# Keysight Technologies M9391A PXIe Vector Signal Analyzer

1 MHz to 3 or 6 GHz

Specifications Guide



### **Notices**

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### Manual Part Number

M9391-90015

#### Edition

May 2015 Printed in USA Keysight Technologies, Inc.

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For product specific information and support, and to obtain the latest software and documentation, refer to www.keysight.com/find/m9391a.

Worldwide contact information for repair and service can be found at: www.key-sight.com/find/assist.

### Regulatory Compliance

This product has been designed and tested in accordance with accepted industry standards, and has been supplied in a safe condition. To review the Declaration of Conformity, go to: http://regulations.about.keysight.com.

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### Safety Notices

The following safety precautions should be observed before using this product and any associated instrumentation. This product is intended for use by qualified personnel who recognize shock hazards and are familiar with the safety precautions required to avoid possible injury. Read and follow all installation, operation, and maintenance information carefully before using the product.

### WARNING

If this product is not used as specified, the protection provided by the equipment could be impaired. This product must be used in a normal condition (in which all means for protection are intact) only.

The types of product users are:

- Responsible body is the individual or group responsible for the use and maintenance of equipment, for ensuring that the equipment is operated within its specifications and operating limits, and for ensuring operators are adequately trained.
- Operators use the product for its intended function. They must be trained in electrical safety procedures and proper use of the instrument. They must be protected from electric shock and contact with hazardous live circuits.
- Maintenance personnel perform routine procedures on the product to keep it operating properly (for example, setting the line voltage or replacing consumable materials).
   Maintenance procedures are described in the user documentation.
   The procedures explicitly state if the operator may perform them. Otherwise, they should be performed only by service personnel.

 Service personnel are trained to work on live circuits, perform safe installations, and repair products. Only properly trained service personnel may perform installation and service procedures.

### WARNING

Operator is responsible to maintain safe operating conditions. To ensure safe operating conditions, modules should not be operated beyond the full temperature range specified in the Environmental and physical specification. Exceeding safe operating conditions can result in shorter lifespans, improper module performance and user safety issues. When the modules are in use and operation within the specified full temperature range is not maintained, module surface temperatures may exceed safe handling conditions which can cause discomfort or burns if touched. In the event of a module exceeding the full temperature range, always allow the module to cool before touching or removing modules from chassis.

Keysight products are designed for use with electrical signals that are rated Measurement Category I and Measurement Category II, as described in the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Standard IEC 60664. Most measurement, control, and data I/O signals are Measurement Category I and must not be directly connected to mains voltage or to voltage sources with high transient over-voltages. Measurement Category II connections require protection for high transient overvoltages often associated with local AC mains connections. Assume all measurement, control, and data I/O connections are for connection to Category I sources unless otherwise marked or described in the user documentation.

Exercise extreme caution when a shock hazard is present. Lethal voltage may be present on cable connector jacks or test fixtures. The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) states that a shock hazard exists when voltage levels greater than 30V RMS, 42.4V peak, or 60VDC are present. A good safety practice is to expect that hazardous voltage is present in any unknown circuit before measuring.

Operators of this product must be protected from electric shock at all times.

The responsible body must ensure that operators are prevented access and/or insulated from every connection point. In some cases, connections must be exposed to potential human contact. Product operators in these circumstances must be trained to protect themselves from the risk of electric shock. If the circuit is capable of operating at or above 1000V, no conductive part of the circuit may be exposed.

Do not connect switching cards directly to unlimited power circuits. They are intended to be used with impedance-limited sources. NEVER connect switching cards directly to AC mains. When connecting sources to switching cards, install protective devices to limit fault current and voltage to the card.

Before operating an instrument, ensure that the line cord is connected to a properly-grounded power receptacle. Inspect the connecting cables, test leads, and jumpers for possible wear, cracks, or breaks before each use.

When installing equipment where access to the main power cord is restricted, such as rack mounting, a separate main input power disconnect device must be provided in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator.

For maximum safety, do not touch the product, test cables, or any other instruments while power is applied to the circuit under test. ALWAYS remove power from the entire test system and discharge any capacitors before: connecting or disconnecting cables or jumpers, installing or removing switching cards, or making internal changes, such as installing or removing jumpers.

Do not touch any object that could provide a current path to the common side of the circuit under test or power line (earth) ground. Always make measurements with dry hands while standing on a dry, insulated surface capable of withstanding the voltage being measured.

The instrument and accessories must be used in accordance with its specifications and operating instructions, or the safety of the equipment may be impaired.

Do not exceed the maximum signal levels of the instruments and accessories, as defined in the specifications and operating information, and as shown on the instrument or test fixture panels, or switching card.

When fuses are used in a product, replace with the same type and rating for continued protection against fire hazard.

Chassis connections must only be used as shield connections for measuring circuits, NOT as safety earth ground connections.

If you are using a test fixture, keep the lid closed while power is applied to the device under test. Safe operation requires the use of a lid interlock.

### **CAUTION**

A CAUTION notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

### WARNING

A WARNING notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

Instrumentation and accessories shall not be connected to humans.

Before performing any maintenance, disconnect the line cord and all test cables.

To maintain protection from electric shock and fire, replacement components in mains circuits - including the power transformer, test leads, and input jacks - must be purchased from Keysight. Standard fuses with applicable national safety approvals may be used if the rating and type are the same. Other components that are not safety-related may be purchased from other suppliers as long as they are equivalent to the original component (note that selected parts should be purchased only through Keysight to maintain accuracy and functionality of the product). If you are unsure about the applicability of a replacement component, call an Keysight office for information.

### WARNING

No operator serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified personnel. To prevent electrical shock do not remove covers. For continued protection against fire hazard, replace fuse with same type and rating.

### **PRODUCT MARKINGS:**



The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community.



Australian Communication and Media Authority mark to indicate regulatory compliance as a registered supplier.

### ICES/NMB-001 ISM GRP.1 CLASS A

This symbol indicates product compliance with the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Standard (ICES-001). It also identifies the product is an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product (CISPR 11, Clause 4).



