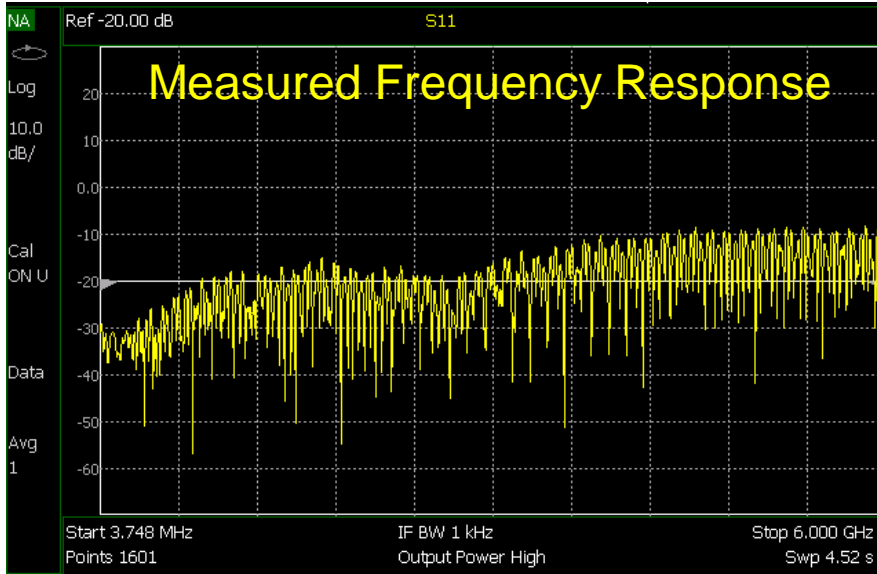
N9918A FieldFox  
30 kHz to 26.5 GHz

- Swept frequency measurements
- Transform to time domain
- High dynamic range receiver
- Measure band-limited devices

# Measured Frequency to Time Transformation

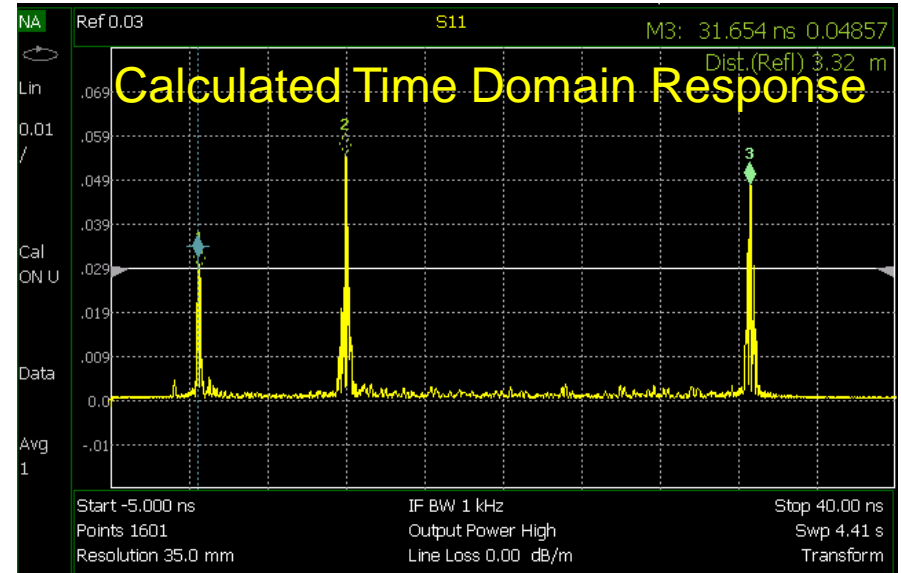
FieldFox  
VNA or CAT

Device under test (DUT)

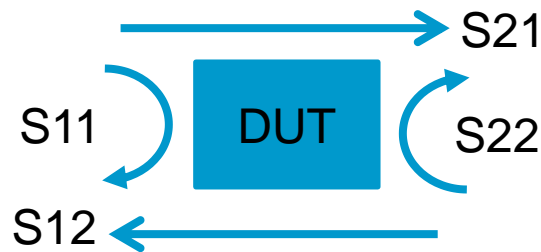


← Measure S-parameter (e.g. S11 shown here)

Activate Time Transform on VNA



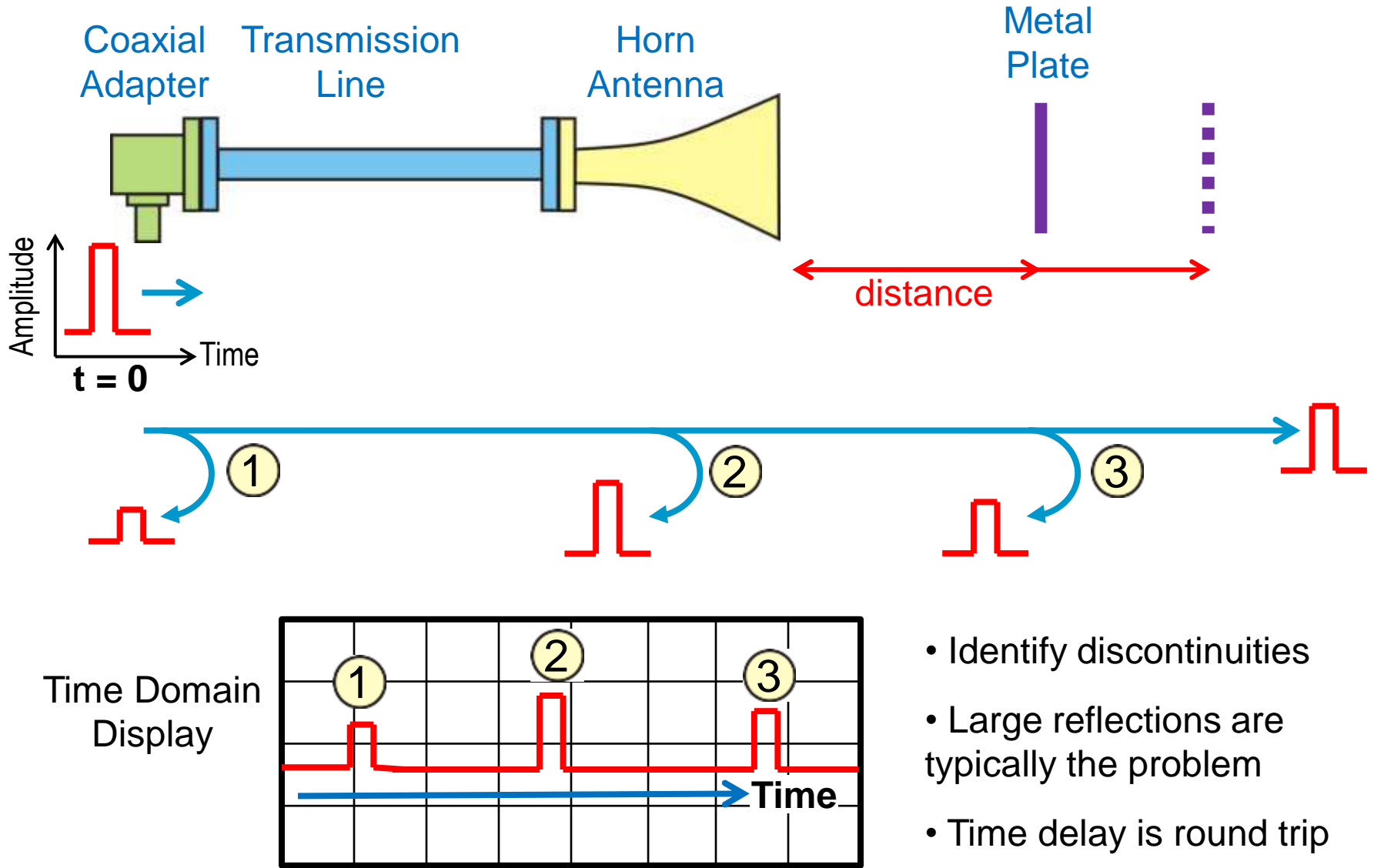
Perform Time Transform on any S-parameter



