Front-Panel Menu Reference

Use Recall Menu as a shortcut to recall the last command executed.

A: MODulation MENU

1: AM SHAPE  
2: AM SOURCE  
3: FM SHAPE  
4: BURST CNT  
5: BURST RATE  
6: BURST PHAS  
7: BURST SRC  
8: FSK FREQ  
9: FSK RATE  
10: FSK SRC

1: AM SHAPE Selects the shape of the AM modulating waveform.
2: AM SOURCE Enables or disables the internal AM modulating source.
3: FM SHAPE Selects the shape of the FM modulating waveform.
4: BURST CNT Sets the number of cycles per burst (1 to 50,000 cycles).
5: BURST RATE Sets the burst rate in Hz for an internal burst source.
6: BURST PHAS Sets the starting phase angle of a burst (-360 to +360 degrees).
7: BURST SRC Selects an internal or external gate source for burst modulation.
8: FSK FREQ Sets the FSK "hop" frequency.
9: FSK RATE Selects the internal FSK rate between the carrier and FSK frequency.
10: FSK SRC Selects an internal or external source for the FSK rate.

B: SWP (Sweep) MENU

1: START F  
2: STOP F  
3: SWP TIME  
4: SWP MODE

1: START F Sets the start frequency in Hz for sweeping.
2: STOP F Sets the stop frequency in Hz for sweeping.
3: SWP TIME Sets the repetition rate in seconds for sweeping.
4: SWP MODE Selects linear or logarithmic sweeping.

C: EDIT MENU *

1: NEW ARB  
2: POINTS  
3: LINE Edit  
4: POINT EDIT  
5: INVERT  
6: SAVE AS  
7: DELETE

1: NEW ARB Initiates a new arb waveform or loads the selected arb waveform.
2: POINTS Sets the number of points in a new arb waveform (8 to 16,000 points).
3: LINE Edit Performs a linear interpolation between two points in the arb waveform.
4: POINT EDIT Edits the individual points of the selected arb waveform.
5: INVERT Inverts the selected arb waveform by changing the sign of each point.
6: SAVE AS Saves the current arb waveform in non-volatile memory.
7: DELETE Deletes the selected arb waveform from non-volatile memory.

* The commands enclosed in square brackets ([ ] ) are "hidden" until you make a selection from the NEW ARB command to initiate a new edit session.

D: SYStem MENU

1: OUT TERM  
2: POWER ON  
3: ERROR  
4: TEST  
5: COMMA  
6: REVISION

1: OUT TERM Selects the output termination (50Ω or high impedance).
2: POWER ON Enables or disables automatic power-up in power-down state "0".
3: ERROR Retrieves errors from the error queue (up to 20 errors).
4: TEST Performs a complete self-test.
5: COMMA Enables or disables a comma separator between digits on the display.
6: REVISION Displays the function generator's firmware revision codes.

E: Input / Output MENU

1: HPB ADDR  
2: INTERFACE  
3: BAUD RATE  
4: PARITY  
5: LANGUAGE

1: HPB ADDR Sets the GPIB bus address (0 to 30).
2: INTERFACE Selects the GPIB or RS-232 interface.
3: BAUD RATE Selects the baud rate for RS-232 operation.
4: PARITY Selects even, odd, or no parity for RS-232 operation.
5: LANGUAGE Verifies the interface language: SCIPI.

F: CALibration MENU *

1: SECURED  
2: CAL SECURED  
3: CAL COUNT  
4: MESSAGE

1: SECURED The function generator is secured against calibration; enter code to unsecure.
2: CAL SECURED The function generator is secured for calibration; enter code to secure.
3: CAL COUNT Reads the total number of times the function generator has been calibrated.
4: MESSAGE Reads the calibration string (up to 11 characters) entered from remote.

* The commands enclosed in square brackets ([ ] ) are "hidden" unless the function generator is UNSECURED for calibration.
The APPLy Commands
(see page 138 in User’s Guide)

APPLY
:SINusoid [frequency] [,amplitude] [,offset]
:SQUare [frequency] [,amplitude] [,offset]
:TRIangle [frequency] [,amplitude] [,offset]
:RAMP [frequency] [,amplitude] [,offset]
:NOISe [frequency|DEF] [,amplitude] [,offset]
:DC [frequency|DEF] [,amplitude|DEF] [,offset]
:USER [frequency] [,amplitude] [,offset]

APPLY?