This symbol represents the South Korean Class A EMC Declaration. This equipment is Class A suitable for professional use and is for use in electromagnetic environments outside of the home.

A 급 기기 (업무용 방송통신기자재)이 기기는 업무용 (A급) 전자파적합기기로서 판 매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주 의하시기 바라 며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.



This symbol indicates separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment, mandated under EU law as of August 13, 2005. All electric and electronic equipment are required to be separated from normal waste for disposal (Reference WEEE Directive, 2002/96/EC).



This symbol indicates the instrument is sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). ESD can damage the highly sensitive components in your instrument. ESD damage is most likely to occur as the module is being installed or when cables are connected or disconnected. Protect the circuits from ESD damage by wearing a grounding strap that provides a high resistance path to ground. Alternatively, ground yourself to discharge any built-up static charge by touching the outer shell of any grounded instrument chassis before touching the port connectors.



This symbol on an instrument means caution risk of danger. You should refer to the operating instructions located in the user documentation in all cases where the symbol is marked on the instrument.



This symbol indicates the time period during which no hazardous or toxic substance elements are expected to leak or deteriorate during normal use. Forty years is the expected useful life of the product.

**CLEANING PRECAUTIONS:** 

### **WARNING**

To prevent electrical shock, disconnect the Keysight Technologies instrument from mains before cleaning. Use a dry cloth or one slightly dampened with water to clean the external case parts. Do not attempt to clean internally. To clean the connectors, use alcohol in a well-ventilated area. Allow all residual alcohol moisture to evaporate, and the fumes to dissipate prior to energizing the instrument.

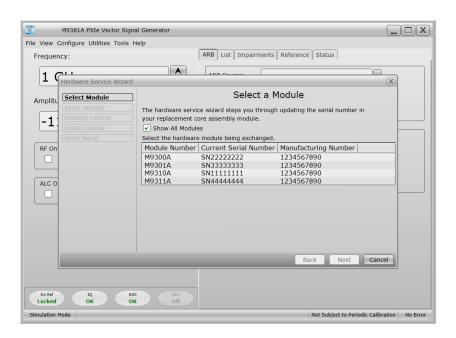
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### How to use this document

This document contains technical specifications for all versions of the M9391A PXIe Vector Signal Analyzer. Specifications published in the datasheet only apply to the current manufacturing version of the equipment. If a specification only applies to a certain manufacturing version of the equipment, it is indicated in this document. Manufacturing numbers can be found on the side of the module, or in the instrument's soft front panel, below.

This screen is accessed by selecting Utilities > Hardware Service Wizard > Show All Modules.



### Definitions for specifications

Temperatures referred to in this document are defined as follows:

- Full temperature range = Individual module temperature of 25 to 75 °C, as reported by the module, and environment temperature of 0 to 55 °C.
- Controlled temperature range = Individual module temperature of 40 to 51 °C, as reported by the module, and environment temperature of 20 to 30 °C.

**Specifications** describe the warranted performance of calibrated instruments. Data represented in this document are specifications under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- Calibrated instruments have been stored for a minimum of 2 hours within the full temperature range
- 45 minute warm-up time
- Calibration cycle maintained
- When used with Keysight M9300A frequency reference and Keysight interconnect cables

Characteristics describe product performance that is useful in the application of the product, but that is not covered by the product warranty. Characteristics are often referred to as Typical or Nominal values and are italicized.

- Typical describes characteristic performance, which 80% of instruments will meet when operated within the controlled temperature range.
- Nominal describes representative performance that is useful in the application of the product when operated within the controlled temperature range.

### Recommended best practices in use

- Use slot blockers and EMC filler panels in empty module slots to ensure proper operating temperatures. Keysight chassis and slot blockers optimize module temperature performance and reliability of test.
- Set chassis fan to high at environmental temperatures above  $45\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

### Conversion type operating range

Conversion types	Frequency range	
Auto	1 MHz to 3 or 6 GHz	
Image protect	1 MHz to 3 or 6 GHz	
Single high	400 MHz to 3 or 6 GHz	
Single low	1.1 GHz to 3 or 6 GHz	

### Additional information

- Mixer level offset modifies the receiver gain prior to the first mixer of the receiver. A negative setting improves distortion (i.e., TOI) at the cost of noise performance (i.e., DANL). A positive setting improves noise performance at the cost of distortion.
- Performance described in this document applies for module temperature within ± 3 degrees of comprehensive alignment, unless otherwise noted.
- When configured for multi-channel, phase-coherent operation (shared synthesizer configuration), instrument level warranted specifications only apply to the M9391A which was previously calibrated with the M9301A synthesizer, showing a valid calibration indicator. For all other M9391A channels, specifications revert to typical performance.
- All graphs contain measured data from one unit and is representative of product performance within the controlled temperature range unless otherwise noted.
- The specifications contained in this document are subject to change.

### Frequency

Frequency range and resolution			
Option F03	1 MHz to 3 GHz		
Option F06	1 MHz to 6 GHz		
Tuning resolution	0.001 Hz		
IF frequency		Nominal	
	15 MHz filter	326 MHz	
	40 MHz filter	240 MHz	
	160 MHz filter	300 MHz	
Analysis bandwidth <sup>1</sup>			
Maximum bandwidth	Option B04	40 MHz	
	Option B10	100 MHz	
	Option B16	160 MHz	

Frequency switching speed <sup>2,3</sup>				
List mode switching speed <sup>4</sup>	Sample rate	Acquisition bandwidth	Standard, nominal	Option UNZ, nominal
Baseband frequency offset change 5	≤ 100 MHz	≤ 80 MHz	5 ms	27 μs
	> 100 MHz to < 180 MHz	> 80 MHz to < 144 MHz	5 ms	102 μs
	≥ 180 MHz	≥ 144 MHz	5 ms	15 μs
Arbitrary frequency change			5 ms	320 μs
Non-list mode switching speed <sup>6</sup>			Standard, nominal	Option UNZ, nominal
Baseband frequency offset change <sup>5</sup>			5 ms	310 μs
Arbitrary frequency change			5 ms	2.3 ms

<sup>1.</sup> Instantaneous bandwidth (1 dB bandwidth) available around a center frequency over which the input signal can be digitized for further analysis or processing in the time, frequency or modulation domain.