Agilent Technologies



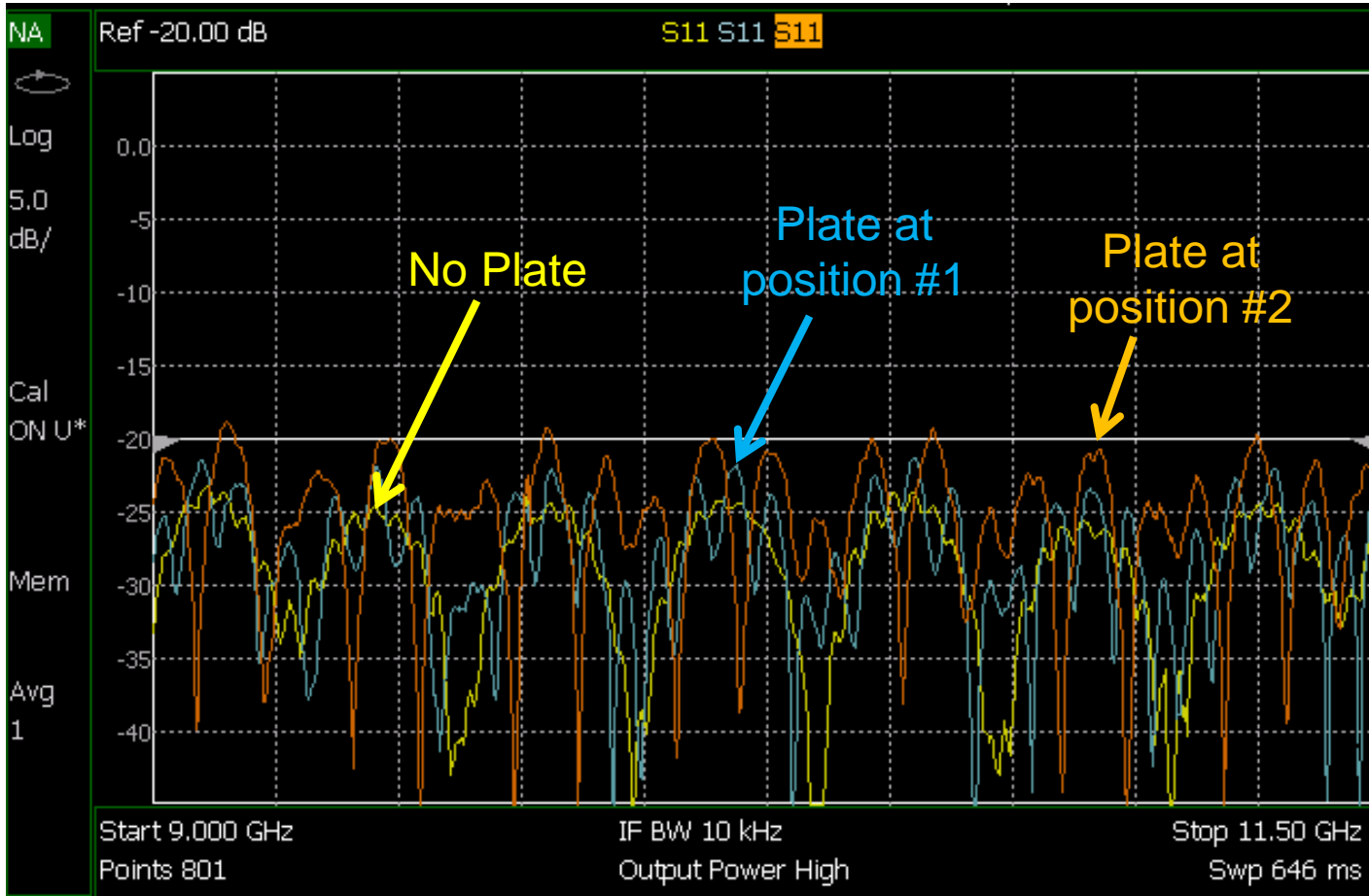
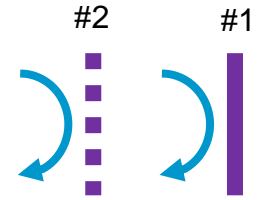
# Time Domain Example