Output Configuration Commands
(see page 145 in User’s Guide)

[SOURCE:]
 FUNCTION:SHApe {SIN|SQU|TRI|RAMP|NOIS|DC|USER}
 FUNCTION:SHApe?

[SOURCE:]
 FREQuency {frequency|MIN|MAX}
 FREQuency? [MIN|MAX]

[SOURCE:]
 PULSe:DCYCle {percent|MIN|MAX}
 PULSe:DCYCle? [MIN|MAX]

[SOURCE:]
 VOLTage {amplitude|MIN|MAX}
 VOLTage? [MIN|MAX]
 VOLTage:OFFSet {offset|MIN|MAX}
 VOLTage:OFFSet? [MIN|MAX]
 VOLTage:UNIT {VPP|VRMS|DBM|DEF}
 VOLTage:UNIT?

OUTPut:LOAD {50|INF|MIN|MAX}
OUTPut:LOAD? [MIN|MAX]

OUTPut:SYNC {OFF|ON}
OUTPut:SYNC?
Modulation Commands
(see page 154 in User’s Guide)

[SOURCE:]
AM:DEPTH {<depth in percent>|MIN|MAX}
AM:DEPTH? [MIN|MAX]
AM:INTERNAL:FUNCTION (SIN|SQU|TRI|RAMP|NOIS|USER)
AM:INTERNAL:FUNCTION?
AM:INTERNAL:FREQUENCY {<frequency>|MIN|MAX}
AM:INTERNAL:FREQUENCY? [MIN|MAX]
AM:SOURce (BOTH|EXT)
AM:SOURce?
AM:STATe {OFF|ON}
AM:STATe?

[SOURCE:]
FM:DEViation {<peak deviation in Hz>|MIN|MAX}
FM:DEViation? [MIN|MAX]
FM:INTERNAL:FUNCTION (SIN|SQU|TRI|RAMP|NOIS|USER)
FM:INTERNAL:FUNCTION?
FM:INTERNAL:FREQUENCY {<frequency>|MIN|MAX}
FM:INTERNAL:FREQUENCY? [MIN|MAX]
FM:STATe {OFF|ON}
FM:STATe?

[SOURCE:]
BM:NCYCles {<# cycles>|INF|MIN|MAX}
BM:NCYCles? [MIN|MAX]
BM:PHASe {<degrees>|MIN|MAX}
BM:PHASe? [MIN|MAX]
BM:INTERNAL:RATE {<frequency>|MIN|MAX}
BM:INTERNAL:RATE? [MIN|MAX]
BM:SOURce (INT|EXT)
BM:SOURce?
BM:STATe {OFF|ON}
BM:STATe?

FSK Commands
(see page 167 in User’s Guide)

[SOURCE:]
FSKey:FREQuency {<frequency>|MIN|MAX}
FSKey:FREQuency? [MIN|MAX]
FSKey:INTERNAL:RATE {<rate in Hz>|MIN|MAX}
FSKey:INTERNAL:RATE? [MIN|MAX]
FSKey:SOURce (INT|EXT)
FSKey:SOURce?
FSKey:STATe {OFF|ON}
FSKey:STATe?
Sweep Commands

(see page 170 in User's Guide)

[SOURCE:]
FREQuency:STARt {<frequency>|MIN|MAX}
FREQuency:STARt? [MIN|MAX]
FREQuency:STOP {<frequency>|MIN|MAX}
FREQuency:STOP? [MIN|MAX]

[SOURCE:]
SWEep:SPACing {LIN|LOG}
SWEep:SPACing?
SWEep:TIME {<seconds>|MIN|MAX}
SWEep:TIME? [MIN|MAX]
SWEep:STATe {OFF|ON}
SWEep:STATe?