<sup>2.</sup> When used with the M9018A PXIe chassis (2-link configuration: 1 x 8 [factory default]) and M9036A PXIe embedded controller.

<sup>3.</sup> Settled to within 1 kHz or 1 ppm, whichever is greater of final value. Does not include data acquisition or processing time. Amplitude settled to within 0.1 dB. Channel filter set to none. Applies for all conversion types.

<sup>4.</sup> Time from trigger input to frequency and amplitude settled. Minimum IQ sample rate ≥ 6 MHz. Minimum spectrum acquisition ≥ 4.8 MHz. Minimum power acquisition channel filter bandwidth ≥ 4.8 MHz. For lists with first point < 400 MHz or for frequency changes from > 400 MHz to < 400 MHz, add 40 ms.</p>

<sup>5.</sup> Baseband offset can be adjusted ± from carrier frequency within limits determined by RF analysis bandwidth and IF filter bandwidth. Synthesizer frequency and amplitude are not changing. Baseband offset settled to within 1 kHz.

<sup>6.</sup> Mean time from IVI command to carrier frequency settled to within 1 kHz or 1 ppm, whichever is greater. Amplitude settled within 0.1 dB. Simultaneous carrier frequency and amplitude switching. For frequency changes from > 400 MHz to < 400 MHz, add 40 ms.

## Frequency (continued)

Frequency reference (M9300A PXIe frequency reference	module)	
Reference outputs	,	
100 MHz Out (Out 1 through Out 5)		
Amplitude	≥ 10 dBm	13 dBm, typical
Connectors	5 SMB snap-on	
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal	
10 MHz Out		
Amplitude	9.5 dBm, nomina	al
Connectors	1 SMB snap-on	
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal	
OCXO Out		
Amplitude	11.5 dBm, nomin	al
Connectors	1 SMB snap-on	
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal	
Frequency accuracy		
Same as accuracy of internal time base or external	reference input	
Internal timebase		
Accuracy	± [(time since las ± calibration acc	st adjustment x aging rate) ± temperature effects euracy]
Frequency stability		
Aging rate		
Daily	< ±0.5 ppb/day,	after 72 hours of warm-up
Yearly	< ±0.1 ppm/year	, after 72 hours of warm-up
Total 10 years	< ±0.6 ppm/10y	rs, after 72 hours of warm-up
Achievable initial calibration accuracy (at time of shipment)	±5 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	
Temperature effects		
20 to 30 °C	< ±10 ppb	
Full temperature range	< ±50 ppb	
Warm up		
5 minutes over +20 to +30 °C, with respect to 1 hour	< ±0.1 ppm	
15 minutes over +20 to +30 °C, with respect to 1 hour	< ±0.01 ppm	
External reference input		
Frequency	1 to 110 MHz, sir	ne wave
Lock range	±1 ppm, nominal	1
Amplitude	0 to 10 dBm, nor	minal
Connector	1 SMB snap-on	
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal	

### **Amplitude**

Input level						
Max safe average tot	tal power	+3	0 dBm (1 W)			
Max DC voltage		25	Vdc			
Max RF input (specif	ied performance)	1 t	o 2 MHz	0 d	Bm	
		2 t	o 4 MHz	+4	dBm	
		4 t	o 100 MHz	+12	2 dBm	
		10	0 MHz to 6 GHz	+30	O dBm	
Expected input leve	l setting					
Range	3					
Pre-amp ON		-1	70 to 0 dBm			
Pre-amp OFF		-1	70 to +30 dBm			
Pre-amp AUTO 7		-1	70 to +30 dBm			
Resolution		0.1	l dB			
Absolute amplitude	accuracy & total	absolute amplitude	accuracy			
		Full temperature	<u>-</u>	Controlled temp	erature range	@ 46 °C module temp <sup>10</sup> , typical
Conversion type	Frequency	Total absolute amplitude accuracy <sup>8</sup>	Absolute amplitude accuracy <sup>9</sup>	Total absolute amplitude accuracy <sup>8</sup>	Absolute amplitude accuracy <sup>9</sup>	Total absolute amplitude accuracy <sup>8</sup>
40 MHz IF filter		Module tempera	ture within ± 3 °C	of alignment, pre-amp	ON & OFF	
Image protect	≤ 3 GHz	±1.78 dB	±1.72 dB	±1.27 dB	±1.21 dB	±0.46 dB
	> 3 GHz	±1.54 dB	±1.48 dB	±1.19 dB	±1.13 dB	±0.46 dB
Single	All	±1.47 dB	±1.41 dB	±1.22 dB	±1.17 dB	±0.45 dB
160 MHz IF filter		Module tempera	ture within ±3 °C o	of alignment, pre-amp	OFF 11	
Image protect	≤ 3 GHz	±1.46 dB	±1.34 dB	±0.96 dB	±0.85 dB	±0.33 dB
0 1	> 3 GHz	±1.54 dB	±1.48 dB	±1.16 dB	±1.09 dB	±0.45 dB
Single	All	±1.18 dB	±1.08 dB	±0.94 dB	±0.86 dB	±0.36 dB
160 MHz IF filter		Module tempera	ture within ±3 °C c	of alignment, pre-amp	ON <sup>12</sup>	
Image protect	≤ 3 GHz	±1.68 dB	±1.60 dB	±1.18 dB	±1.10 dB	±0.39 dB
	> 3 GHz	±1.55 dB	±1.49 dB	±1.21 dB	±1.15 dB	±0.45 dB
Single	≤ 3 GHz	±1.09 dB	±0.96 dB	±0.85 dB	±0.72 dB	±0.29 dB
	> 3 GHz	±1.36 dB	±1.28 dB	±1.04 dB	±0.96 dB	±0.39 dB

<sup>7.</sup> At expected input level ≤ -37 dBm, pre-amp is switched on.