# Measured Frequency Response

Begin with the frequency response of S11

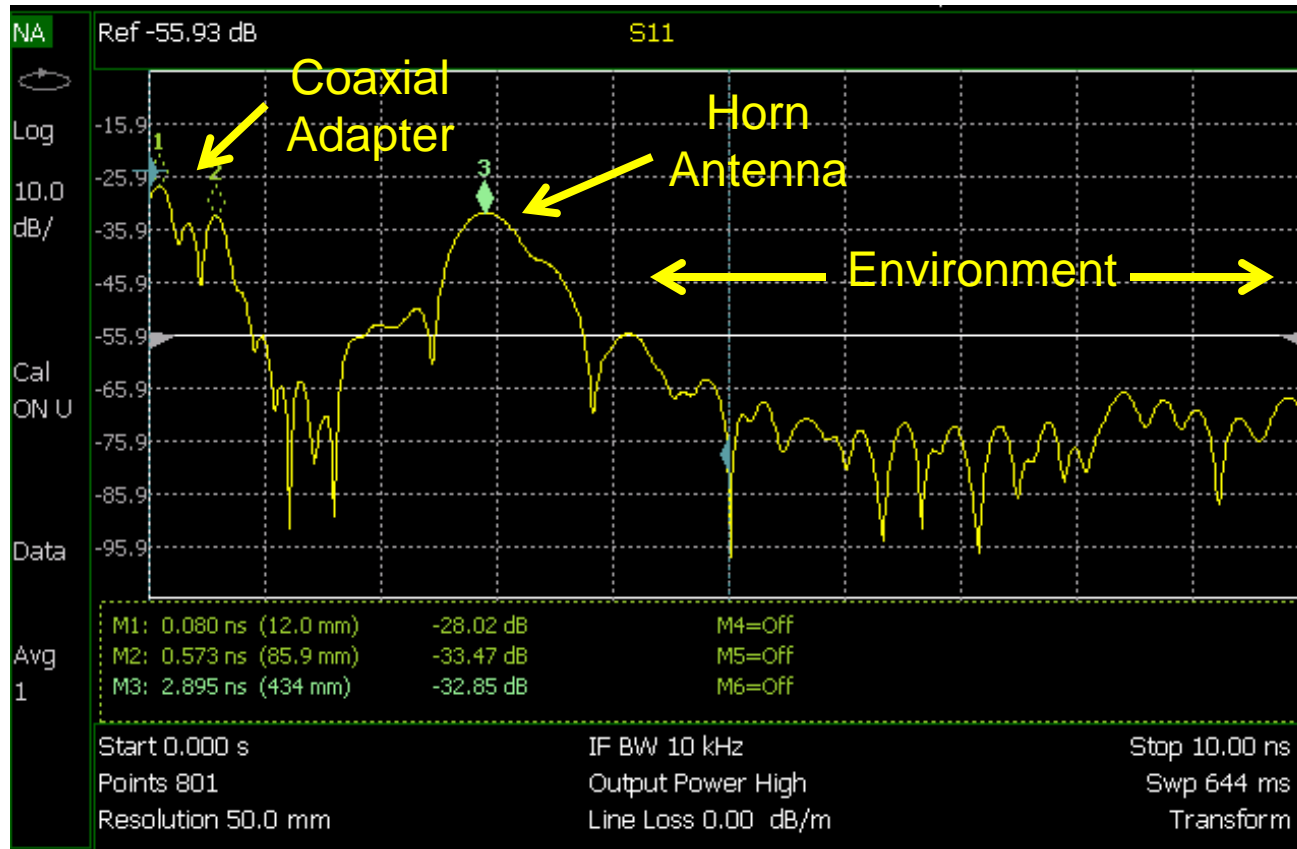


Reflections from environment create additional ripple in frequency response

# Time Domain Transform – No Plate

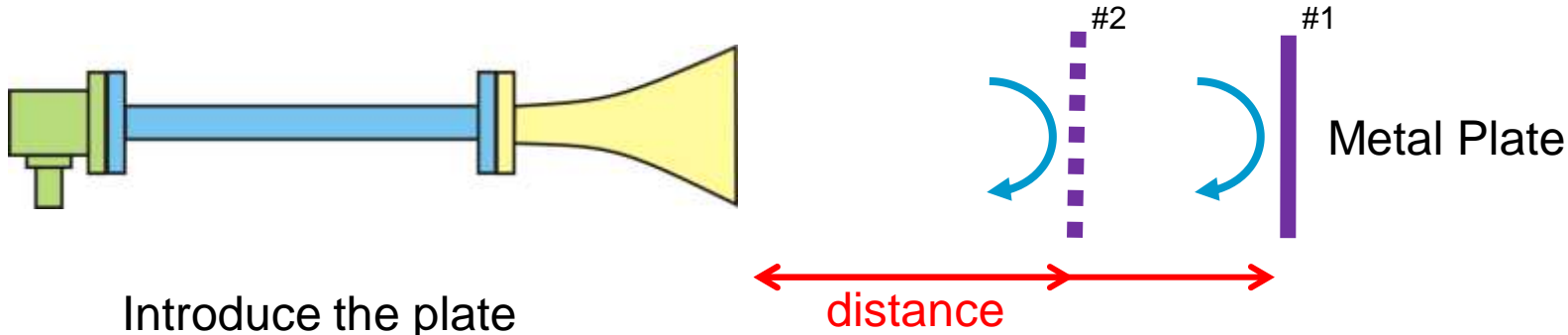


Transform into the time domain

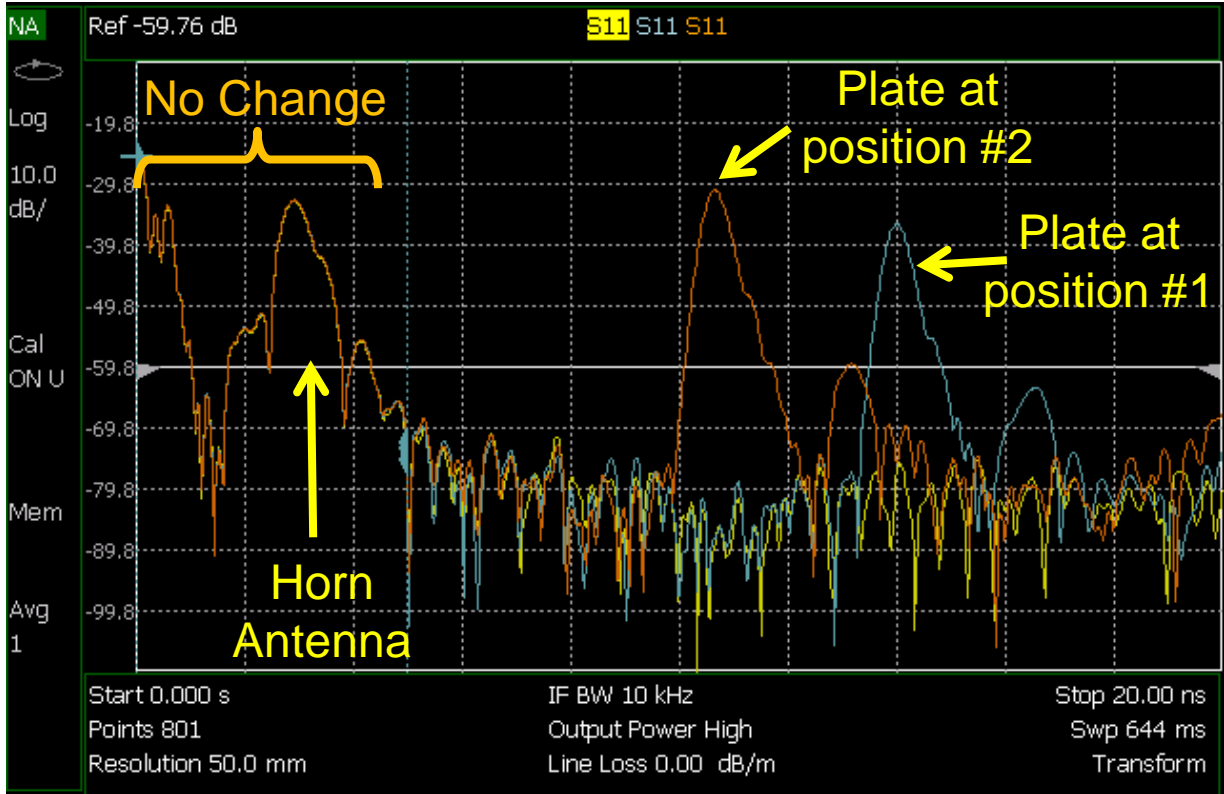


- Locate discontinuities as a function of time
- Time resolution is proportional to pulse width

# Time Domain with Environment Reflections



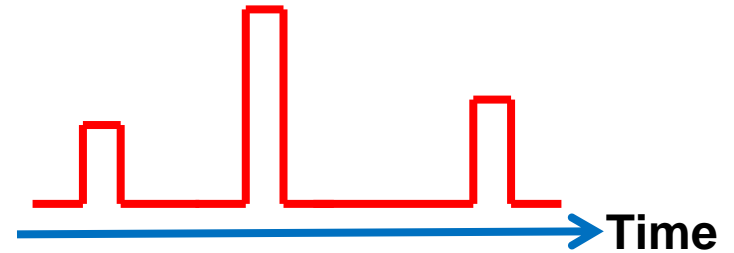
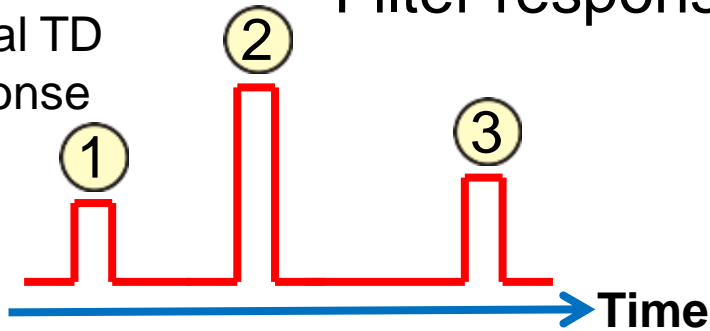
Introduce the plate



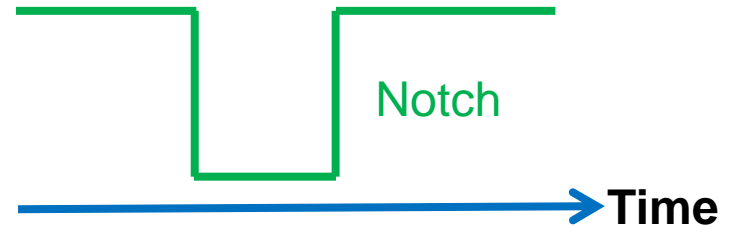
# Time Gating

Filter responses in the time domain

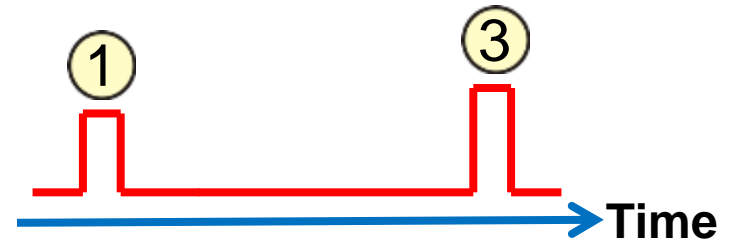
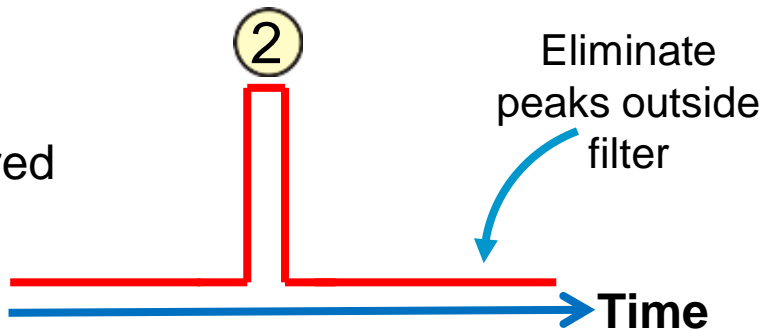
Original TD Response