Arbitrary Waveform Commands

(see page 174 in User's Guide)

[SOURCE:]
FUNCtion:USER {<arb name>|VOLATILE}
FUNCtion:USER?
FUNCtion:SHApe USER
FUNCtion:SHApe?

DATA VOLATILE, <value>,<value>,...
DATA:DAC VOLATILE, {<binary block>|<value>,<value>,...}

DATA:ATTRIBUTE:AVERage? [<arb name>]
DATA:ATTRIBUTE:CFACtor? [<arb name>]
DATA:ATTRIBUTE:POINts? [<arb name>]
DATA:ATTRIBUTE:PTPeak? [<arb name>]

DATA:CATalog?
DATA:COPY <destination arb name> [,VOLATILE]
DATA:DELeete <arb name>
DATA:DELeete:ALL
DATA:NVOLatile:CATalog?
DATA:NVOLatile:FREE?

FORMat:BORDer {NORMal|SWApped} Specify Byte Order
FORMat:BORDer?
System-Related Commands
(see page 188 in User's Guide)

DISPlay (OFF|ON)
DISPlay?

DISPlay:TEXT <quoted string>
DISPlay:TEXT?
DISPlay:TEXT:CLEAR

SYSTem:BEEPer
SYSTem:ERROR?
SYSTem:VERSION?

*IDN?
*RST
*TST?

*SAV {0|1|2|3}  State 0 is the power-down state.
*RCL {0|1|2|3}  States 1, 2, and 3 are user-defined.

MEMory:STATE:DELETE {0|1|2|3}

Triggering Commands
(see page 186 in User's Guide)

TRIGger:SOURce {IMM|EXT|BUS}
TRIGger:SOURce?

*TRG

Status Reporting Commands
(see page 209 in User's Guide)

SYSTem:ERROR?
*CLS

*ESE <enable value>
*ESE?

*ESR?

*OPC

*OPC?
Calibration Commands
(see page 193 in User’s Guide)

CALibration?

CALibration:COUNt?

CALibration
  :SECure:CODE <new code>
  :SECure:STATE {OFF|ON},<code>
  :SECure:STATE?

CALibration:SETup <0|1|2|3| ... |84>
CALibration:SETup?

CALibration:STRing <quoted string>
CALibration:STRing?

CALibration:VALue <value>
CALibration:VALue?

SCPI Status System
(see page 201 in User’s Guide)
IEEE-488.2 Common Commands
(see page 209 in User’s Guide)

*CLS
*ESE <enable value>
*ESE?
*ESR?
*IDN?
*OPC
*OPC?
*PSC {0|1}
*PSC?

*RST
*SAV {0|1|2|3}
*RCL {0|1|2|3}
*SRE <enable value>
*SRE?
*STB?
*TRG
*TST?
*WAI

RS-232 Interface Commands
(see page 200 in User’s Guide)

SYSTem:LOCal
SYSTem:REMote
SYSTem:RWLock

For RS-232 wiring and connection information, see page 195 in the User’s Guide.

Phase-Lock Commands (Option 001)
(see the 33120A Option 001 User’s and Service Guide)

PHASe:ADJust <radians>
PHASe:ADJust?
PHASe:REFerence
PHASe:UNLock:ERRor:STATe {OFF|ON}
PHASe:UNLock:ERRor:STATe?
OUTPut:TRIGger:IMMediate
OUTPut:TRIGger:STATe {OFF|ON}
OUTPut:TRIGger:STATe?
Using the APPLy Command

The APPLy command provides the most straightforward method to program the function generator over the remote interface. For example, the following statement outputs a 3 Vpp sine wave at 5 kHz with a -2.5 volt offset:

"APPL:SIN 5 KHZ, 3.0 VPP, -2.5 V"

Using the Low-Level Commands

Although the APPLy commands provide the most straightforward method to program the function generator, the low-level commands give you more flexibility to change individual parameters. For example, the following statements output a 3 Vpp sine wave at 5 kHz with a -2.5 volt offset:

"FUNC:SHAP SIN"
"FREQ 5.0 KHZ"
"VOLT 3.0 VPP"
"VOLT:OFFS -2.5 V"