<sup>8.</sup> Total absolute amplitude accuracy is the total of all amplitude measurement errors. This specification includes the sum of the following individual specifications: linearity, expected input level switching uncertainty, IF bandwidth filter switching uncertainty, absolute amplitude accuracy. The wide range of settings used (i.e., expected input level, etc.) are tested independently. The individual error contributions are calculated as follows: a 99.8 % proportion and 95% confidence are computed for each parameter on a statistically significant number of instruments. The root-sum-square (RSS) of these four independent Gaussian parameters is then taken. To that RSS value, two environmental effects and measurement uncertainty are added. One environmental effect is that of temperature (full and controlled temperature range, as defined above) and the other is the temperature variation of ±3 degrees around a field alignment. Applies over the following subset of settings and conditions: expected input level –50 dBm to +30 dBm; input signals within 60 dB below expected input level; 40 MHz and 160 MHz IF filters; input signal at center frequency over full frequency range.

<sup>9.</sup> The absolute amplitude accuracy is the amplitude measurement error when only changing frequency. The expected input level, conversion type and IF bandwidth settings remain the same and the error introduced by those parameters are not included. Pre-amp auto/OFF expected input level +10 dBm and -12 dBm. Pre-amp ON expected input level -30 dBm.

<sup>10.</sup> Typical specifications shown at M9350A downconverter reported module temperature of 46 °C and a corresponding environment temperature of 25 °C.

<sup>11.</sup> When using pre-amp auto mode, applies for signal level within expected input level >-37 dBm.

<sup>12.</sup> When using pre-amp auto mode, applies for signal level within expected input level ≤-37 dBm.

## Amplitude (continued)

Amplitude repeatability and linearity		
	Input signal relative to expected input level setting	Specification
Repeatability		<0.05 dB, nominal
Linearity <sup>13</sup>	>-35 dB	±0.12 dB
		±0.03 dB, nominal
	≤-35 dB	±0.21 dB
		±0.04 dB, nominal

IF flatness 14, 15			
Analysis bandwidth	IF filter	Nominal	
40 MHz	40 MHz	± 0.08 dB	
100 MHz	160 MHz	± 0.09 dB	
160 MHz	160 MHz	± 0.10 dB	

IF phase linearity 15			
Analysis bandwidth	Conversion type	Peak to peak, nominal	
40 MHz	All	1.0 °	
100 MHz	Single	0.8 °	
	Image protect	1.7 °	
160 MHz	Single	1.4 °	
	Image protect	1.8 °	

<sup>13.</sup> Input level 20 dB above the noise floor and dither on, no change in hardware settings, below expected input level.
14. Amplitude deviation from the mean error of the entire bandwidth, all conversion types.
15. Expected input level 0 dBm. Center frequency ≥ 250 MHz.

## Amplitude (continued)

IF bandwidth filter switching uncertainty <sup>16</sup>	Specification	Typical	Nominal
	±0.4 dB	±0.15 dB	±0.09 dB
Expected input level switching uncertainty	Specification	Typical	Nominal
Pre-amp Auto/OFF			
Max input to +5 dBm	±0.45 dB	±0.14 dB	±0.10 dB
Crossing +5 dBm	±0.63 dB	±0.24 dB	±0.17 dB
Pre-amp OFF			
+5 to -50 dBm	±0.41 dB	±0.16 dB	±0.11 dB
Pre-amp ON			
+0 to -50 dBm	±0.64 dB	±0.27 dB	±0.21 dB
Pre-amp AUTO			
Crossing –37 dBm	±0.95 dB	±0.19 dB	±0.12 dB
Amplitude switching speed			
Arbitrary amplitude change	Standard, nominal	Option	uNZ, nominal
List mode switching speed <sup>17</sup>	≤ 5 ms	≤ 136 μ	us
Non-list mode switching speed <sup>18</sup>	≤ 5 ms	≤ 1.5 n	าร

Input voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR)	Nominal
< 10 MHz	1.7:1
10 MHz to 2.5 GHz	1.4:1
> 2.5 GHz	1.7:1

<sup>16.</sup> Amplitude error relative to the reference IF bandwidth filter of 40 MHz.

<sup>17.</sup> Settled to within 0.1 dB of final value. Does not include data acquisition or processing time.

When used with the M9018A PXIe chassis (2-link configuration: 1 x 8 [factory default]) and the M9036A PXIe embedded controller.

<sup>18.</sup> Mean time from IVI command to amplitude settled.

## Dynamic range

Conversion type	Frequency	Specification	Nominal
Pre-amp OFF			
Image protect	< 100 MHz		–145 dBm/Hz
	100 to < 700 MHz	–137 dBm/Hz	–147 dBm/Hz
	700 MHz to < 5.75 GHz	–140 dBm/Hz	–148 dBm/Hz
	5.75 to 6 GHz	-129 dBm/Hz	–146 dBm/Hz
Single	<1.2 GHz	–148 dBm/Hz	–154 dBm/Hz
	1.2 to 3.1 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	–152 dBm/Hz
	> 3.1 to < 5.4 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz
	5.4 to 6 GHz	–133 dBm/Hz	–148 dBm/Hz
Pre-amp ON			
Image protect	< 100 MHz		-162 dBm/Hz
	100 MHz to < 2.7 GHz	-156 dBm/Hz	–161 dBm/Hz
	2.7 to 4.4 GHz	-155 dBm/Hz	–160 dBm/Hz
	> 4.4 to < 5.6 GHz	-152 dBm/Hz	–157 dBm/Hz
	5.6 to 6 GHz	-141 dBm/Hz	−154 dBm/Hz
Single	<1.1 GHz	–157 dBm/Hz	–161 dBm/Hz
	1.1 to < 3.6 GHz	–154 dBm/Hz	–158 dBm/Hz
	3.6 to 5 GHz	-151 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz
	> 5 to 6 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	–153 dBm/Hz