Time Filter



Filtered

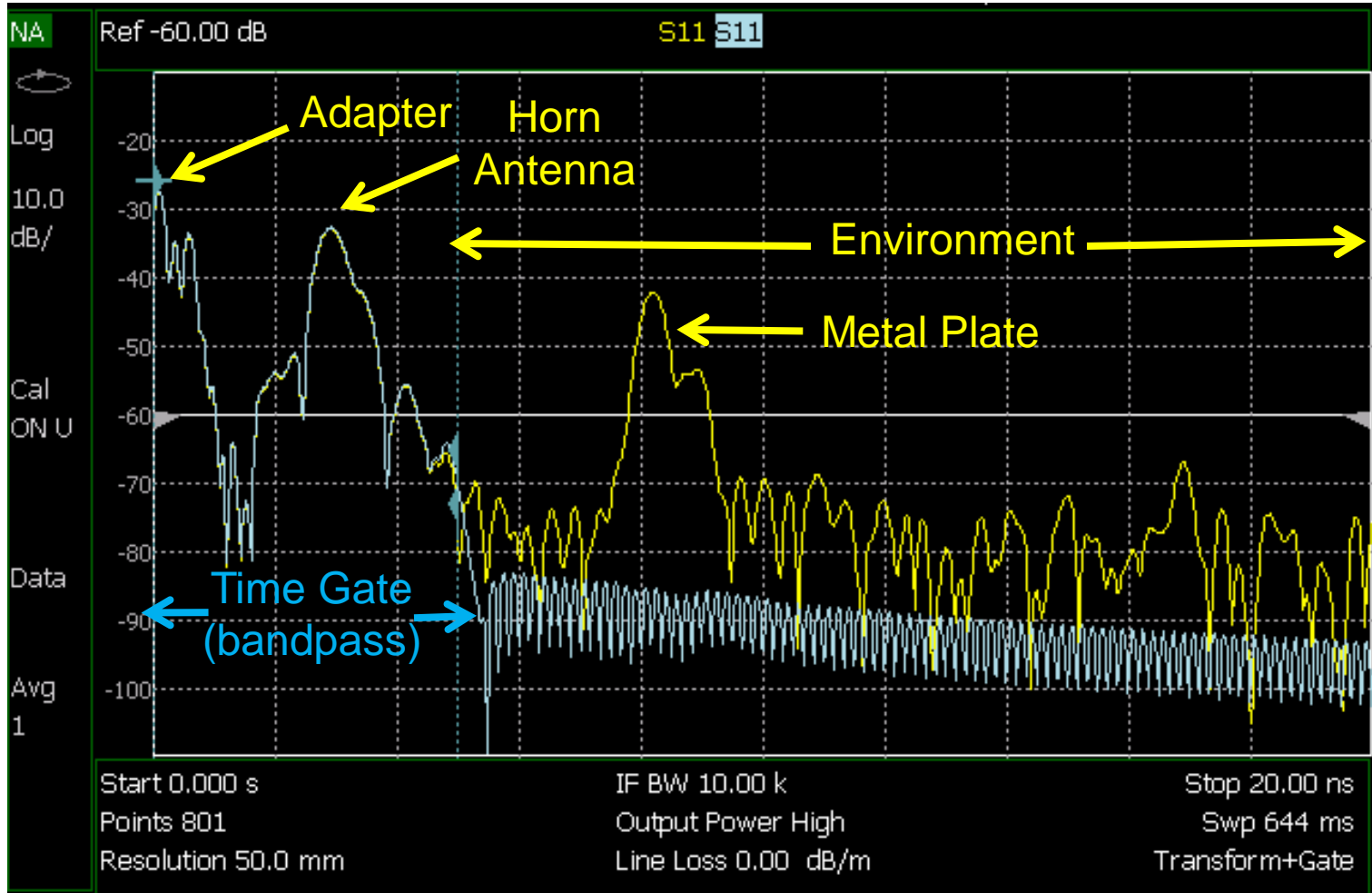


Examine frequency response of time filtered signal

# Gating in the Time Domain

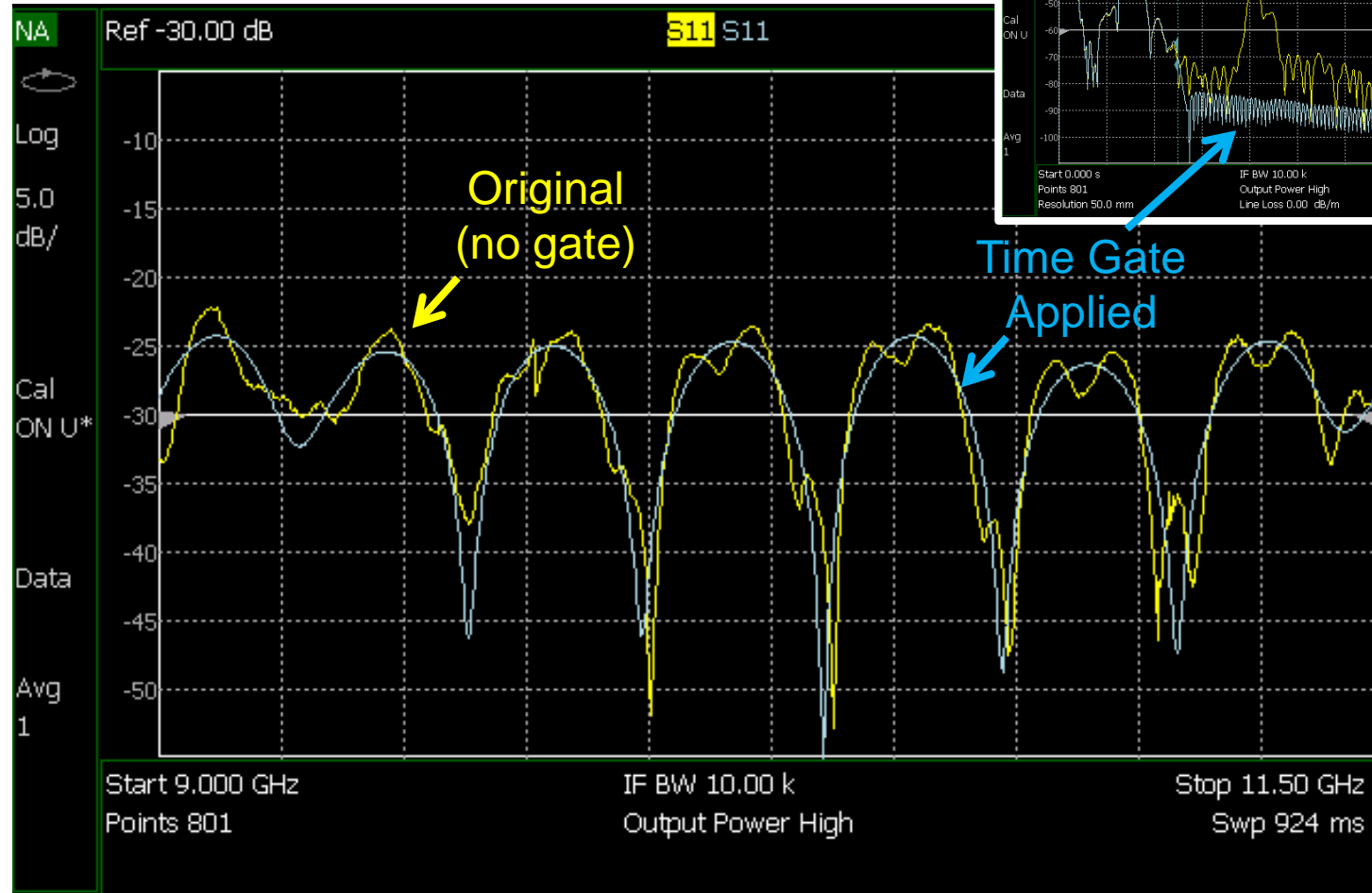


Filter unwanted reflections



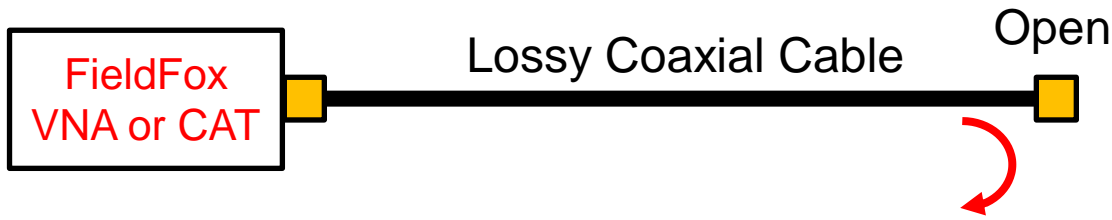
# Gating in the Frequency Domain

Return to frequency domain with gate active

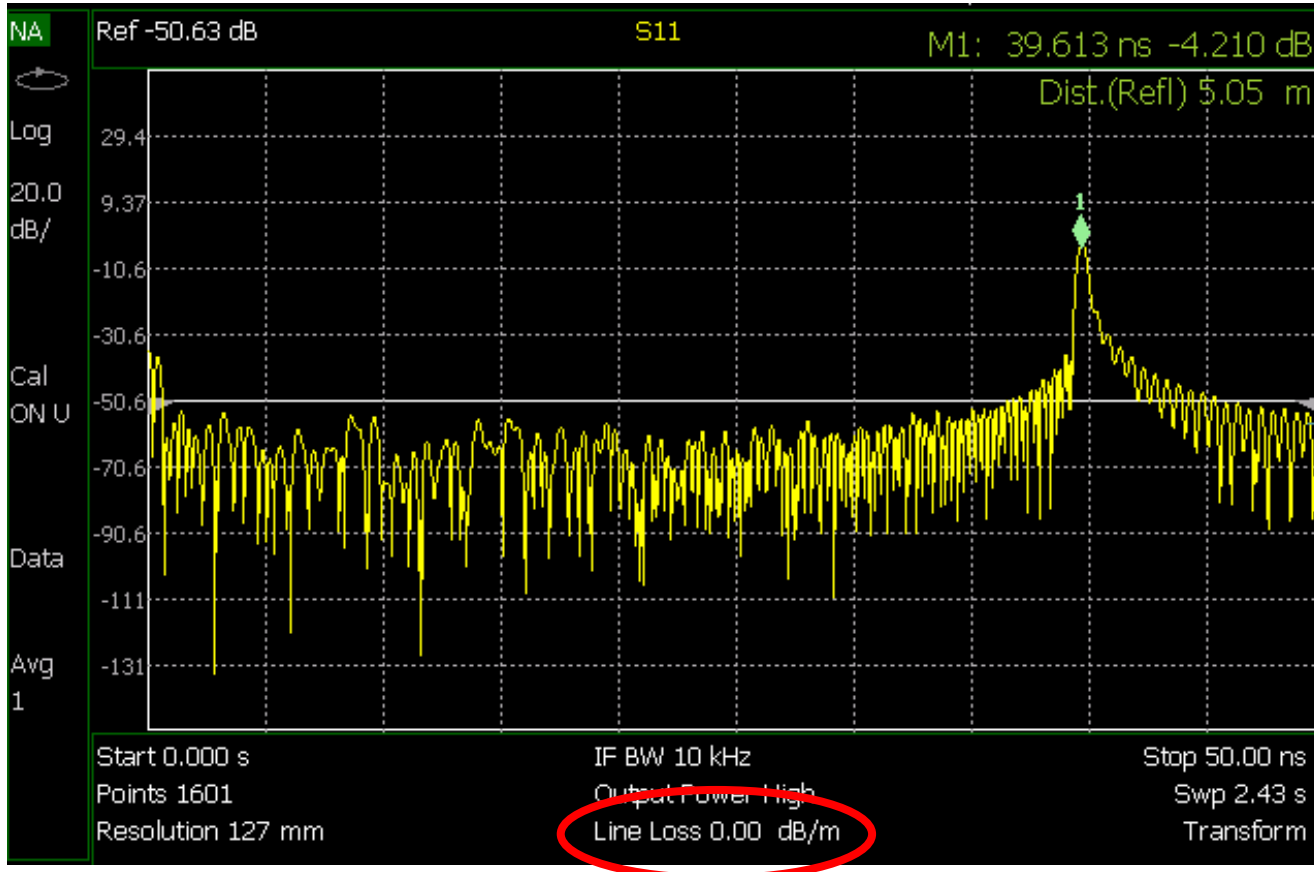


Remove undesired reflections from the frequency measurement