Reading a Query Response

Only the query commands (commands that end with "?") will instruct the function generator to send a response message. Queries return either output values or internal instrument settings. For example, the following statements read the error queue and print the most recent error:

dimension statement
"SYST:ERR?"
bus enter statement
print statement

Selecting a Trigger Source

When burst modulation or frequency sweep is enabled, the function generator will accept an immediate internal trigger, a hardware trigger from the rear-panel Ext Trig terminal, or a software (bus) trigger. By default, the internal trigger source is selected. If you want the function generator to use the external source or a bus trigger, you must select that source. For example, the following statements output a 3-cycle burst each time the Ext Trig terminal receives the rising edge of a TTL pulse:

"BM:NCYC 3"
"TRIG:SOUR EXT"
"BM:STAT ON"
This is a partial listing of error messages. See chapter 5 in the User’s Guide for more information.

-102, “Syntax error” Check for blank space before or after a colon in command header, or before a comma.

-103, “Invalid separator” Check for a comma used instead of a colon, semicolon, or blank space – or a blank instead of a comma.

-108, “Parameter not allowed” Check for extra parameters in the command string.

-109, “Missing parameter” Check for omitted parameters in the command string.

-113, “Undefined header” Check the spelling of the command or you may have used an invalid command.

-221, “Settings conflict” The requested setting is in conflict with the present configuration.

-222, “Data out of range” Check for a numeric parameter value that is outside the valid range for the command.

-224, “Illegal parameter value” Check for an invalid discrete parameter choice for the command.


-350, “Too many errors” More than 20 errors have occurred.

-410, “Query INTERRUPTED” The output buffer contains data from a previous command (the previous data is not overwritten).

781, “Not enough memory to store new arb waveform” Up to four user-defined waveforms can be stored in non-volatile memory. Use DATA:DEL to delete downloaded waveforms.

783, “Arb waveform name too long” The arb name can contain up to 8 characters. The first character must be a letter (A-Z), but the remaining characters can be number (0-9) or “_”.

785, “Specified arb waveform does not exist” The arb name specified has not been downloaded into VOLATILE memory.

786, “Cannot delete a built-in arb waveform” You cannot delete the five built-in arb waveforms.

787, “Cannot delete the currently selected active arb waveform” You cannot delete the arb waveform that is currently being output.
The parameters marked with a bullet (•) are stored in non-volatile memory. The factory settings are shown.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output Configuration</th>
<th>Power-On/Reset State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>1 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amplitude (into 50 ohms)</td>
<td>100 mV peak-to-peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset</td>
<td>0.00 Vdc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Units</td>
<td>Volts peak-to-peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Termination</td>
<td>50 ohms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modulation</th>
<th>Power-On/Reset State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AM Carrier Waveform</td>
<td>1 kHz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AM Modulating Waveform</td>
<td>100 Hz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AM Depth</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FM Carrier Waveform</td>
<td>1 kHz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FM Modulating Waveform</td>
<td>10 Hz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FM Peak Frequency Deviation</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst Carrier Frequency</td>
<td>1 kHz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst Count</td>
<td>1 cycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst Rate</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst Starting Phase</td>
<td>0 degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSK Carrier Waveform</td>
<td>1 kHz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSK “Hop” Frequency</td>
<td>100 Hz Sine wave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSK Rate</td>
<td>10 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation State</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweep Start / Stop Frequency</td>
<td>100 Hz / 1 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweep Time</td>
<td>1 second</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweep Mode</td>
<td>Linear</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System-Related Operations</th>
<th>Power-On/Reset State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Power-Down Recall</td>
<td>• Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Display Mode</td>
<td>• On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Comma Separators</td>
<td>On</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Triggering Operations</th>
<th>Power-On/Reset State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trigger Source</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input/Output Configuration</th>
<th>Power-On/Reset State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• GPIB Address</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Interface</td>
<td>GPIB (IEEE-488)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Baud Rate</td>
<td>9600 baud</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Parity</td>
<td>None (8 data bits)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calibration</th>
<th>Power-On/Reset State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calibration State</td>
<td>Secured</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** The power-on state will be different if you have enabled the power-down storage mode. See “Power-Down Recall Mode” on page 109 for more information.