Third order intermodulation distortion (TOI) 20		TOI <sup>23</sup>	TOI <sup>23</sup>	
Conversion type: auto	Frequency	Specification	Typical	Specification
Pre-amp OFF <sup>21</sup>	≤ 400 MHz	+15 dBm	+20.5 dBm	-52 dBc
	> 400 MHz to 3 GHz	+18 dBm	+23 dBm	-52 dBc
	> 3 GHz	+20 dBm	+23.5 dBm	-52 dBc
Pre-amp ON 22	≤ 100 MHz	-9.9 dBm	−2.5 dBm	-56 dBc
	> 100 to 850 MHz	-7.9 dBm	+2 dBm	-58 dBc
	> 850 MHz to 2 GHz	-4.3 dBm	+5 dBm	-47 dBc
	> 2 to 3 GHz	-0.9 dBm	+7 dBm	-41 dBc
	> 3 to 6 GHz	+1 dBm	+5 dBm	-32 dBc

<sup>19.</sup> Expected input level of -50 dBm. Mixer level offset +10 dB.

<sup>20.</sup> Two tone, 100 kHz tone spacing.

<sup>21.</sup> Expected input level -5 dBm. Mixer level offset +10 dB.
22. Expected input level -25 dBm. Mixer level offset +15 dB.

<sup>23.</sup> TOI = third order intercept. The TOI is given by the input tone level (in dBm) minus (distortion/2) where distortion is the relative level of the distortion tones in dBc. 24. Expected input level -10 dBm with preamp off and -30 dBm with preamp on.

### Dynamic range (continued)

Second harmonic distortion (SHI)				
Conversion type: image protect	Frequency	SHI, nominal <sup>26</sup>	Distortion, nominal <sup>27</sup>	
Pre-amp OFF <sup>25</sup>	≤ 1.35 GHz	+35 dBm	– 45 dBc	
	> 1.35 GHz	+95 dBm	–105 dBc	

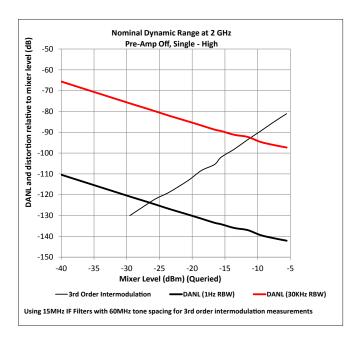


Figure 1. Dynamic range at 2 GHz, pre-amp OFF, single-high conversion type.

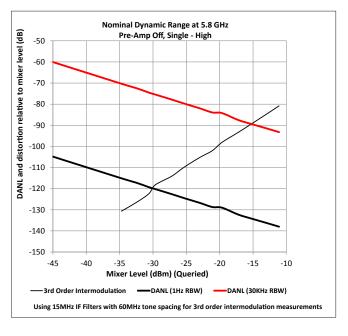


Figure 2. Dynamic range at 5.8 GHz, pre-amp OFF, single-high conversion type.

<sup>25.</sup> Expected input level -10 dBm. Mixer level offset +10 dB.

<sup>26.</sup> SHI = second harmonic intercept. The SHI is given by the input power in dBm minus the second harmonic distortion level relative to the input signal in dBc.

<sup>27.</sup> For 0 dBm input signal.

## Dynamic range (continued)

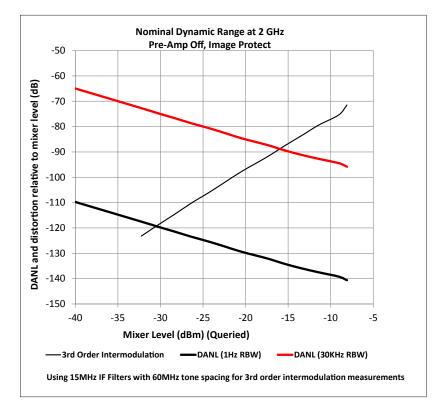


Figure 3. Dynamic range at 2 GHz, pre-amp OFF, image protect conversion type.

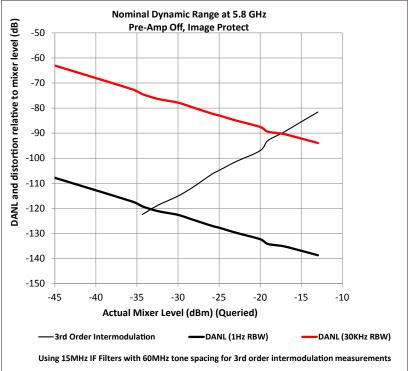


Figure 4. Dynamic range at 5.8 GHz, pre-amp OFF, image protect conversion type.

## Spectral purity

Phase noise <sup>28</sup>			
Conversion type	Center frequency	Offset	Nominal
Single low	1.1 GHz	10 kHz	–120 dBc/Hz
Single high	1 GHz	10 kHz	-119 dBc/Hz

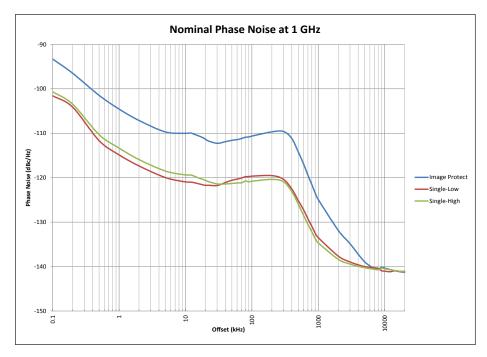


Figure 5. Phase noise at 1 GHz (1.1 GHz for single-low conversion type).

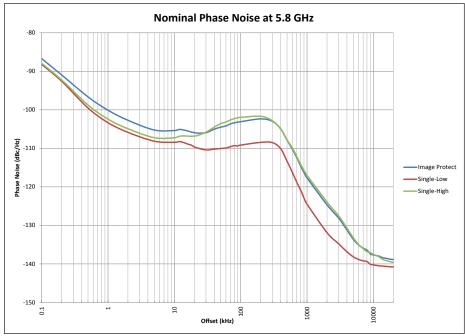


Figure 6. Phase noise at 5.8 GHz.