# Masking in Coaxial Lines



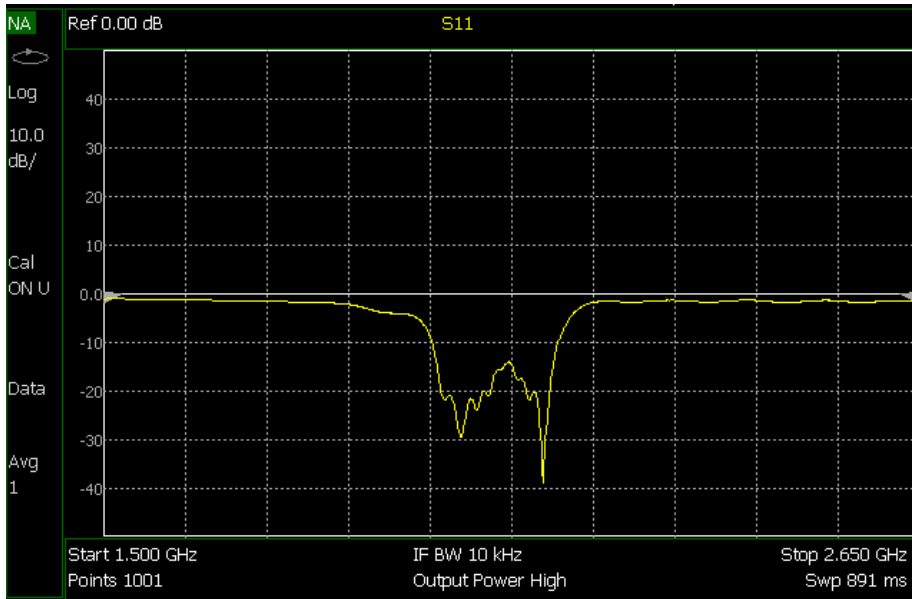
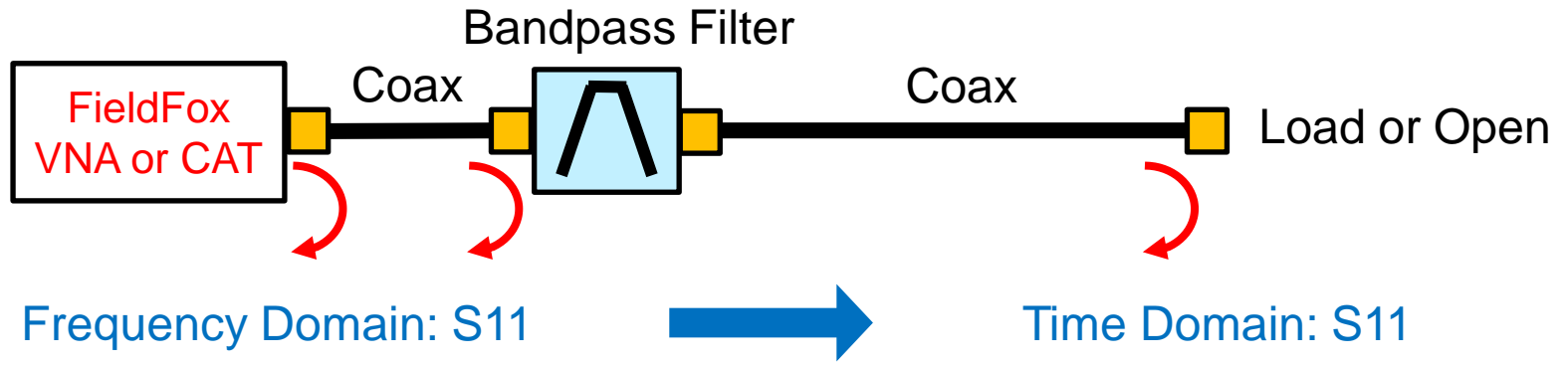
Cable insertion loss reduces the amplitude of the measured signal



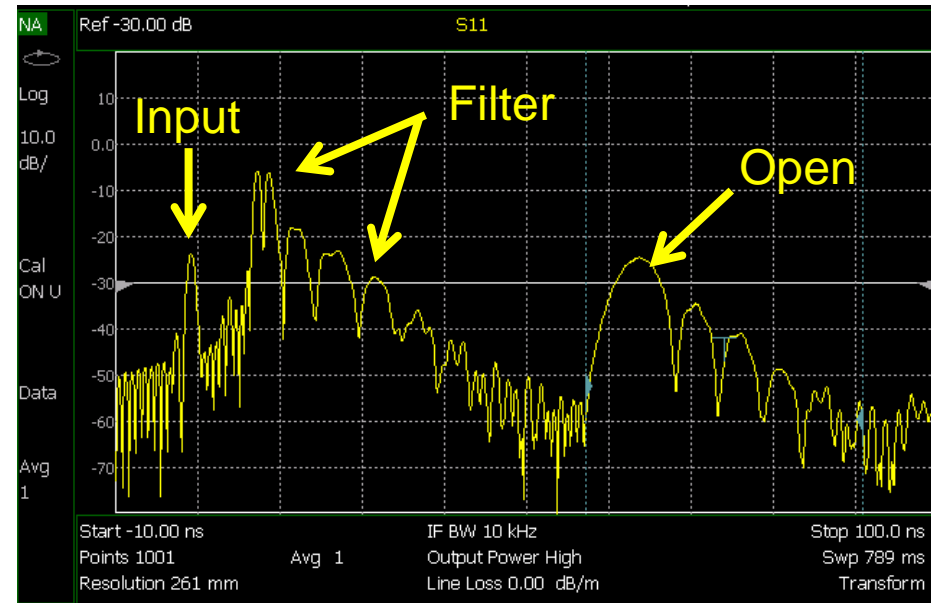
Enter average cable loss factor (db/m)  
or  
Select cable loss file (CAT mode)



# Time Domain with Filter

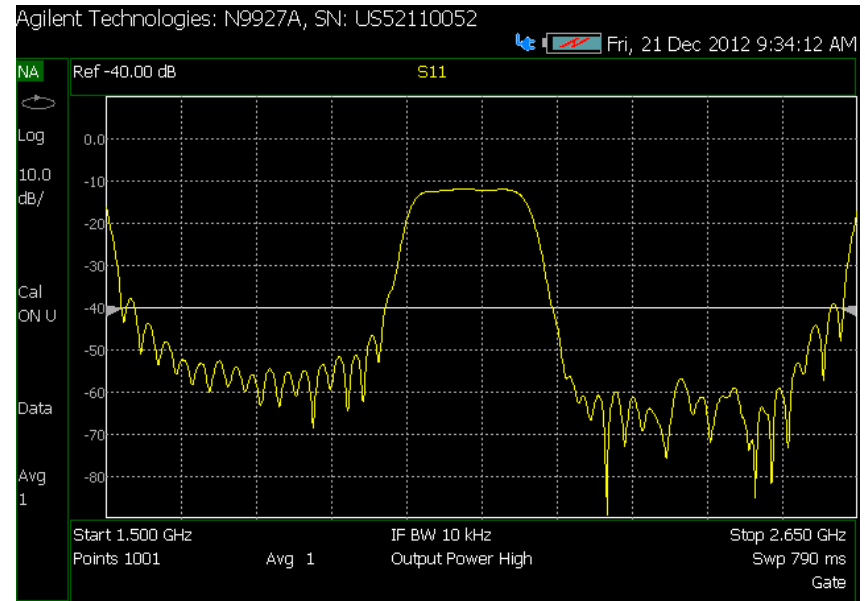
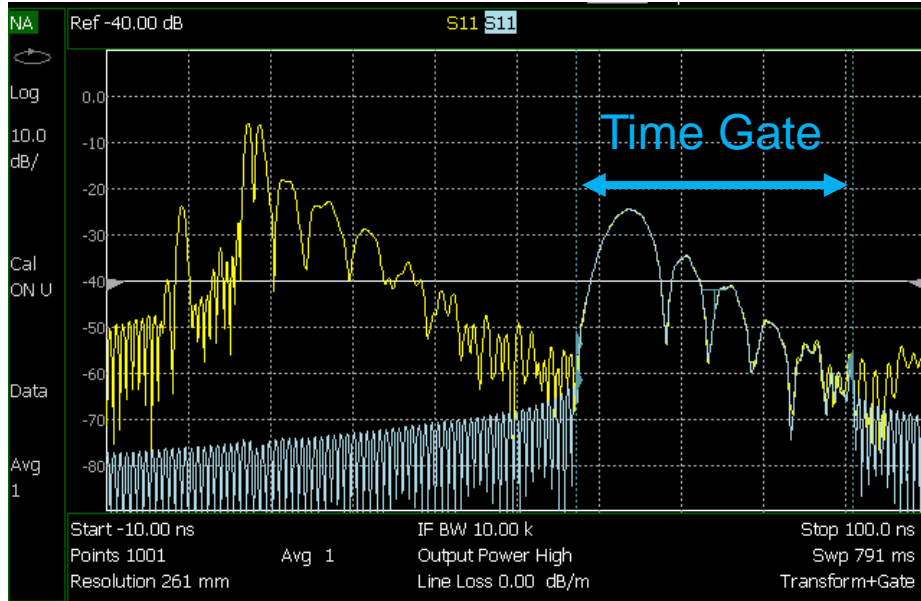
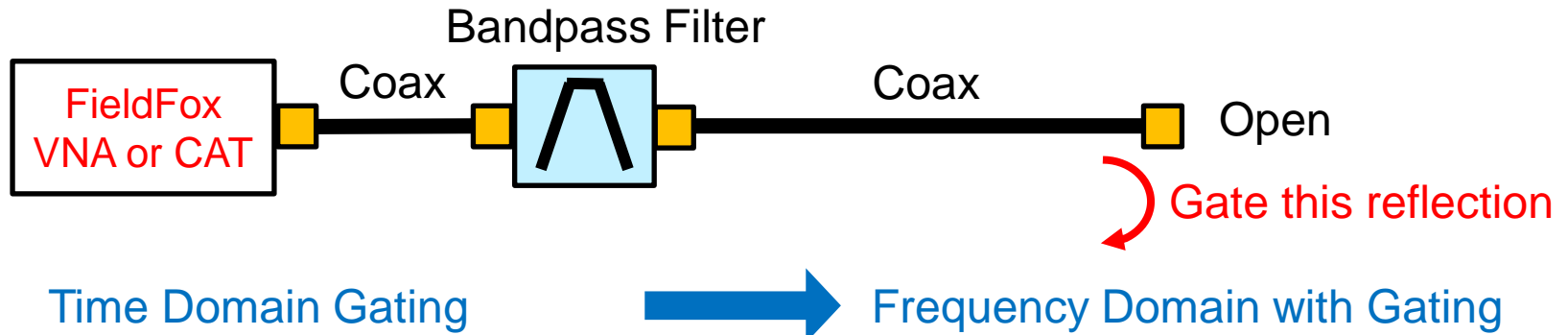