## Spectral purity (continued)

Residuals, images & spurious responses Non-input related spurs <sup>29</sup> Expected input level Pre-amp ON	Conversion type	Frequency	Nominal
≤ 0 dBm (measured at -50 dBm)	Single	All	< –120 dBm
	Image protect	All <sup>30</sup>	< –120 dBm
Pre-amp OFF			
< +5 dBm (measured at -50 dBm)	Single	≤ 3 GHz	< –120 dBm
		> 3 GHz	< –116 dBm
	Image protect	All <sup>31</sup>	< –105 dBm
≥ +5 dBm (measured at +6 dBm)	Single	All	< –98 dBm
	Image protect	All <sup>32</sup>	< –90 dBm
LO related spurs <sup>33</sup>	Offsets from carrier	Frequency	Nominal
	200 to 10 kHz	All	– 82 dBc
	10 kHz to 10 MHz	All	– 55 dBc
First order RF spurious responses 34	Offsets from carrier	Frequency	Nominal
	≥ 10 MHz	≥ 200 MHz to 6 GHz	-60 dBc
Higher order RF spurious responses 34	Offsets from carrier	Frequency	Nominal
	≥ 10 MHz	≥ 200 MHz to 6 GHz	–60 dBc
Image responses 35	Conversion type	Frequency	Nominal
	Image protect	All	< -68 dBc
IF rejection <sup>36</sup>	IF bandwidth filter	Frequency	Nominal
	15 MHz	≤ 400 MHz	< -57 dBc
		> 400 MHz	< -105 dBc
	40 MHz	≤ 450 MHz	< -57 dBc
		> 450 MHz	< –98 dBc
	160 MHz	All	< -85 dBc
LO emission <sup>37</sup>	Conversion type	Frequency	Nominal
	Single	≤ 3 GHz	–72 dBm
		> 3 GHz	−62 dBm
	Image protect	All	–88 dBm

<sup>29.</sup> Mixer level offset at 10 dB, input terminated, with  $50\Omega$  load.

<sup>30.</sup> From 4.72 to 4.88 GHz, specification at  $<\!\!$  -108 dBm, nominal.

<sup>31.</sup> From 4.72 to 4.88 GHz, specification at <-96 dBm, nominal.

<sup>32.</sup> From 4.72 to 4.88 GHz, specification at <-80 dBm, nominal.

<sup>33.</sup> Expected input level 0 dBm. Mixer offset level -10 dB.

<sup>34.</sup> Conversion type: image protect, pre-amp OFF, expected input level -20 dBm and mixer level offset 0 dB.

<sup>35.</sup> Excitation frequency: [F=2\*Final IF] MHz, expected input level -20 dBm, mixer level offset -30 dB.

<sup>36.</sup> Suppression of signal at IF frequencies when tuned at least 2 x IF BW away. All input paths, image protect, expected input level -30 dBm. Input signal at -30 dBm and mixer level offset 0 dB.

<sup>37.</sup> Expected input level -50 dBm. Mixer level offset +10 dB.

### Data acquisition

Maximum capture memory	Non-list mode	List mode
Option M01	128 MSample (512 MB)	128 MSample (512 MB)
Option M05	512 MSample (2 GB)	512 MSample (2 GB)
Option M10	1 GSample (4 GB) 38	512 MSample (2 GB) to $\sim$ 1 GSample (3.999 GB) $^{\rm 39}$
Segments		
Minimum length	1 sample <sup>40</sup>	
Maximum length	Full capture memory 38	
Maximum sample rate		
Option B04 / 40 MHz	50 MS/s complex, 100 MS/s real	
Option B10 / 100 MHz	125 MS/s complex, 250 MS/s real	
Option B16 / 160 MHz	200 MS/s complex, 400 MS/s real	
List mode		
Maximum number of segments	3201	
Trigger sources	External, magnitude	
Trigger modes	Per acquisition, interval timer trigger	
Triggering		
Delay range <sup>41</sup>	-500 ms to +500 ms, nominal	
Delay resolution	1 sample, nominal	
External trigger signal frequency range	10 to 30 MHz for pulse	
External trigger signal level	TTL	
External trigger signal duty cycle range	20% to 80%	
External trigger signal waveform	Sine, pulse/square, ramp (symmetry 0% to	100%)
Channel-to-channel synchronization 42		
	Timing	Phase
Skew	≤ 400 ps, nominal	-
Jitter <sup>43</sup>	≤ 50 ps, nominal	≤0.3°, nominal
Repeatability 44	≤ 80 ps, nominal	-
Adjustment resolution <sup>45</sup>	50 ps	0.05 °
Drift per 5 °C	10 ps, nominal	0.5°, nominal
Drift over 12 hours	20 ps, nominal	0.5°, nominal

- 38. The default mode for allocation of capture memory is AgM9391MemoryModeNormal, where the digitizer's memory is shared by both the default single acquisition (capture ID = 0) and all the other acquisitions with non-zero capture IDs. In particular, the memory for the default single acquisition is allocated from the area unused by the list acquisitions. If the available memory is not sufficient for the single acquisition, the user must release memory allocated for the non-zero capture ID acquisitions manually, thus increasing free space. Total memory usage is limited according to the memory option. Note that the maximum size of acquisition is 2 GB in this mode. To perform the default single acquisition with memory size larger than 2 GB, AgM9391MemoryModeLargeAcquisition must be selected. The non-zero capture ID acquisitions cannot be performed in this mode. All data acquired with AGM9391MemoryMode Normal will be invalidated.
- 39. The maximum size for a single list point capture is limited to 512 MSamples (2 GB). However, with option M10, total capture of up to 3.999 GB is available across all list mode captures.
- 40.64-bit mode, 2 samples for 32-bit mode.
- 41. Negative trigger delay limited to capture size.
- 42. Multi-channel capability only supported with up to 4-channels when configured with a Keysight M9018A PXIe chassis with FPGA version 1.05 or greater. Characteristics measured at 400, 900, 2400, 5800 MHz and apply in auto conversion mode at frequencies ≥ 400 MHz with IF filter = 160 MHz.
- 43. Jitter indicates measurement-to-measurement variation and applies over short time interval at room temperature without resetting or reinitializing a driver session.
- 44. Repeatability indicates stability of alignment between channels across power cycles and IVI sessions, with identical cabling and hardware settings (frequency, span, sample rate, etc.)
- 45. Channel time and phase offsets can be adjusted using OffsetDelay and OffsetPhase properties respectively.

### Measurement speed<sup>46</sup>

IQ data capture <sup>47</sup>	Nominal	
Large block (50 MSamples)	1.5 s	Transferred in 100 kSa or 1 MSa blocks
Small block (100 captures, 100 ksamples each)	292 ms	Transferred in 10 kSa blocks
Adjust level, freq (10 ksamples)	1.7 ms	Transferred in 10 kSa blocks

Power measurements <sup>48</sup>					
Channel power settings & filter bandwidth	Acquisition Time	Averages	Nominal		
3.84 MHz	400 μs	None	1.8 ms		
		10	7.6 ms		
	100 μs	None	1.3 ms		
		10	4.1 ms		
	50 μs	None	1.3 ms		
		10	3.4 ms		
30 kHz	100 μs	None	3.9 ms		
		10	30.4 ms		

### Format specific measurement data

GSM <sup>49,50</sup>				
	Parameters	Nominal		
Global phase error	0.9, 1.8, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2 GHz	0.17 °		
ORFS dynamic range	200 kHz offset	-36 dBc		
	250 kHz offset	-41 dBc		
	400 kHz offset	-69 dBc		
	600 kHz offset	-73 dBc		
	800 kHz offset	–77 dBc		
	1200 kHz offset	-80 dBc		
	1800 kHz offset	-78 dBc		

EDGE 49,50				
	Parameters	Nominal		
Residual EVM	0.9, 1.8, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2 GHz	0.23% rms		
ORFS dynamic range	200 kHz offset	−37 dBc		
	250 kHz offset	-42 dBc		
	400 kHz offset	–69 dBc		
	600 kHz offset	–73 dBc		
	800 kHz offset	–77 dBc		
	1200 kHz offset	–80 dBc		
	1800 kHz offset	–77 dBc		

<sup>46.</sup> EVM, ACPR and servo loop test times for the RF power amplifier test, reference solution are included in the solution brochure 5991-4104EN.

<sup>47.</sup> Capture block, transfer to host memory, 160 MHz BW, excludes frequency transitions below 400 MHz, with M9037A embedded controller (2-link configuration: 1 x 8 [factory default]).

<sup>48.</sup> Transfer to host memory, 160 MHz IF bandwidth filter, excludes frequency transitions below 400 MHz, with M9037A embedded controller (2-link configuration: 1 x 8 [factory default]).

<sup>49.</sup> Synthesizer PLL mode set to PLL mode best wide offset.

<sup>50.</sup> Expected input level 0 dBm, input signal (total power) 0 dBm, mixer level offset +10 dB, conversion type: Auto, PeakToAverage set per signal peak to average.

## Format Specific measurement (continued)

W-CDMA 51,52	Parameters		Typical	Nominal	
Residual EVM	2 GHz, 1 DPCH, 1 carrier			0.5%	
ACLR dynamic range	2 GHz, 1 DPCH, 1 carrier	Adjacent	-68.1 dBc	−69.8 dB	'C
	(power mode)	Alternate	–70.7 dBc	–71.7 dBi	C
802.11g <sup>51, 52, 56</sup>	Parameters			Nominal	
EVM	2.4 GHz, 20 MHz BW			−52.8 dB	
802.11a <sup>51, 52, 56</sup>	Parameters			Nominal	
EVM	5.8 GHz, 20 MHz BW			-48.1 dB	
802.11n <sup>51, 52, 56</sup>	Parameters			Nominal	
		1-channel	2-channel 54	3-channel 54	4-channel 54
EVM	2.4 GHz, 40 MHz BW	-52.0 dB	-51.6 dB	−50.6 dB	-50.9 dB
	5.8 GHz, 40 MHz BW	-48.6 dB	-46.6 dB	-45.3 dB	-46.0 dB
802.11ac <sup>51, 52</sup>	Parameters			Nominal	
		1-channel	2-channel 54	3-channel <sup>54</sup>	4-channel <sup>54</sup>
				Preamble only	
EVM 55	5.8 GHz, 80 MHz BW	-46.5 dB	-44.3 dB	-43.0 dB	-43.6 dB
	5.8 GHz, 160 MHz BW	-44.7 dB	-43.4 dB	-41.7 dB	-43.3 dB
				Preamble, pilots 8	data data
EVM 55	5.8 GHz, 80 MHz BW	-49.4 dB	-48.6 dB	-47.3 dB	-46.4 dB
	5.8 GHz, 160 MHz BW	-47.5 dB	−47.5 dB	-44.7 dB	-45.1 dB
SEM	5.8 GHz, 80 MHz BW	see Figure 10			
802.11a/g <sup>54, 52</sup>	Parameters				
SEM	2.4 GHz	see Figure 11			
	5.5 GHz	see Figure 12			
	0.0 0112				
802.11e <sup>54, 52, 57</sup>	Parameters				

<sup>51.</sup> Synthesizer PLL mode set to PLL mode best wide offset.

<sup>52.</sup> Expected input level 0 dBm, input signal (total power) 0 dBm, conversion type: Auto. PeakToAverage set per signal peak to average.

<sup>53.</sup> Synthesizer PLL mode set to PLL mode normal.

<sup>54. 2-</sup>channel, 3-channel and 4-channel configurations require M9391A instrument driver version 1.1 or greater, with each channel configured with its own independent synthesizer. Sharing a single synthesizer will degrade EVM performance approximately 1 dB.