Terminated with 50-ohm load



Terminated with open

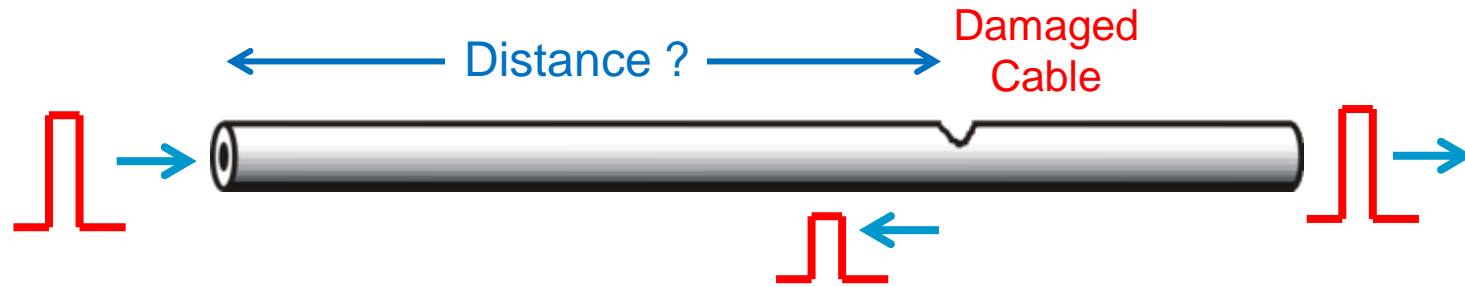
# Masking Effects with Filter



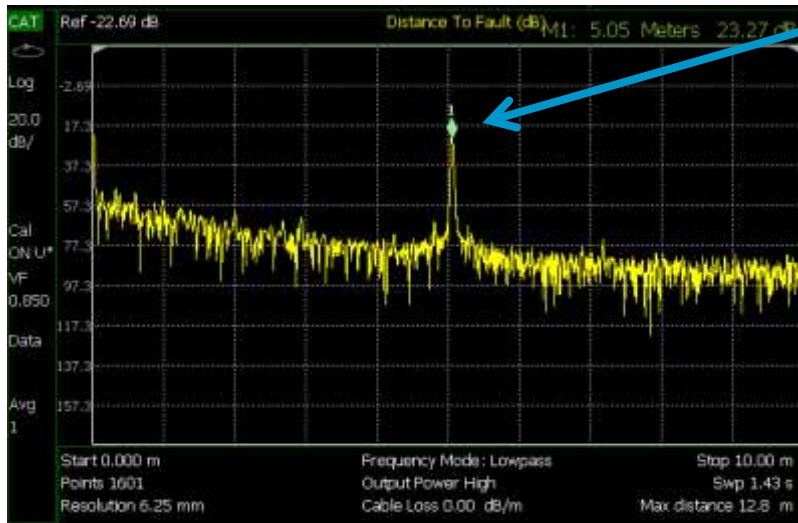
- Reflection from open includes *masking* effects of BPF
- Cable loss entry will not compensate for filter masking

# Relating Time Measurements to Distance

What is the physical Distance to Fault (DTF) ?



S11 measurement



Marker value = round trip travel time,  $t_{RT}$

$$DTF(m) = \left[ \frac{t_{RT}}{2} \right] [v_{cable}]$$

where  $v_{cable} = (VF)(c)$

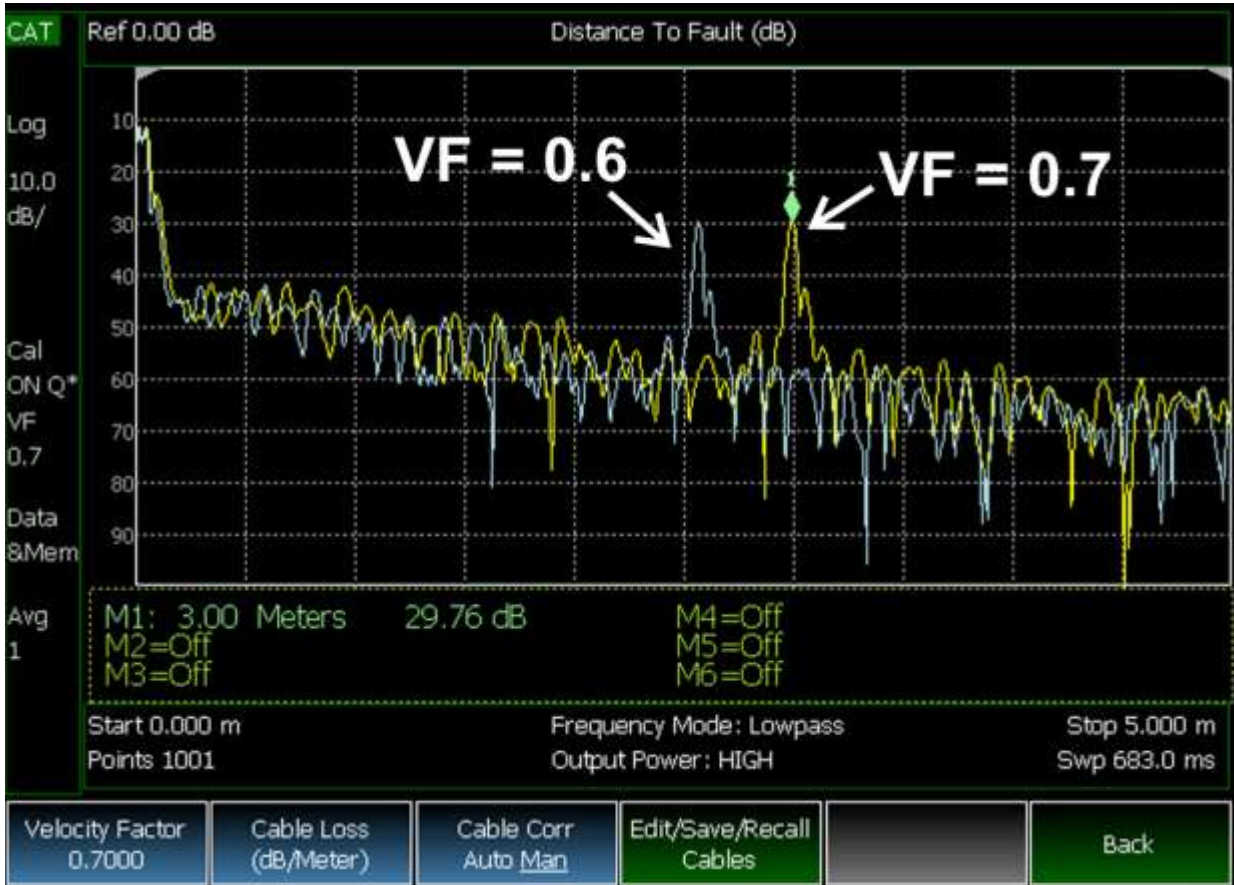
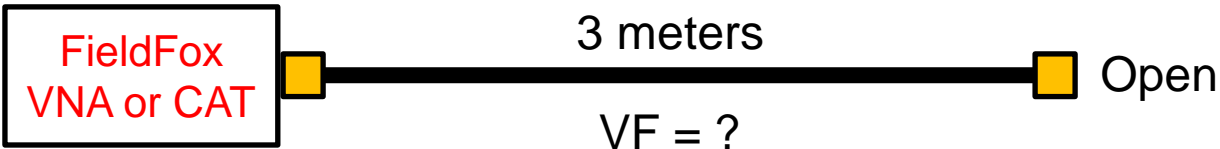
$$VF = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r}} \quad (\leq 1)$$