<sup>55.</sup> Mixer level offset = +5 dB

<sup>56.</sup> Mixer level offset = +10 dB

<sup>57.</sup> Mixer level offset = +15 dB

## Format specific measurement (continued)

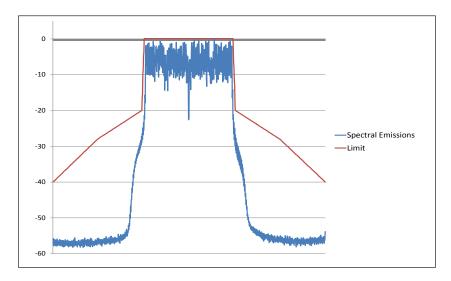


Figure 7. WLAN 802.11ac SEM at 5.8 GHz, 80 MHz bandwidth.

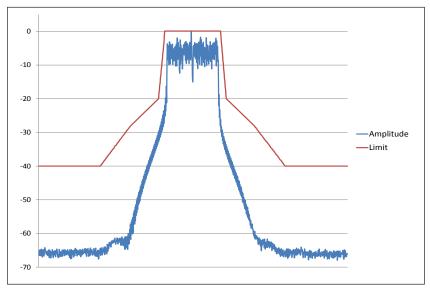


Figure 8. WLAN 802.11a/g SEM at 2.4 GHz, 20 MHz bandwidth.

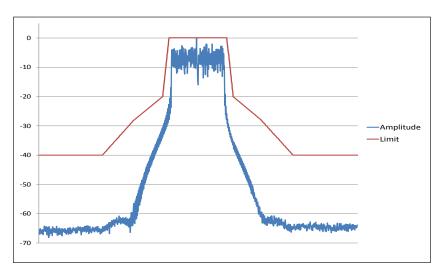


Figure 9. WLAN 802.11a/g SEM at 5.5 GHz, 20 MHz bandwidth.

## Format specific measurement (continued)

LTE FDD - single channel 58,59	Parameters		1-channel, nominal
10 MHz BW EVM,	0.7, 0.9 GHz		-52.2 dB (0.25%)
E-TM 3.1 61,62	1.8, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2 GHz		-51.0 dB (0.28%)
10 MHz BW ACLR,	0.7, 0.9, 1.8, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2 GHz	Adjacent	-64.2 dBc
E-TM 1.1 <sup>63</sup>	(power mode)	Alternate	-65.5 dBc
LTE FDD - MIMO 58, 59, 60	Parameters	2-channel, nominal	4-channel, nominal
10 MHz BW EVM, R9 downlink,	0.9 GHz	-49.8 dB (0.32%)	-50.1 dB (0.31%)
64 QAM, open loop spacial multiplexing	2.0 GHz	-49.2 dB (0.35%)	-49.3 dB (0.34%)
LTE TDD - MIMO 58, 59, 60	Parameters	2-channel, nominal	4-channel, nominal
10 MHz BW EVM, R9 downlink,	0.9 GHz	-50.7 dB (0.29%)	-50.3 dB (0.31%)
64 QAM, open loop spacial multiplexing	2.0 GHz	-49.0 dB (0.36%)	-49.0 dB (0.36%)

<sup>58.</sup> Expected input level 0 dBm, input signal (total power) 0 dBm, conversion type: Auto. PeakToAverage set per signal peak to average.

<sup>59.</sup> Synthesizer PLL mode set to PLL mode normal.

<sup>60.</sup> MIMO configurations require M9391A instrument driver version 1.1 or greater, with each channel configured with its own independent synthesizer. Sharing a single synthesizer will degrade EVM performance approximately 1 dB.

<sup>61.</sup> PDCCH power boost = 1.065 dB

<sup>62.</sup> Mixer level offset = +10 dB

<sup>63.</sup> Mixer level offset = +15 dB

Operating		Individual modulo tom	p 25 to 75 °C as reported by the module	
nperature		and environment temp of 0 to 55 °C		
		and on mornion comp		
Non-operating	g (storage)	Environment temp of –	40 to +70 °C	
			40 °C	
		31	, 0	
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Bench nandlin	9			
DE In			7.2 (1)(e)(e)(5) **	
IXE III			on EMC Directive 2004 /100 /FC	
			an emo directive 2004/108/EC	
			1 class A	
		· ·		
		This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001.		
		Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada		
		45 minutes		
M9300A		1 PXIe slot		
			Height	
			130 mm	
			130 mm	
		·	130 mm	
M9214A	210 mm	22 mm	130 mm	
		- C		
M935UA		≤ 30 W		
	Operating random Survival random Functional should be sh	Non-operating (storage)  Operating random vibration Survival random vibration Functional shock Bench handling  RF In  M9300A M9301A M9350A M9214A  Module Length M9300A 210 mm M9301A 210 mm M9350A M931A M9350A M931A M9300A M9301A M9300A M9301A	Non-operating (storage)	

<sup>64.</sup> Samples of this product have been type tested in accordance with the Keysight Environmental Test Manual and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of storage, transportation and end-use--those stresses include but are not limited to temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude and power-line conditions. Test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2 and levels are similar to MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3.

65. At 15,000 feet, the maximum environmental temperature is de-rated to 52 °C.

System requirements		
Topic	Windows 7 requirements	
Operating systems	Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit)	
Processor speed	1 GHz 32-bit (x86), 1 GHz 64-bit (x64) (no support for Itanium 64)	
Available memory	4 GB minimum 8 GB or greater recommended	
Available disk space <sup>66</sup>	1.5 GB available hard disk space, includes: 1 GB available for Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 <sup>67</sup> 100 MB for Keysight IO Libraries Suite	
Video	Support for DirectX 9 graphics with 128 MB graphics memory recommended (Super VGA graphics is supported)	
Browser	Microsoft Internet Explorer 7 or greater	
M9391A vector signal analyze	r instrument drivers	
Keysight IO libraries	Version 16.3 or greater	
M9391A instrument driver	Version 1.1 or greater	

<sup>66.</sup> Because of the installation procedure, less disk space may be required for operation than is required for installation.

<sup>67.</sup> NET Framework Runtime Components are installed by default with Windows Vista and Windows 7. Therefore, you may not need this amount of available disk space.

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