$c$  = speed of light

$\epsilon_r$  = relative dielectric constant of material

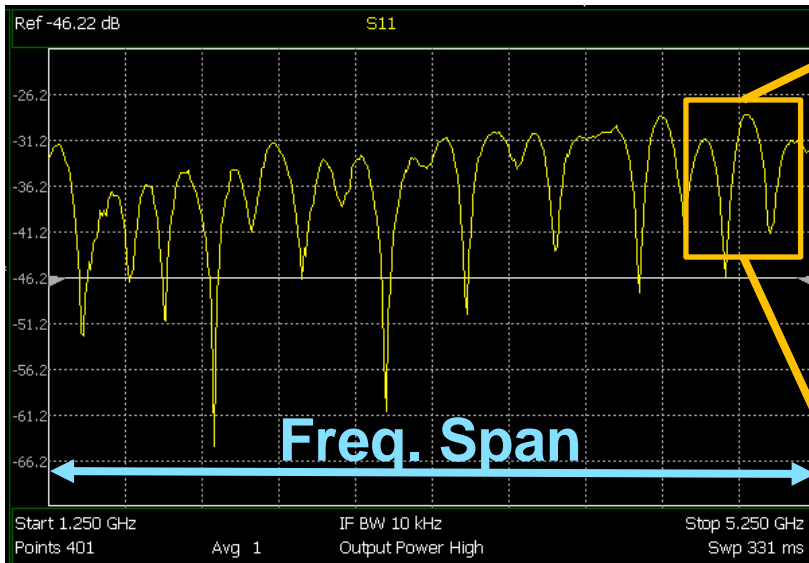
Enter Velocity Factor (VF) on VNA,CAT

# Estimating the Velocity Factor (VF)

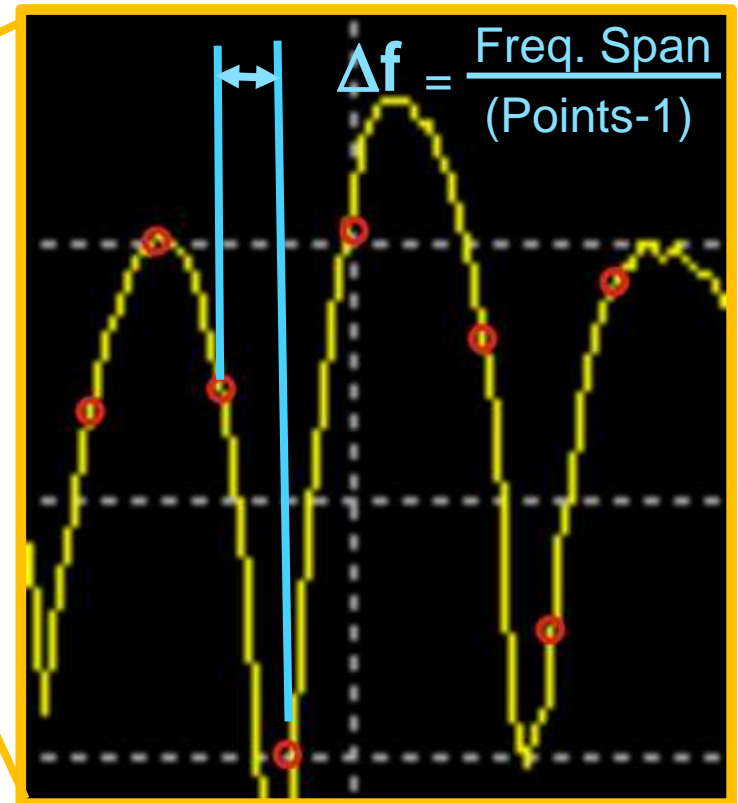


# Configuring the Frequency Range and Points

Frequency Domain



Sampled Data



Not to scale

Time– Frequency Relationships

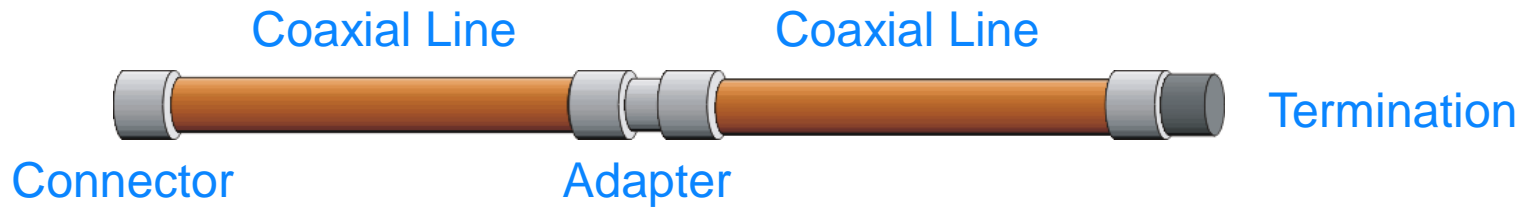
Pulse Width  $\sim 1/(\text{Freq. Span})$

Max. Time Span  $\sim 1/(2\Delta f)$

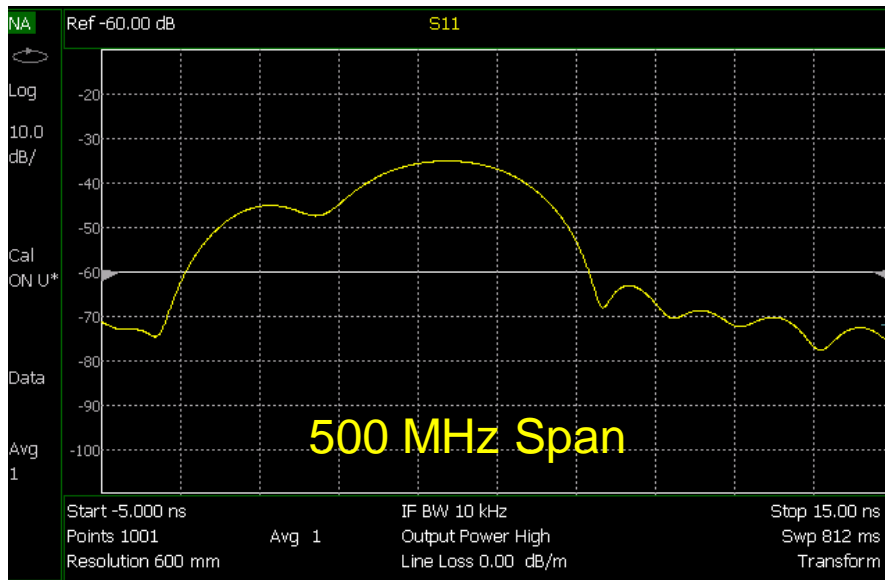
Points = 101  $\rightarrow$  10,001

# Frequency Span and Pulse Width

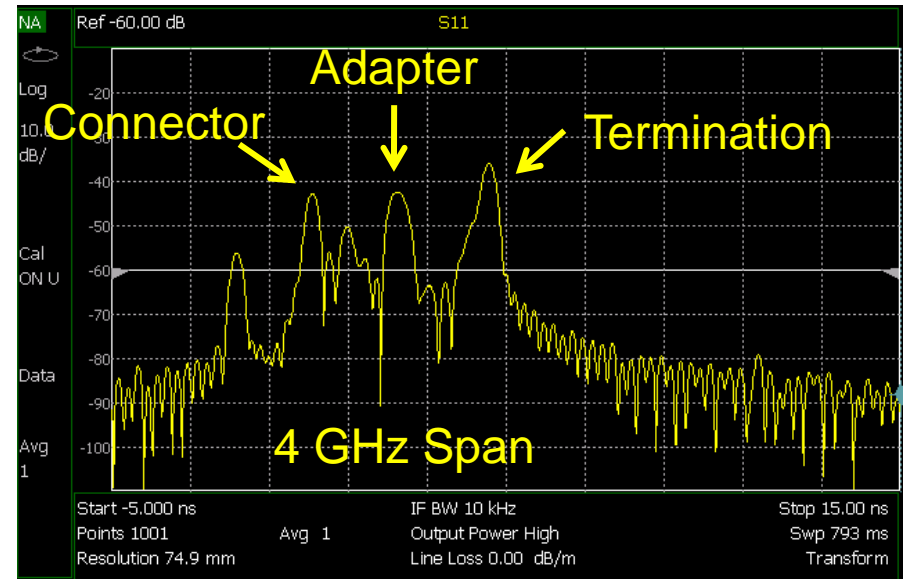
Pulse Width  $\sim 1/(\text{Freq. Span})$



Time Domain using 500 MHz Span



Time Domain using 4 GHz Span



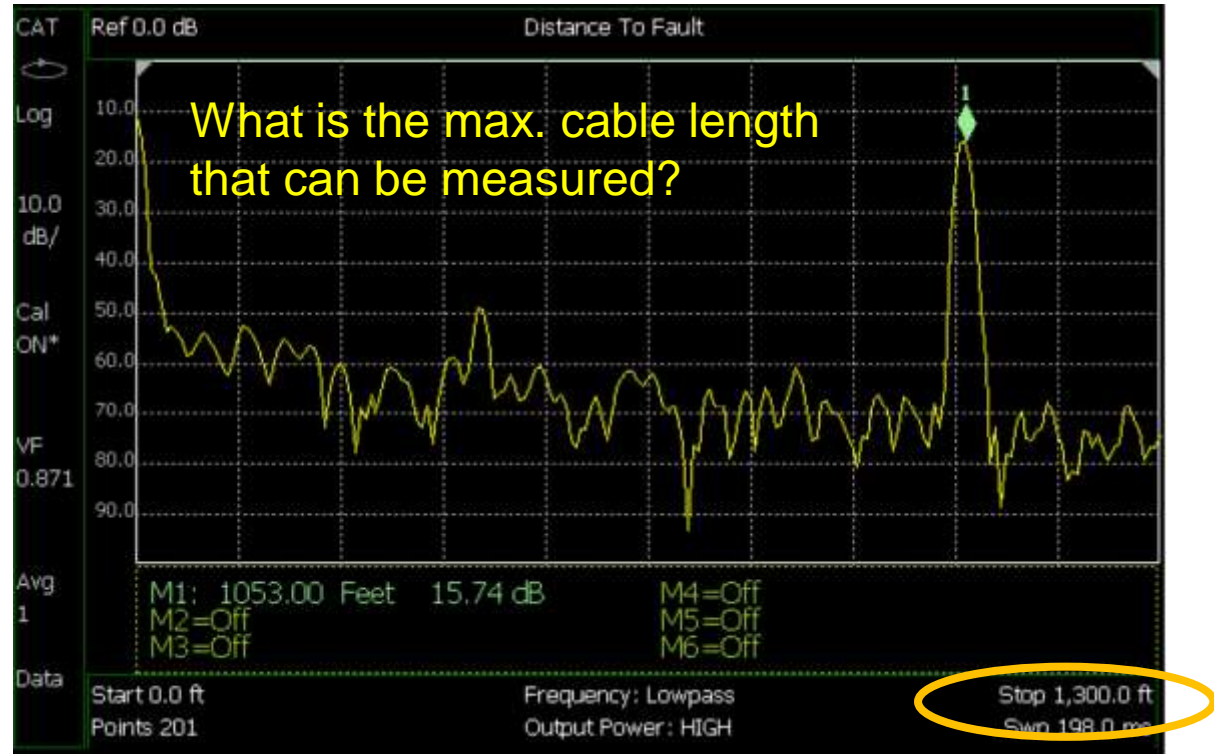


# Frequency Span and Time Span

$$\text{Max. Time Span} \sim 1/(2\Delta f) = \frac{(\text{Points}-1)}{2(\text{Freq. Span})}$$



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VF=0.66  
10,001 points

Span (GHz)	Max Time ( $\mu$ s)	Range (m)
2.5	2	395
5.0	1	198



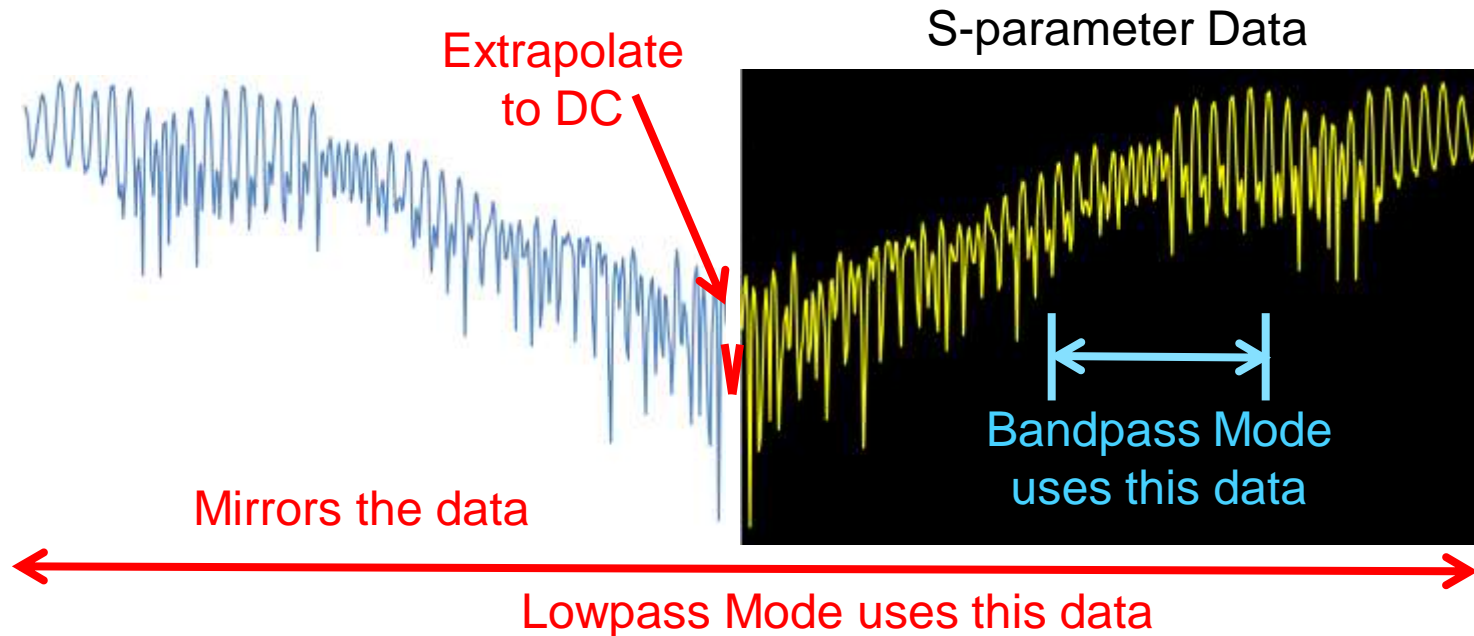
# Configuring the Time Stimulus

## Lowpass Mode

- Coaxial Cables
- Coaxial Adapters

## Bandpass Mode

- Waveguide Components
- Couplers
- Filters
- Antennas



# Other Applications Using Time Domain

- Filter tuning
- Transmission line impedance
- Mixer group delay
- SAW filter leakage
- Calibration verification using airlines and shorts
- Optimize time domain measurements using Window function
- Optimize gating using Window function

# Conclusions

- Introduced the relationship between the frequency and time domains
- Discussed time domain as a verification and troubleshooting tool
- Discussed time gating for isolating discontinuities
- Investigated masking effects in the time domain
- Introduced instrument configurations for proper DTF testing
- Listed other interesting applications

# FieldFox VNA and CAT Analyzer Characteristics

- *Carry precision with you* - Agilent-quality measurements
- Full amplitude accuracy of  $\pm 0.6$  dB at turn-on,  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+55^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Weather resistant, MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 design
- 6.6 pounds (3 kg)
- Built-in GPS
- 3.5 hour battery life



N9912A 4/6GHz RF Analyzer

N9923A 4/6GHz RF Vector Network Analyzer (VNA)

N9925A 9GHz Microwave VNA

N9926A 14GHz Microwave VNA

N9927A 18GHz Microwave VNA

N9928A 26.5GHz Microwave VNA

N9913/4/5/6/7/8A RF and Microwave Combination Analyzers

# For More Information

**Web:** [www.agilent.com/find/FieldFox](http://www.agilent.com/find/FieldFox)

## Literature:

- *Techniques for Precise Interference Measurements in the Field*, application note, literature number 5991-0418EN
- *Techniques for Precise Cable and Antenna Measurements in the Field*, application note, literature number 5991-0419EN
- *FieldFox Handheld Analyzers*, brochure, literature number 5990-9779EN

## 4<sup>th</sup> in a series of monthly application webcasts

- ✓• Sept 26, 2012: Interference Testing
- ✓• Oct 24, 2012: Cable and Antenna Measurements
- ✓• Nov 28 2012: Calibration and Alignment
- ✓• Jan 23 2013: Time Domain Measurements
  - Mar 27 2013: Precise Power Measurements

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**Thank you for your time  
Questions?**

# References

- Agilent Application Note 1287-12, *Time Domain Analysis Using a Network Analyzer*, Literature Number 5989-5723EN, May 2012
- Agilent Application Note 1304-2, *Time Domain Reflectometry Theory*, Literature Number 5966-4855E, May 2006
- Agilent Application Note 1287-8, *Simplified Filter Tuning Using Time Domain*, Literature Number 5968-5328E, July 2000
- Agilent Application Note 1287-10, *Network Analysis Solutions Advanced Filter Tuning Using Time Domain Transforms*, Literature Number 5980-2785EN, March 2001
- Agilent Application Note, *Techniques for Precise Cable and Antenna Measurements in the Field*, Literature Number 5991-0419E, August 2012.